

THE "EXPRESS."

NEXT week we purpose inaugurating several needed changes in the dress and make up of the newspaper, which, together with personal supervision of the selection of the week's news and a fearless dealing with the political questions of the day will make the "Express" a necessity in every family.

AGENTS

Will probably canvass the county during the next two months.

Business Cards.

Aex. C. Davis,
ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Napanee (Ontario)

James Aylsworth,
ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Tamworth.

S. D. Clark,
ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Odessa, Ontario.

J. J. Watson,
ISSUER of Marriage Licenses and Certificates, Adolphustown.

Peter E. R. Miller,
ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Switzerville Ont.

Robert Graham,
ISSUER of Marriage Licenses. Office in the Dominion Store, Enterprise.

Charles Lane,
ISSUER of Marriage Licenses and Certificates. Office—Front of Grammar School, Bridge Street, Napanee.

J. B. Randall,
ISSUER of Marriage Licenses and Certificates. Also Agent for the Beaver and Toronto Fire Insurance Company and the Mutual Life Association of Canada. Residence—Shannonville, Ont.

Murphy & Bedford,
BARRISTERS, &c., MILL POINT.
Money to lend on improved Real Estate.

B. Stone,
BARRISTER, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, etc. OFFICE—Grange Block, Dundas St.

Deroche & Madden,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.
H. M. DEROCHE. J. H. MADDEN.

Cartwright & Gibson,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery and Insolvency, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—Grange Block John Street, Napanee.
J. B. CARTWRIGHT. S. GIBSON.

R. Tracy, M. D.,
BELLEVILLE,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office and Residence, two doors east from the Bank of Montreal, near the Congregational Church, Hotel St. 39

Reeve & Morden,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, etc. OFFICE—Perry's New Block Dundas Street. Napanee, Ontario.

Napanee

W. C. SCOTT, Editor.)

VOL. 16.

"THE GREATEST G"

NAPANEE ONT

NAPANEE TICKET AGENCY.

Grand Trunk Railway Tickets for sale at
Grange & Bro's Drug Store.

For all stations east and west. American money taken at par, from Napanee to Milwaukee, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, San Francisco &c., to all Lake Ports. Passengers purchasing tickets from the undersigned avoid the double and delay of exchanging tickets, and re-checking baggage to Toronto. Cheapest route to the west. Return tickets to Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Montreal, Portland etc. For further particulars apply at GRANGE & BRO'S Exchange Office, Passenger agent G. T. R. Uncurrent money bought and sold.

THE PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

HEAD OFFICE—PICTON, ONT.
(Established 30th Sept., 1854).

PRESIDENT—STEPHEN B. HUBBS,
VICE-PRESIDENT—JOHN PRINYER,
MANAGER AND INSPECTOR—L. B. STINSON.

SECRETARY—JOHN TWIGG.
TREASURER—PHILIP LOW, Q. C.
SOLICITOR—W. H. R. ALLISON

DIRECTORS—STEPHEN B. HUBBS,
J. N. PRINYER, JOHN VANALSTINE,
LEWIS B. STINSON, W. BOULTER, ADAM E. SAYLOR, and JAMES CALNAN, Esqs.

HONORARY DIRECTORS.—G. Striker, Esq., M. P. P., Picton; R. Clapp, Esq., Milford; K. Graham, Esq., Belleville; P. Allan, C. A. Lloyd, J. P. Dorland, Esqs., Adolphustown; J. C. Hoffman, Esq., J. T. Grange, Esq., M. P. P., Napanee; J. E. Proctor, Esq., Brighton; G. W. Webb, Esq., Colborne; G. Jones, Esq., Trenton; J. Redner, Esq., Reimersville; Owen Roblin, Esq., Wm. Delong, Esq., Ameliasburg; H. A. McFaul, Esq., Hillier; Wm. Delong, Esq., Ameliasburg; Jas. Johnson, Esq., Athol.

This Company is established upon strictly Mutual principles, insuring farm property Townships, and property not more hazardous in Towns and Villages and offers great advantages to insure at low rates for Three or Four Years either, on the Premium Note or Cash System.
March 9th, 1875. 521-y.

LIVERY at MILL POINT.

MR. JOHN FINLAYSON is prepared to furnish the best of rigs, either single or double.

At the Old Commercial Hotel
MAIN STREET.
Mill Point, Jan. 30th, 1877. 45

Farm and Town Property FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of farms in the Counties of Northumberland and Hastings, also some very valuable city property in Belleville, and both village and farming property, in and near the village of Brighton.

Apply to



BRISCO HOUSE,
NAPANEE, ONT.

POTTER BROS., PROPRIETORS.
First-Class Sample Rooms for Commercial Travellers.
Omnibus to and from all Trains and Boats.

LIVERY ATTACHED.

PAISLEY HOUSE.
(John St. opposite the Market.)
NAPANEE, ONT.

A First Class Hotel centrally located, with excellent yard and stabling accommodation.
CHAS. PAISLEY,
PROPRIETOR.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,
BELLEVILLE.

Every Accommodation for Commercial Travellers.

35. A. P. FARRELL,
PROPRIETOR.

MCDONAD HOUSE,
(Late Clark House)
BRIGHTON, ONT.

Stages leave this House daily, for Picton and Campbellford.

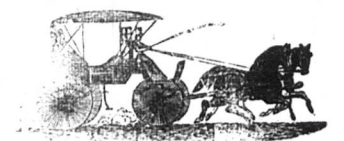
Bus to and from the cars. 39-y.



Land for Sale
30,000 ACRES.

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of splendid improved Farms, and Wild Timber Lands, to the extent of 30,000 acres; also of City, Town and Village property, in all parts of the Province of Ontario, at very low prices and easy terms.
Office, corner of Dundas and West Streets
Napanee.
JAMES F. BARTLES.

Napanee, Sept. 12th 1876.



POTTER BROS.,

Poetry.

A Few Short Years.

A few short years—and then
What changes Time hath wrought!
So strange they seem, we scarce can deem
The world, our life, ourselves are aught.
But one long fitful dream.
The clouds that fly
Across the sky,
Waves tossed upon the sea,
Shadows that pass
Before a glass,
Our fitting emblem be.

A few short years—and then
Where are the hopes that shone
When youth with flowers enwreathed the
And earth had but one music tone
Of joy for us and ours?

The rainbow's hues,
The morning's dews,
The blossoms of a day,
The trembling sheen
On waters seen
More stable are than they.

A few short years—and then
Where is the adamant chain
That passion wrought, and madly thought
Nor time nor change could ever strain,
Till life's last strife was fought?

A rope of sand,
A gossamer band;
The filmy threads at e'en
The spider weaves
Amongst the leaves
A firmer bond have been.

A few short years—and then
Where is Ambition's pile,
That rose so high against the sky,
O'ershadowing all around the while,
With its proud boast might vie?

A shadow's shade,
A card-house made
By children for their play;
The air-blown bells
That folly swells,
May vault a surer stay.

A few short years—and then
Where is the mighty grief
That rung the heart with torture's art,
And made it feel that its relief
Time's hand could ne'er impart?

A storm that's burst,
And done it worst.
Then left the heaven more clear
A light-mare dead,
With morning fled,
These sorrows now appear,

A few short years—and then
What of our life remains,
The smiles and tears of other years,
Of passion's joy, of sorrow's pains,
Ambition's hopes and fears?

A faded dream
To-day they seem,
Which memory scarce can trace
But seals they've set
Shall time nor yet
Eternity efface!

Literature.

A QUEER CLUE.

A Story by an Ex-Detective.

CHAPTER II.

The artist's name was Wyndham; a determined that I would very soon, a natural beginning, make some inquiry about this Mr. Wyndham; and, indeed I began before I left the exhibition. engaged the hall-keeper to have a gl with me at the nearest tavern, and wh I got fully in conversation with hi asked carelessly where Mr. Wyndh lived, as I thought I had known h many years ago, giving a description

J. B. KAHN, JR.

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses and Certificates. Also Agent for the Beaver and Toronto Fire Insurance Company and the Mutual Life Association of Canada. Residence—Shannonville, Ont.

Murphy & Bedford,

BARRISTERS, &c., MILL POINT.
Money to lend on improved Real Estate.

B. Stone,

BARRISTER, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, etc. OFFICE—Grange Block, Dundas St.

Deroche & Madden,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—In Grange Block, Napanee. Money to loan on easy terms.

H. M. DEROCHE.

J. H. MADDEN.

Cartwright & Gibson,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery and Insolvency, Notaries Public, etc. OFFICE—Grange Block John Street, Napanee.

J. S. CARTWRIGHT.

S. GIBSON.

R. Tracy, M. D.,

BELLEVEILLE,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office and Residence, two doors east from the Bank of Montreal, near the Congregational Church, Hotel St.

39

Reeve & Morden,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, etc. OFFICE—Perry's New Block Dundas Street, Napanee, Ontario.

W. A. REEVE, M. A.,

L. MORDEN.

Co. Crown Attorney.

A. Deroche,

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE, under New Act of 1875. Office in H. M. Deroche's Law Office.

Williams & Hooper,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery and Insolvency, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc., Napanee, Ontario.

W. S. WILLIAMS,

E. HOOPER, M. A.

Official Assignee

W. F. Hall,

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE, under Insolvent Act of 1875. Fire Insurance Agent, &c. Office of Napanee Paper Mills, East Street.

James F. Bartles,

LAND AGENT, Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Agent OFFICE—corner of Dundas and West Streets, Napanee.

F. Bartlett,

ARCHITECT and BUILDER, West Street, Napanee. Plans, Specification and Detail Drawings furnished. Builder's work measured and value computed.

Yair's Machine Shop,

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Remember the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Streets.

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.

ESTABLISHED - 1810.

CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.

AMOUNT DEPOSITED IN CANADA in accordance with the Act 130,000.

Insures property against fire as low as any other reliable company. All losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid in Canada funds or Gold. Isolated dwellings insured at exceedingly low rates.

H. L. GEDDES, Agent

for Napanee and vicinity.

Harris & Empey,
(Successors to J. C. Bagart.)
Livery & Sale Stables,

M. P. P., Pictou; R. Clapp, Esq., Millford; C. A. Graham, Esq., Belleville; P. Allan, C. A. Lloyd, J. P. Dorland, Esqs., Adolphustown; J. C. Hoffman, Esq., J. T. Proctor, Esq., M. P. P., Napanee; J. E. Colborne, G. Jones, Esq., Trenton; J. Redner, Esq., Rednersville; Owen Roblin, Esq., Wm. Delong, Esq., Ameliasburg; H. A. McPaul, Esq., Hillier; Wm. Delong, Esq., Ameliasburg; Jas. Johnson, Esq., Athol.

This Company is established upon strictly Mutual principles, insuring farm property Townships, and property not more hazardous in Towns and Villages and offers great advantages to insure at low rates for Three or Four Years either on the Premium Note or Cash System.

March 9th, 1875.

521-y.

LIVERY at MILL POINT.

MR. JOHN FINLAYSON is prepared to furnish the best of rigs, either single or double.

At the Old Commercial Hotel
MAIN STREET.

Mill Point, Jan. 30th, 1877. 45

Farm and Town Property
FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of farms in the Counties of Northumberland and Hastings, also some very valuable city property in Belleville, and both village and farming property, in and near the village of Brighton.

Apply to

J. B. BENSON,

Napanee.

March 12th, 1877.

47-ff.

Benoni Briggs

WISHES to return his sincere thanks to his numerous friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage they have extended to him during the past twenty-five years, and begs to announce that he has

AGAIN COMMENCED BUSINESS

in the Boot and Shoe line, in the shop opposite the Campbell House, Napanee, at the sign of the "Big Boot." Having engaged Mr. Geo. Mitchell, formerly in the employ of Messrs. McRossie & Downey, he intends to manufacture all kinds of custom work of the very best material and workmanship, and solicits a continuance of public patronage.

Repairing done on short notice, and on liberal terms. 8-ff. BENONI BRIGGS.

MARBLE ! MARBLE

Monuments, Headstones, etc.,

Carved in newest style in American and Foreign Marble and carefully put up in any part of the country at reasonable rates.

ALL KINDS OF CEMETERY WORK DONE

WITH CARE AND PROMPTNESS.

Call before you engage elsewhere. Dundas st., nearly opposite Beaman's corner.

10-6m.

V. KOUBER.

Important to Butter Workers.

ONE GOOD ACTIVE AGENT WANTED in every Township to introduce the Victor Butter Worker. Sample Machine Free to Agents. Price, \$2.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00 each. One Million to be sold in the Dominion. Apply early with stamp for agents circular to the

VICTOR WRINGER CO., Brockville, Ont.

KNOW

THYSELF

By reading and practicing the inestimable truths contained in the best medical book ever issued, entitled SELF-PRESERVATION. Price only \$1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. It treats of Exhausted Vitality, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, and the endless concomitant ills and untold miseries that result therefrom, and contains more than 50 original prescriptions, any one of which is worth the price of the book. This book was written by the most extensive and probably the most skillful practitioner in America, to whom was awarded a gold and jeweled medal by the National Medical Association. A Pamphlet, illustrated with the very finest Steel Engravings—a marvel of art and beauty—sent FREE to all. Send for it at once. Address PEARODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass.

HEAL

THYSELF

17-13

CHAS. PAISLEY,

PROPRIETOR.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,
BELLEVILLE.

Every Accomodation for Commercial Travellers.

A. P. FARRELL,
PROPRIETOR.

McDONAD HOUSE,
(Late Clark House)
BRIGHTON, ONT.

Stages leave this House daily, for Pictou and Campbellford.

Busse to and from the cars.

39-y.

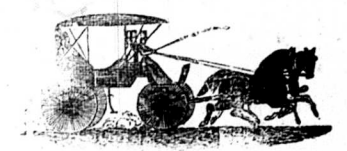
Land for Sale
30,000 ACRES.

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of the splendid improved Farms, and Wild Timber Lands, to the extent of 30,000 acres; also of City, Town and Village property, in all parts of the Province of Ontario, at very low prices and easy terms.

Office, corner of Dundas and West Streets Napanee.

JAMES F. BARTLES.

Napanee, Sept. 12th 1876.



POTTER BROS.,
LIVERY AND SALE STABLES

(ADJOINING THE ERISSO HOUSE,)

NAPANEE, ONT.

We keep nothing but First-Class Horses and Vehicles, and at REASONABLE PRICES

J. NO. A. REID



VET. SURGEON
NAPANEE ONT.

GRADUATE OF

Ontario Veterinary College.

May be consulted on all diseases of Domesticated Animals, personally at Campbell House or by letter.

TERMS MODERATE

OFFICE—Bridge Street.



1877 SEASON 1877.

PICTON & NAPANEE ROUTE.

The Steamer Shannon,

CAPT. EARLY W. JOHNSON,

will run during the season, to Napanee DAILY (Sundays excepted) as follows:

LEAVING PICTON at 6 a.m., calling at intermediate ports, arriving at Napanee at about 9:30.

RETURNING to PICTON, leaves Napanee at 3 o'clock, p.m., calling at intermediate ports, arriving in Pictou at about 6:30.

This is the cheapest and most expeditious route to and from Pictou, and affords passengers three hours time in the flourishing town of Napanee for business or pleasure before embarking on the weekly Day Express Train going East.

When returning connects with the Merchants' Express Train from Montreal, thereby making the quickest dispatch for Eastern traffic to Pictou. For freight or other freight, will be promptly looked after, carefully handled and attended to.

P. F. McQUAT, Wharfinger, Pictou.

JOHN BOWEY, do Napanee.

Napanee, 15th June, 1877.

51-10 PER WEEK AT HOME.

Address, MONTREAL NOVELL & CO., P.O. 25 St. James Street, Montreal.

By children for their play;
The air-blown bells
That folly swells,
May vault a surer stay.

A few short years—and then
Where is the mighty grief
That rung the heart with torture's art.
And made it feel that its relief
Time could not give or impart?
A storm that's burst,
And done it worst—
Then left the heaven more clear;
A night-mare dread,
With morning fled,
Those sorrows now appear,

A few short years—and then
What of our life remains,
The smiles and tears of other years,
Of passion's joy, of sorrow's pains,
Ambition's hopes and fears?
A faded dream
To-day they seem,
Which memory scarce can trace—
But seals that never part
Shall time nor yet
Eternity efface!

Literature.

A QUEER CLUE.

A Story by an Ex-Detective.

CHAPTER II.

The artist's name was Wyndham; and determined that I would very soon, as a natural beginning, make some inquiries about this Mr. Wyndham; and, indeed, I began before I left the exhibition. I engaged the hall-keeper to have a glass with me at the nearest tavern, and when I got fully in conversation with him, asked carelessly where Mr. Wyndham lived, as I thought I had known him many years ago, giving a description of some entirely imaginary person. The hall-keeper said: "No, that was not the sort of man at all. Mr. Wyndham was," (here he described him) "and he doesn't live at the west end of London, as you said, sir, but at a place in Essex, not very far from Colchester." He knew where he lived, because he had several times posted letters to him at "The Mount." This was about all I got from the hall-keeper, but it was as much as I wanted.

I am not greatly in the habit of taking other people into my confidence, but this was altogether an exceptional case; so, after a little reflection, I went straight to the address John Lytherly had given me, and told him what I had seen. He, of course, introduced me to his wife, a very pretty dark-eyed young woman; and when I had told all, they exchanged looks less of surprise than triumph. "Oh, it is coming all right!" he exclaimed. "I knew the murder would cry out some day. And now you will have a little more respect for Indian fortune tellers." "I am not quite sure about that," I said. "But don't you go making so certain that we are going to find out anything, Mr. Lytherly; this may be only an accidental resemblance." Because, as you may suppose, I had not told them how confident I felt in my own mind.

"Accidental! Nonsense!" was all he said to that; and then he asked me what was the first step I proposed to take. I told him that I thought we ought to go down to this village and see if we could learn anything suspicious about this Mr. Wyndham; and by my old detective habits, and the way in which the officers about would be sure to help me, I thought we might reckon on finding out what was wanted. He was delighted, and asked when we should start, and when I said that very night he was more delighted still.

It is always my rule to strike the iron while it's hot, and nothing could possibly be got by waiting now; so I had made up my mind just to run home, get a few things in my bag, and go down by the 10 o'clock train. My wife, you may be sure, was very much astonished; but as I expected she would be, was just as confident in the murder being found out as young Lytherly himself. Of course, the latter was ready. And we were put down at our destination about 12 o'clock; too late for anything that night, but still we were on the spot to begin the first thing in the morning, and accordingly, began the first thing after breakfast. John

Blitters in Chancery and Insolventcy, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc., Napanee, Ontario.
W. S. WILLIAMS, E. COOPER, M. A.
Official Assignee

W. F. Hall,

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE, under Insolvent Act of 1875. Fire Insurance Agent, &c. Office of Napanee Paper Mills, East Street.

James F. Bartles,

LAND AGENT, Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Agent. Office: corner of Dundas and West Streets, Napanee.

F. Bartlett,

ARCHITECT AND BUILDER, West A Street, Napanee. Plans, Specification and Detail Drawings furnished. Builder's work measured and value computed.

Yair's Machine Shop,

STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of Boilers made to order. Also all kinds of Machinery repaired on the shortest notice. Run over the place, opposite the old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and Bridge Streets.

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.

ESTABLISHED - 1810.
CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.

AMOUNT DEPOSITED IN CANADA in accordance with the Act 130,000.

Insures property against fire as low as any other reliable company. All losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid in Canada funds or Gold. Isolated dwellings insured at exceedingly low rates.

H. L. GEDDES, Agent for Napanee and vicinity.

Harris & Empey,
(Successors to J. C. Bogart.)
Livery & Sale Stables,

JOHN STREET,

South of Dundas Street, Napanee Ont.

The best Matched Teams and Single Rigs always on hand. Carriages, Cutters, Sleigh Robes, &c., the best in the country. No. 4 St.

TO RENT,

The dwelling known as Dr. Oronhyetkha's.

Apply to
W. S. WILLIAMS

Last Notice.

ACCOUNTS for Dental Services, must be paid forthwith. Office hours from 9 a. m., to 5 p. m., over Spencer's Clothing Store.

TERMS CASH.

S. T. CLEMENTS, L. D. S.

21-4in.

STRENGTH for the DEBILITATED.

PHOSFOZONE,

The Great Remedy for

Indigestion, Weakness of the Limbs, To rpo of the Liver.

The history of this preparation is simply a record of uninterrupted success, and probably no proprietary article was ever recommended to the public of any country by such a large number of Physicians who have endorsed, in the most unreserved and unqualified manner, this celebrated medicine. Sold by all Druggists, and prepared in the Laboratory of the Proprietors, Nos. 41 and 43 St. Jean Baptiste street, Montreal. 21.

NEWSPAPER

ADVERTISING

A book containing a list of towns in the U. S. having 5,000 pop. and the newspapers having largest circulation. All the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific, and other special class journals. Tables of rates, showing cost of advertising and everything which an advertiser would like to know. Mailed on receipt of ten cents. Address **Geo. F. Wells & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.** (opposite "Tribune" building).

him during the past twenty-five years, and bes to announce that he has

AGAIN COMMENCED BUSINESS

in the Boot and Shoe line, in the shop, opposite the Campbell House, Napanee, at the sign of the "Big Boot." Having engaged Mr. Geo. Mitchell, formerly in the employ of Messrs. McKossie & Downey, he intends to manufacture all kinds of custom work of the very best material and workmanship, and solicits a continuance of public patronage.

Repairing done on short notice, and on liberal terms. S. H. BENONI BRIGGS.

MARBLE ! MARBLE

Monuments, Headstones, etc.,

Carved in newest style in American and Foreign Marble and carefully put up in any part of the country at reasonable rates.

ALL KINDS OF CEMETERY WORK DONE WITH CARE AND PROMPTNESS.

Call before you engage elsewhere. Dundas st., nearly opposite Beeman's corner.

10-6m.

V. KOUBER.

Important to Butter Workers.

ONE Good Active Agent WANTED, in every township to introduce the **Victor Butter Worker**. Sample Machine Free to Agents. Price, \$5.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00 each. One Million to be sold in the Dominion. Apply early with stamp, for agents circular, to the **VICTOR WRINGER CO.,** Brockville, Ont.

KNOW THYSELF

By reading and practicing the inestimable truths contained in the best medical book ever issued, entitled **SELF-PRESERVATION**. Price only \$1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. It treats of Exhausted Vitality, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, and the endless concomitant ills and untold miseries that result therefrom, and contains more than 50 original prescriptions, any one of which is worth the price of the book. This book was written by the most extensive and probably the most skillful practitioner in America, to whom was awarded a gold and silver medal by the National Medical Association. A Pamphlet, illustrated with the very finest Steel Engravings—a marvel of art and beauty—sent FREE to all. Send for it at once. Address **PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass.**

HEAL

THYSELF

17-13

ADVERTISING !

\$1,000 WORTH FOR \$87.50.

The cheapest and best way to reach readers outside of the large cities is by using one or more of our six lists of over 1000 newspapers, divided to cover different sections of the country. **Weekly Circulation of over 600,000.** Advertisements received for one or more lists. For catalogues containing names of papers, and other information and for estimates, address **DEALS & FOSTER,** 22 1/2 Park Row (Times Building), New York.

Napanee Brewery.

X X X

ALE.

JOHN BOWEY,

In thanking the trade for the liberal patronage extended to him since his establishment in business, begs to call attention to the

Superior Quality of Ale

He is now manufacturing. The XXX brand is equal to any made in Canada, and he is prepared to supply the trade in Barrels, Half Barrels, etc. All orders promptly attended to.

No. 4 St.

J. BOWEY, Napanee.

SAWS

SOLID AND INSERTED TOOTH

SAW GUMMIES

SAW SWAGES SAW TEETH SAW'S

ANDERS

Vatrous Engine Works

BRANTFORD, ONT.

where you see this advertisement.



Ontario Veterinary College.

May be consulted on all diseases of Domesticated Animals, personally at Campbell House or by letter.

TERMS MODERATE

Office—Bridge Street.



1877 SEASON 1877.

PICTON & NAPANEE ROUTE.

The Steamer Shannon,

CAPT. EARLY W. JOHNSON,

will run during the season to Napanee DAILY (Sundays excepted) as follows:

Leaving Pictou at 6 a. m., calling at intermediate ports, arriving at Napanee at about 9:30. RETURNING to Pictou Leaves Napanee at 3 o'clock, p. m., calling at intermediate ports, arriving in Pictou at about 6:30.

This is the cheapest and most expeditious route to all points East, and affords passengers three hours' time in the flourishing town of Napanee for business or pleasure before embarking on the 1 o'clock Day Express Train going East.

When returning connects with the Merchants' Express Train from Montreal, thereby making the quickest dispatch for Eastern traffic to Pictou. *Freight rates for other freight*, will be promptly booked after carefully handled and attended to.

P. McQUAIG, Wharfinger, Pictou. JOHN BOWEY, do Napanee, Napanee, 15th June, 1877.

51.30 PER WEEK AT HOME.

Address: MONTREAL NOVELTY CO., P. O. 23 St. James Street, Montreal.

WANTED.

We want reliable, energetic canvassing agents in every town in the Dominion for the new "Illustrated History of the Dominion of Canada." This work is truly magnificent, containing over 2,000 double column quarto pages, and over 300 superb full page engravings. The work is published in Paris, on a plan which insures its welcome to every English reading family. To energetic young men and ladies, who are willing to work, we will guarantee a permanent position for two years, and cover up. Don't fail write! to for our private terms, sample pages, etc. This is a grand opportunity for school teachers to make more than double their salaries without interfering with their professional duties. The works being manufactured at a cost of over \$20,000 for the literary, artistic and mechanical work of producing the plates by the sold well known, reliable Lovell Printing and Publishing Co., of Montreal. All letters from agents must be addressed to the Publishers 6 named agents as follows:

HAZEN E. BIGNEY & Co.,

23 and 25 St. Francis Xavier Street, MONTREAL, QUE.

Dr. William Gray's Specific Medicine.



The Great English Remedy, especially recommended for the cure of Seminal Weakness, Spermatocoe, Impotency, and all the ailments that result from self abuse, as Loss of Memory, Undue Loss of the Brain, Pain in the Back, Pimples of the Face, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over-indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases. Pamphlet free by mail. The Special Medicine is sold by all Druggists at 1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing.

WILLIAM GRAY & Co., Windsor, Ont.

keeper, it was as much as I. I am not greatly in the habit of other people into my confidence this was altogether an exception so, after a little reflection, I went to the address John Lytherly had me, and told him what I had seen of course, introduced me to his very pretty dark eyed young ward when I had told all, they ex looks less of surprise than triumph it is coming all right!" he exclaimed knew the murder would cry on day. And now you will have more respect for Indian fortune t

"I am not quite sure about t said. "But don't you go making tain that we are going to find o thing, Mr. Lytherly; this may I an accidental resemblance." B as you may suppose, I had n them how confident I felt in m mind.

"Accidental! Nonsense!" was said to that; and then he asked n was the first step I proposed to t told him that I thought we ough down to this village and see if we learn anything suspicious about t Wyndham; and by my old de habits, and the way in which the about would be sure to help me, I t we might reckon on finding ou was wanted. He was delighte asked when we should start, and said that very night he was more ed still.

It is always my rule to strike tl while it's hot, and nothing could I be got by waiting now; so I had up my mind just to run home, get things in my bag, and go down 10 o'clock train. My wife, you i sure, was very much astonished; I expected she would be, was just a dent in the murder being found young Lytherly himself. Of cou latter was ready. And we were pt at our destination about 12 o'clo late for anything that night, but were on the spot to begin the fir in the morning, and accordingly the first thing after breakfast. Lytherly would have begun before fast, but, as an old hand, I knew than that; because the party w after, allowing he was the right after a five years' rest, wasn't g bolt now; so it was no case for h and driving. Well, soon after bre I sauntered into the bar, and beg ing with the landlord, who was an sort of party about my own ag who bragged—as if it was a thin proud of—before we had talked minutes, that he had liyed, man a in Champey, which was the nam lively place, for more than 50 ya

"Then you're just the fellow fo I thought; and then began talki old master of mine who was now somewhere in the neighborhood, name of Wyndham. "Wyndham? Let me see; Wym says the landlord, putting on his look. "No; I can't remember, of that name. There's Wilkins Wiggins; perhaps its one of them I told him they would not d then added that the party I me something of artist, painted p partly for pleasure and partly for This was only a guess of of mine, was a pretty safe one.

"Oh! there's lots of them about exclaims the old boy, grinning ut if it was a capital idea. "There De Lancy Corkle, Miss Belvelera Mrs. Gallson Whyte, Mr. Hardy C and a lot more; but I don't think a Wyndham."

"Ah, well, it don't matter," very carelessly still; "I may be mi I heard, however, he lived down a place called the Mount. Is thea place?"

"Is there such a place?" says th lord, with as much contempt in hi as if I ought to be ashamed of my not knowing. "Yes, there is; and rate gentleman artist lives there to his name ain't Windham; his nam pens to be Parkway, Sir, Mr. Philp

Napanee Express

"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

(\$1.)

NAPANEE ONT., FRIDAY, NOV. 16, 1877.



BRISCO HOUSE,
NAPANEE, ONT.

POTTER BROS., PROPRIETORS.

First-Class Sample Rooms for Commercial Travellers.

Omnibus to and from all Trains and cars.

LIVERY ATTACHED.

PAISLEY HOUSE.

(John St. opposite the Market.)

NAPANEE, ONT.

First Class Hotel centrally located, with excellent yard and stabling accommodation.

CHAS. PAISLEY,

PROPRIETOR.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,
BELLEVEILLE

Every Accommodation for Commercial Travellers.

A. P. FARRELL,

PROPRIETOR.

MCDONALD HOUSE,

(Late Clark House)

BRIGHTON, ONT.

Stages leave this House daily, for Picton and Mitchell.

Pass to and from the cars.

39-y1.



Land for Sale

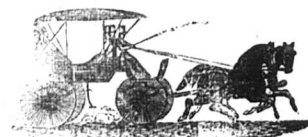
30,000 ACRES.

RE subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of Splendid Improved Farms, and 14 Timber Lands, to the extent of 30,000 acres; 6 of City, Town and Village property, in all 75 of the Province of Ontario, at very low and easy terms.

Office, corner of Dundas and West Streets, Napanee.

JAMES F. BARTLES.

Napanee, Sept. 12th 1876.



Poetry.

A Few Short Years.

A few short years--and then
What changes Time hath wrought!
So strange they seem, we scarce can deem
The world, our life, ourselves are sought.
But one long fateful dream.

The clouds that fly
Across the sky,
Waves tossed upon the sea,
Shadows that pass
Before a glass,
Our fitting emblem be.

A few short years--and then
Where are the hopes that shone
When youth with flowers enwreathed the hours,
And earth had but one music tone
Of joy for us and ours?

The rainbow's hues,
The morning's dew,
The blossom of a day,
The trembling sheen
On waters seen
More stable are than they.

A few short years--and then
Where is the adamant chain
That passion wrought, and madly thought
Nor time nor change could ever strain,
Till life's last strife was fought?

A rope of sand,
A gossamer band;
The filmy threads at ee'n
The spider weaves
Amongst the leaves
A firmer bond have been.

A few short years--and then
Where is Ambition's pile,
That rose so high against the sky,
O'ershadowing all around the while,
With its proud boast might vie?

A shadow's shade,
A card-house made
By children for their play;
The air-blown bells
That folly swells
May vault a surer stay.

A few short years--and then
Where is the mighty grief
That pang the heart with torture's art,
And made it feel that its relief
Time's hand could ne'er impart?

A storm that's burst,
And done it worst,
Then left the heaven more clear;
A night-mare dread,
With morning fled,
Those sorrows now appear,

A few short years--and then
What of our life remains,
The smiles and tears of other years,
Of passion's joy, of sorrow's pains,
Ambition's hopes and fears?

A faded dream
To-day they seem,
Which memory scarce can trace--
But seals they're set
Shall time nor yet
Eternity efface!

Literature.

A QUEER CLUE.

A Story by an Ex-Detective.

CHAPTER II.

The artist's name was Wyndham; and determined that I would very soon, as a natural beginning, make some inquiries about this Mr. Wyndham; and, indeed, I began before I left the exhibition. I engaged the hall-keeper to have a glass with me at the nearest tavern, and when I got fully in conversation with him, asked carelessly where Mr. Wyndham

way; though I have heard that he is too proud to paint under his own name."

"I think, landlord," I said, "that I'll have just three penn'orth of brandy cold;" which I took and left him without another word, for when I heard this name I felt struck all of a heap, because it made guess into a certainty, though in a way I had never dreamt of. I couldn't go back to Lytherly for a little while; it was all so wonderful; and I was so angry with myself for never having thought at the time that the man who, of all others in the world, had the most to gain by the poor woman's death, might have been the one who killed her. In the bitterness of my feeling I could not help saying that any one but a detective would have pounced upon this fellow at the first. However, I got over the vexation, and went back to Lytherly to tell him my news. We were each confident that we had the right scent now; but yet it was not easy to see what we were to do. I could not very well apply for a warrant against a man because he had painted a picture; and so we walked and talked until we could think of nothing better than going down to Combstead, and without our fresh information to help us, seeing if we could not rake up something there.

We came to this resolution just as we reached a toll-gate, close by which stood a little house, which appeared to be the beer shop, baker's, Post Office, and grocer's for the neighborhood. Not much of a neighborhood, by the by, for, excepting a few gentlemen's seats, there was hardly another house within sight. One small but comfortable-looking residence, we were informed by the chatty old lady who owned the "store," was the Mount, where Mr. Parkway lived. He was a very retired, silent sort of a gentleman, she said, and people thought his wife didn't have the happiest of lives with him. He had been married for a few years, the old lady went on; soon after a relation had died, and left him a good bit of money. Before that he only rented apartments in the village; but then he married Miss Dellar, who was an orphan, with a good bit of money, too, but quite a girl to him, and they went to live at the Mount. At this point the old lady broke suddenly off, and said: "Here they are!" going to the door immediately, and dropping her very best courtesy. We followed her into the little porch; and there, sure enough, was a low carriage, drawn by one horse, and in it sat a gloomy, dark man, whom I had no difficulty in recognizing, and by his side a slight, very pretty, but careworn-looking young woman. Mr. Parkway looked coolly enough at us, and we as carelessly returned his glance, for we were both so much changed since the Combstead days that there was little fear of his remembering us.

It seemed they had called about a servant, which the Post office keeper was to have recommended, and Mrs. Parkway alighted from the carriage to write some memorandum on the business. Park-

seeming to go with his own thoughts. "I fancied he was dead, for what I took to be his ghost has been seen in my room every night for the past month. Where is my wife?"

We told him she was not at home, and that we were anxious to spare her as far as possible; but he gave such a bitter smile, and said: "she will certainly be vexed to have had a husband that was hanged; but she will be glad to be a widow on any terms."

We didn't want to hear any more of this, so got him away; not without some little trouble though; as if there had not been so many of us, we should have had a scene; as it was, we were obliged to handcuff him.

The servants, four of them, were naturally alarmed, and were in the hall when he went out. Mr. Parkway gave a very few directions, and the elderly woman grinned quite spitefully at him.

"Don't insult the man, now he's down," I said in a whisper, while Parkway and the two officers got into the fly. Lytherly and I were to ride outside and drive.

"Insult him! the wretch!" she said; "you don't mean to suppose he has any feeling to hurt. He has been trying to drive my poor young mistress, that I nursed when a baby, into her grave, and he would have done it if I had not been here. The only excuse is, he is, and always has been, a dangerous lunatic."

We drove off, and I saw no more of her, and never heard how Mrs. Parkway took the intelligence;

The lady was present at the preliminary examination, and to her great surprise her carbuncle brooch was taken from her and used against her husband. This examination was on the next morning, and we obtained more evidence than we had at first expected. Not only was the carbuncle marked as Lytherly had said it would be, but I had been up at the station, being unable to shake off old habits, and had made some inquiries there. Strangely enough, the man who was head porter there five years ago (it is a very sensible way railroads have of keeping a good man in the same position always; promotion generally upsets and confuses things), and he was able, by secondary facts, to fix the dates and to that not only did Mr. Parkway go to Combstead for the funeral, but that he went to London and back just before; from London, of course, he could easily get to Combstead and his absence left him about time to do so. We proposed then to have a remand and get evidence from Combstead; but it was never needed.

Parkway had been expecting this blow for years, and always kept some deadly poison concealed in the hollow of his watch-seal. This he took on the night after his examination, and was found dead in his cell by the officer who went the rounds. He first wrote a very long and minute confession, or rather justification, showing that his motive had been to prevent his cousin's marriage with Lytherly, whom he seemed to hate very

RIGHTON, ONT.

Leave this House daily, for Picton and
Bellford.
to and from the cars.

Land for Sale
30,000 ACRES.

Subscriber has been appointed Agent for
sale of Splendid Improved Farms, and
Timber Lands, to the extent of 30,000 acres;
City, Town and Village property, in all
of the Province of Ontario, at very low
and easy terms.

corner of Dundas and West Streets
No. 222
JAMES F. BARTLES.
Office, Sept. 12th 1876.



POTTER BROS.,
RY AND SALE STABLES

JOINING THE ERISCO HOUSE,
NAPANEE, ONT.
We keep nothing but First-Class
saddled Vehicles, and at REASONABLE
rates.

J. A. REID

VET. SURGEON
NAPANEE, ONT.
GRADUATE OF
the Veterinary College.

Residence: 101 on all diseases of Domestic
Animals, especially at Campbell House
Stable.

CHARGES MODERATE.
FISH—Hudson Street.



SEASON 1877.
TON & NAPANEE ROUTE.

The Steamer Shannon,
CAPT. EARLY W. JOHNSON,
During the season, to Napanee DAILY
leaving at 6 a. m., calling at intermediate
ports, arriving at Napanee at about 9:30.
Returning from Napanee, leaving at 3
p. m., calling at intermediate ports, arriv-
ing at about 6:30.
Is the cheapest and most expeditious
route to Napanee, and affords passengers
on board the flourishing town of Nap-
anee, a pleasant and comfortable
trip. The Steamer Shannon, leaving
at 6 a. m. for Napanee, and returning
at 3 p. m. from Napanee, thereby making
easy dispatch for Eastern traffic to Pic-
ton and the latter, carefully handled and
delivered.

P. F. McQUAIG, Wharfinger, Picton.
JOHN BOWEN, do Napanee.
Sept. 12th 1877.

WANTED.

want reliable, energetic canvassing
man in every town in the Dominion for
a Illustrated History of the Do-
minion of Canada. This work is truly
valuable, containing over 2,000 double
page plates, and over 3,000 superb
engravings. The work is pub-
lished in Parts, on a plan which insures
return to every English reading
man, and every young man and ladies,
willing to work, we will guaran-
tee permanent position for two years,
and a good salary.

to smiles and tears of other years.
Of passion's joy, of sorrow's pains,
Ambition's hopes and fears?
A faded dream
To-day they seem,
Which memory scarce can trace—
But seals they've set
Shall time nor yet
Eternity efface!

Literature.

A QUEER CLUE.

A Story by an Ex-Detective.

CHAPTER II.

The artist's name was Wyndham; and
determined that I would very soon, as a
natural beginning, make some inquiries
about this Mr. Wyndham; and, indeed,
I began before I left the exhibition. I
engaged the hall-keeper to have a glass
with me at the nearest tavern, and when
I got fully in conversation with him,
asked carelessly where Mr. Wyndham
lived, as I thought I had known him
many years ago, giving a description of
some entirely imaginary person. The
hall-keeper said: "No, that was not the
sort of man at all. Mr. Wyndham was,"
(here he described him); "and he doesn't
live at the west end of London, as you
said, sir, but at a place in Essex, not very
far from Colchester." He knew where he
lived, because he had several times
posted letters to him at "The Mount."
This was about all I got from the hall-
keeper, but it was as much as I wanted.
I am not greatly in the habit of taking
other people into my confidence, but
this was altogether an exceptional case;
so, after a little reflection, I went straight
to the address John Lytherly had given
me, and told him what I had seen. He,
of course, introduced me to his wife, a
very pretty dark-eyed young woman;
and when I had told all, they exchanged
looks less of surprise than triumph. "Oh,
it is coming all right!" he exclaimed. "I
knew the murder would cry out some
day. And now you will have a little
more respect for Indian fortune tellers."
"I am not quite sure about that," I
said. "But don't you go making so cer-
tain that we are going to find out any-
thing, Mr. Lytherly; this may be only
an accidental resemblance." Because,
as you may suppose, I had not told
them how confident I felt in my own
mind.
"Accidental! Nonsense!" was all he
said to that; and then he asked me what
was the first step I proposed to take. I
told him that I thought we ought to go
down to this village and see if we could
learn anything suspicious about this Mr.
Wyndham; and by my old detective
habits, and the way in which the officers
about would be sure to help me, I thought
we might reckon on finding out what
was wanted. He was delighted, and
asked when we should start, and when I
said that very night he was more delig-
hted still.
It is always my rule to strike the iron
while it's hot, and nothing could possibly
be got by waiting now; so I had made
up my mind just to run home, get a few
things in my bag, and go down by the
10 o'clock train. My wife, you may be
sure, was very much astonished; but as I
expected she would be, was just as confi-
dent in the murder being found out as
young Lytherly himself. Of course, the
latter was ready. And we were put down
at our destination about 12 o'clock; too
late for anything that night, but still we
were on the spot to begin the first thing
in the morning, and accordingly, began
the first thing after breakfast. John
Lytherly would have begun before break-
fast, but, as an old hand, I knew better
than that; because the party we were
after, allowing he was the right party,
after a five years' rest, wasn't going to
bolt now; so it was no case for hurrying
and driving. Well, soon after breakfast,
I sauntered into the bar, and began talk-
ing with the landlord, who was an elderly
sort of party about my own age, and
who bragged—as if it was a thing to be
proud of—before we had talked three
minutes, that he had liyed, man and boy,

old lady went on; soon after a relation
had died, and left him a good bit of
money. Before that he only rented apart-
ments in the village; but then he married
Miss Dellar, who was an orphan, with a
good bit of money, too, but quite a girl
to him, and they went to live at the
Mount. At this point the old lady broke
suddenly off, and said, "Here they are!"
going to the door immediately, and drop-
ping her very best courtesy. We follow-
ed her into the little porch; and there,
sure enough, was a low carriage, drawn
by one horse, and in it sat a gloomy,
dark man, whom I had no difficulty in
recognizing, and by his side a slight,
very pretty, but careworn-looking young
woman. Mr. Parkway looked coolly
enough at us, and we as carelessly re-
turned his glance, for we were both so
much changed since the Combestead days
that there was little fear of his remem-
bering us.
It seemed they had called about a ser-
vant, which the Post office keeper was to
have recommended, and Mrs. Parkway
alighted from the carriage to write some
memorandum on the business. Park-
way had never spoken, and I thought I
could see in his harsh features traces of
anxiety and remorse. Lytherly had fol-
lowed Mrs. Parkway into the shop, and
as I could see from where I stood, on the
lady asking for a pen, he drew his gold
pencil-case from his pocket, and offered
it, as probably containing a better imple-
ment than any the Post office could af-
ford. The lady stared, looked a little
startled, but after a moment's hesitation,
accepted it with a very sweet smile.
While Mrs. Parkway was engaged in
writing her letter, Lytherly stood by her
side, and sauntered out after her. I had
been waiting in the porch, watching her
husband whose face was so familiar to
me that I half expected to see a look of
recognition come into his eyes; but noth-
ing of the sort happened. Lytherly
watched them drive off, then turning
suddenly round, exclaimed: "It's as good
as ever, Robinson! We've got them!"
"Why, what is there afresh?" I asked.
"Just sufficient to hang the scoundrel,"
said Lytherly. "You remember, of
course, that among other things which
were stolen on the night of the murder
was a curious locket which poor Miss
Parkway used to wear, and that some
fragments of the chain were afterwards
found."
I remembered this very well, and told
him so.
"Very good," he continued. "I gave
that locket and chain to the poor old girl;
it was the only valuable I possessed in
the world; and Mrs. Parkway has the
central carbuncle in her brooch now."
"Nonsense!" I exclaimed, not knowing
exactly what I did say at the moment.
"It is a fact," he said, "and I can
swear to it. What is more to the point,
perhaps, is that although the stone is in
a strange setting, and no one but myself,
probably, could recognize it, yet I can
identify it. On the one side are my
initials cut in almost microscopical char-
acters. If they are there, that settles it;
if they are not put me down as an impos-
ter, and fix the murder on me if you
like."
There was a good deal more said after
this, but the upshot of it was that we
went over to Colchester, and laid the mat-
ter before the authorities; when, after a
hesitation, a warrant was granted for the
apprehension of Mr. Philip Parkway; and
two officers, accompanied by Lytherly
and myself, went over to execute it.
It was after nightfall when we arrived
at the Mount; and on knocking at the
door, we found that Mr. Parkway was in;
but his wife was out, having gone up (so
the elderly woman that was called by the
foot-boy informed us) to play the harmo-
nium at the weekly rehearsal of the village
choir. "About the only amusement she
has, poor thing," the woman muttered,
and she seemed in a bad temper about
something. We said we wanted to see
her master, and that she need not an-
nounce us. And, as I live, I believe that
woman guessed directly who we were,
and what we had come for. At any rate
quite a glow of triumph came into her
face, and she pointed to a door nearly op-
posite to where we stood. We opened it,

habits, and had made some inquiries
there. Strangely enough, the man who
was head porter there five years ago (it is
a very sensible way railroads have of
keeping a good man in the same position
always; promotion generally upsets and
confuses things), and he was able, by
secondary facts, to fix the dates and to
that not only did Mr. Parkway go to
Combestead for the funeral, but that he
went to London and back just before;
from London, of course, he could easily
get to Combestead and his absence left
him about time to do so. We proposed
then to have a remand and get evidence
from Combestead; but it was never need-
ed.
Parkway had been expecting this blow
for years, and always kept some deadly
poison concealed in the hollow of his
watch-seal. This he took on the night
after his examination, and was found
dead in his cell by the officer who went
the rounds. He first wrote a very long
and minute confession, or rather justifi-
cation, showing that his motive had been
to prevent his cousin's marriage with
Lytherly, whom he seemed to hate very
much, although the young man had never
harmed him. He said he went expressly
to Combestead to get possession of the
money his misguided relative had drawn,
and to kill her; so in doing this he felt he
had committed no crime, but had only
been an instrument of justice. So I sup-
pose he was, as the housekeeper declared,
a dangerous lunatic.
However, the reward of £100 had
never been withdrawn, and I got it; it
was paid out of Parkway's estate, too,
which was about the strangest case I ever
heard of. Lytherly and his wife are
great friends with Mrs. Robinson and
myself; indeed, we have usually one of
their young ones staying with us, when
we haven't one or two from my married
daughter. Mrs. Parkway, I heard, sold
off at the Mount, and went away;
and sometime after, I saw by the papers, that
she was married to some one else. I hope
she made a better match the second
time.
On the whole, on looking back, I am
inclined to think that of all the clues by
which I ever found anybody out, this
was really the queerest.—*Cham's Jour.*

An old tin pan doesn't "point a moral"
as often as it "adorns a tail."
Every dog has its day, but every cat its
night.
When a man is making love to a widow,
he always feels as if he had to begin
where the other left off.
Even poor Lo, of the untutored mind,
has an innate sense of the proprieties of
life. A lady at Washington presented
Spotted Tail with a picture of Venus,
and the savage remarked, "Ugh, no
blanket."
We hear of a girl who worked the
motto, "I need thee every hour," and
presented it to her chap. He says he
can't help it; it takes him two hours to
milk, and feed the pigs, morning and
night, and business has got to be attend-
ed to.
Wile—"Well, Jones, judging from
your breath, I can't really tell whether
you have been drinking whiskey or
whether you have been swimming in it."
Husband (reproachfully).—"Hannah, don't
you—hie—love me enough to gimme—
hie—the benefit of the doubt?"
Mr. Agassiz says that in certain Ama-
zonian tribes, on the day of his marriage,
while the wedding-festivities are going on,
the bridegroom's hands are tied up in a
paper bag with fire-ants. If he bears the
torture smilingly and unmoved, he is
considered fit for the trials of matrimony.
Logic is very simple when properly ex-
plained. Thus the premises of a proposi-
tion are that you have a door with a key-
hole in it and prompted by fancy you
blow pepper through it with the bellows.
If the next day the servant appears with
her eye in a bandage, the inference is she
was peeping into the room at an unfor-
tunate moment.
A boy came along to one of our neigh-
bors' houses holding a very dirty dog,
and asked the mother of the house

cent have
cerin
nitric
plod
finge
besic
hand
Th
para,
a ver
sota,
deve
toba
is hi
the l
of tv
Dom
Man
nece
porte
farm
Man
than
Th
Comi
to in
pape
pose
com
accu
foll
a fai
exan
wher
a ju
oblig
befor
vant
dowi
crow
in sel
for t
lect
Th
says
Woo
who
trip
ture
prair
stron
them
to m
the f
ed u
and l
escap
whis
with
back
O'M
face
whic
then
being
man
wise
Th
an a
ning
It
on ti
Was
the i
tecti
Th
York
head
uani
alleg
Otto
it we
in Cl
caliti
of op
Q
trice
for t
the
able
In
begu
strik
freg
crief
dispi
day
ter,
does
Th
Ther

W. C. Scott Express.

THE GREATEST NUMBER."

(\$1.00 per annum, if paid in advance.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 16, 1877.

NO. 29.

though I have heard that he is too
l to paint under his own name."

"I think, landlord," I said, "that I'll
just three penn'orth of brandy cold;"
I took and left him without an-
word, for when I heard this name
it struck all of a heap, because it
guess into a certainty, though in a
I had never dreamt of. I couldn't
ick to Lytherly for a littl while; it
ll so wonderful; and I was so angry
myself for never having thought at
me that the man who, of all others
world, had the most to gain by the
woman's death, might have been
e who killed her. In the bitterness
feeling I could not help saying
ny one but a detective would have
ed upon this fellow at the first.
ver, I got over the vexation, and
back to Lytherly to tell him my

We were each confident that we
e right scent now; but yet it was
sy to see what we were to do. I
not very well apply for a warrant
at a man because he had painted a
e; and so we walked and talked
we could think of nothing better
going down to Combested, and
at our fresh information to help us,
if we could not take up something

came to this resolution just as we
ed a toll-gate, close by which stood a
ouse, which appeared to be the beer
baker's, Post Office, and grocer's
e neighborhood. Not much of a
orhood, by-the-by, for, excepting a
entlemen's seats, there was hardly
er house within sight. One small
omfortable-looking residence, we
informed by the chatty old lady
wned the "store," was the Mount,
Mr. Parkway lived. He was a
retired, silent sort of a gentleman,
aid, and people thought his wife
have the happiest of lives with him.
been married for a few years, the
dy went on; soon after a relation
lied, and left him a good bit of
r. Before that he only rented apart-
in the village; but then he married
dollar, who was an orphan, with a
bit of money, too, but quite a girl,
and they went to live at the
t. At this point the old lady broke
nly off, and said, "Here they are!"
to the door immediately, and drop-
per very best courtesy. We follow-
into the little porch; and there,
nough, was a low carriage, drawn
e horse, and in it sat a gloomy,
nan, whom I had no difficulty in
izing, and by his side a slight,
retty, but careworn-looking young
n. Mr. Parkway looked coolly
h at us, and we as carelessly re-
h his glance, for we were both
o changed since the Combested days
ere was little fear of his remem-
us.

seemed they had called about a ser-
which the Post office keeper was to
recommended, and Mrs. Parkway
ad from the carriage to write some

seeming to go with his own thoughts. "I
fancied he was dead, for what I took to
be his ghost has been seen in my room
every night for the past month. Where
is my wife?"

We told him she was not at home, and
that we were anxious to spare her as
far as possible; but he gave such a bitter
smile, and said; "she will certainly be
vexed to have had a husband that was
hanged; but she will be glad to be a widow
on any terms."

We didn't want to hear any more of
this, so got him away; not without some
little trouble though; as if there had not
been so many of us, we should have had
a scene; as it was, we were obliged to
handcuff him.

The servants, four of them, were natu-
rally alarmed, and were in the hall when
he went out. Mr. Parkway gave a very
few directions, and the elderly woman
grinned quite spitefully at him.

"Don't insult the man, now he's down,"
I said in a whisper, while Parkway and
the two officers got into the fly. Lytherly
and I were to ride outside and drive.

"Insult 'him! the wretch!" she said;
"you don't mean to suppose he has any
feeling to hurt. He has been trying to
drive my poor young mistress, that I
nursed when a baby, into her grave, and
he would have done it if I had not been
here. The only excuse is, he is, and al-
ways has been, a dangerous lunatic."

We drove off, and I saw no more of her,
and never heard how Mrs. Parkway took
the intelligence;

The lady was present at the prelimi-
nary examination, and to her great sur-
prise her carbuncle brooch was taken from
her and used against her husband. This
examination was on the next morning,
and we obtained more evidence than we
had at first expected. Not only was the
carbuncle marked as Lytherly had said
it would be, but I had been up at the
station, being unable to shake off old
habits, and had made some inquiries
there. Strangely enough, the man who
was head porter there five years ago (it
is a very sensible way railroads have of
keeping a good man in the same position
always; promotion generally upsets and
confuses things), and he was able, by
secondary facts, to fix the dates and to
that not only did Mr. Parkway go to
Combested for the funeral, but that he
went to London and back just before;
from London, of course, he could easily
get to Combested and his absence left
him about time to do so. We proposed
then to have a remand and get evidence
from Combested; but it was never need-
ed.

Parkway had been expecting this blow
for years, and always kept some deadly
poison concealed in the hollow of his
watch-seal. This he took on the night
after his examination, and was found
dead in his cell by the officer who went
the rounds. He first wrote a very long
and minute confession, or rather justifi-
cation, showing that his motive had been
to prevent his cousin's marriage with
Lytherly whom he seemed to hate.

The Week's News.

Canada.

The Toronto Water Works' Commis-
sion were dissolved by vote of the people
on Thursday.

Hon. J. D. Beaubien, M. D., Member
of the Legislative Council of Quebec, died
on the 7th inst.

The Grand Trunk Railway is building
an immense car shop at Point St. Charles,
to be 300 feet long.

The evidence taken before the Fishery
Commission has all been printed, and it
is expected that the award will be given
about the 23rd inst.

Sitting Bull and his band are encamped
forty miles from Battleford, having
moved north through fear of being hand-
ed over to the United States authorities.

The French residents of Montreal who
sent a letter of condolence to Madame
Thiers on the occasion of the death of
the ex-President, have received an auto-
graph letter in reply.

In Port Hope they keep a regular com-
mission to look after the public officers.
Lately the Postmaster was hauled over
the coals at the instigation of an anony-
mous correspondent, and now we hear of
the Chief Constable being called on to
"toe the mark."

A vagrant at the Police Court in Belle-
ville asked to be sent to prison for two or
three months, and on being refused left
the Court with the express intention of
committing a crime meriting such a sen-
tence. It is time means was devised to
make our gaols a terror rather than free
boarding houses.

On Saturday last a young lady living in
the vicinity of Port Dover met with an ac-
cident which nearly cost her life. While
examining a drawer in which her father
keeps blasting material, she found an inno-
cent looking article which turned out to
have been a cartridge containing nitro-gly-
cerine. She endeavoured to remove the
nitro-glycerine with a needle, when it ex-
ploded, blowing off the first and second
fingers and the thumb of her left hand,
besides badly mangleing the palms of both
hands and burning the face.

The St. Paul "Dispatch" in the following
paragraph, gives, we believe, expression to
a very common feeling existing in Minne-
sota, and in other States as well:—"The
development of the wheat country of Mani-
toba and the British North-west Territories
is hindered, and the increase of trade with
the United States is limited, by the tariff
of twenty cents a bushel, which will prevent
Dominion wheat from being marketed in
Manneapolis and St. Paul. Is this right or
necessary? Is not the difference in trans-
portation enough protection for Minnesota
farmers? Would not large trade with
Manitoba be more profitable to the State
than this pretended protection?"

The Port Hope "Guide" declares that the
Committee appointed by the Town Council
to investigate the charges made in that
paper against the Chief Constable is com-
posed of men who have already publicly

THE "Express" Job Rooms.

We are this week, giving extensive orders for a
new assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY JOB TYPE,

from the best Canadian and American Found-
ries, and will before the 25th inst., be in a po-
sition to turn out all classes of work in a style
not to be surpassed by any office in the Province.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF
FINE & COLORED WORK.
Prices Low. Give us a Call.

Poetry.

John Lothrop Motley.

Sleep, Motley, with the great of ancient days,
Who wrote for all the years that yet shall be.
Sleep with Herodotus, whose name and praise
Have reached the isles of earth's remotest sea.
Sleep, while, defiant of the slow decay
Of Time, thy glorious writings speak for thee
And in the answering heart of millions raise
The generous zeal for Right and Liberty.
And should the days o'ertake us, when, at last,
The silence that—ere yet a human pen
Had traced the slenderest record of the past—
Hushed the primal languages of men—
Upon our English tongue its spell shall cast,
Thy memory shall perish only then.
—WM. CULLEN BRYANT in *International Review*.

Agricultural.

Cutting Grafts.

It is often more convenient to cut
grafts late in autumn than in winter, and
it is better to do it now, if the young
shoots are likely to be in danger of injury
by the intense cold of winter. The work
may be done to advantage at any time
after the leaves drop, or the leaves, if
still on, are quickly stripped off at this
time of the year. Tie them up neatly,
label them distinctly, and pack them
away in a cool cellar in damp moss.

Cuttings of Currants and Gooseberries

for propagating the sorts, should be
taken off in autumn. If put out in beds
before winter sets in, and protected with
a layer of fine manure, two inches thick,
they will be more likely to start freely in
spring than by the common treatment.
When thus set out, the earth should be
very closely pressed about them, leaving
no interstices or crevices. The manure
on them will enrich the bed, and is sure
to start them vigorously.

Keeping Apples.

Apples placed in dry sawdust would
keep better than exposed, as the sawdust
would exclude unequal currents of air and
maintain a more uniform temperature,
and it would also absorb decayed portions
and prevent their spreading to other
apples. The temperature should be
quite cold, or nearly at freezing, at which
point the dry sawdust would serve to pre-
vent danger from actual frost. Nearly
the same effect would be produced by
placing in tight-barrels. Damp sawdust
in a warm cellar, would hasten decay.

Covering Flower Beds,

which contain half tender bulbs and
shrubs, such as hyacinths and roses, is
very easily and neatly effected with ever-
green branches. Let them be cut nearly
equal in length, and begin at the outside
and place them tops outward in a neat
circle if the bed is round, and on these
lay the next circle, and so on till the bed
is covered. They will thus become a real

ing down to Combestead, and our fresh information to help us, we could not take up something

me to this resolution just as we a toll-gate, close by which stood a ise, which appeared to be the beer akers', Post Office, and grocer's neighborhood. Not much of a rhoad, by the by, for, excepting a lemen's seats, there was hardly house within sight. One small comfortable-looking residence, we formed by the chatty old lady ed the "store," was the Mount, r. Parkway lived. He was a red, silent sort of a gentleman, and people thought his wife ve the happiest of lives with him. he married for a few years, the went on; soon after a relation d, and left him a good bit of Before that he only rented apart- the village; but then he married lar, who was an orphan, with a of money, too, but quite a girl and they went to live at the

At this point the old lady broke off, and said, "Here they are!" the door immediately, and drop- very best courtesy. We follow- to the little porch; and there, ough, was a low carriage, drawn horse, and in it sat a gloomy, n, whom I had no difficulty in ing, and by his side a slight, tly, but careworn-looking young

Mr. Parkway looked coolly at us, and we carelessly re- his glance, for we were both so aged since the Combestead days e was little fear of his remem-

ned they had called about a ser- ical the Post office keeper was to mended, and Mrs. Parkway from the carriage to write some idium on the business. Park- never spoken, and I thought I in his harsh features traces of and remorse. Lytherly had fol- rs. Parkway into the shop, and d see from where I stood, on the ring for a pen, he drew his gold e from his pocket, and offered ably containing a better imple- in any the Post office could af- The lady stared, looked a little but after a moment's hesitation, it with a very sweet smile. Mrs. Parkway was engaged in er letter, Lytherly stood by her sauntered out after her. I had ting in the porch, watching her whose face was so familiar to I half expected to see a look of on come into his eyes; but both- the sort happened. Lytherly then drive off, then turning round, exclaimed: "It's as good Robinson! We've got them!"

"What is there afresh?" I asked, sufficient to hang the scoundrel," therly. "You remember, of that among other things which len on the night of the murder ous locket which poor Miss used to wear, and that some s of the chain were afterwards

umbered this very well, and told

good," he continued. "I gave et and chain to the poor old girl; e only valuable I possessed in l; and Mrs. Parkway has the arbuncle in her brooch now."

ense!" I exclaimed, not knowing hat I did say at the moment. a fact," he said, "and I can it. What is more to the point, is that although the stone is in setting, and no one but myself, could recognize it, yet I can it. On the one side are my it in almost microscopic char- If they are there, that settles it; e not put me down as an impos-

fix the murder on me if you was a good deal more said after t the upshot of it was that we r to Colechester, and laid the ma- the authorities; when, after a n, a warrant was granted for the sion of Mr. Philip Parkway; and

"you don't mean to suppose he has any feeling to hurt. He has been trying to drive my poor young mistress, that I nursed when a baby, into her grave, and he would have done it if I had not been here. The only excuse is, he is, and always has been, a dangerous lunatic."

We drove off, and I saw no more of her, and never heard how Mrs. Parkway took the intelligence;

The lady was present at the prelimi- nary examination, and to her great surprise her carbuncle brooch was taken from her and used against her husband. This examination was on the next morning, and we obtained more evidence than we had at first expected. Not only was the carbuncle marked as Lytherly had said it would be, but I had been up at the station, being unable to shake off old habits, and had made some inquiries there. Strangely enough, the man who was head porter there five years ago (it is a very sensible way railroads have of keeping a good man in the same position always; promotion generally upsets and confuses things), and he was able, by secondary facts, to fix the dates and to that not only did Mr. Parkway go to Combestead for the funeral, but that he went to London and back just before; from London, of course, he could easily get to Combestead and his absence left him about time to do so. We proposed then to have a remand and get evidence from Combestead; but it was never needed.

Parkway had been expecting this blow for years, and always kept some deadly poison concealed in the hollow of his watch-seal. This he took on the night after his examination, and was found dead in his cell by the officer who went the rounds. He first wrote a very long and minute confession, or rather justification, showing that his motive had been to prevent his cousin's marriage with Lytherly, whom he seemed to hate very much, although the young man had never harmed him. He said he went expressly to Combestead to get possession of the money his misguided relative had drawn, and to kill her; so in doing this he felt he had committed no crime, but had only been an instrument of justice. So I suppose he was, as the housekeeper declared, a dangerous lunatic.

However, the reward of £100 had never been withdrawn, and I got it; it was paid out of Parkway's estate, too, which was about the strangest go I ever heard of. Lytherly and his wife are great friends with Mrs. Robinson and myself; indeed, we have usually one of their young ones staying with us, when we haven't one or two from my married daughter. Mrs. Parkway, I heard, sold off at the Mount, and went away; and sometime after, I saw by the papers, that she was married to some one else. I hope she made a better match the second time.

On the whole, on looking back, I am inclined to think that of all the clues by which I ever found anybody out, this was really the queerest.—*Cham's Jour.*

An old tin pan doesn't "point a moral" as often as it "adorns a tail."

Every dog has its day, but every cat its night.

When a man is making love to a widow, he always feels as if he had to begin where the other left off.

Even poor Lo, of the untutored mind, has an innate sense of the proprieties of life. A lady at Washington presented Spotted Tail with a picture of Venus, and the savage remarked, "Ugh, no blanket."

We hear of a girl who worked the motto, "I need thee every hour," and presented it to her chap. He says he can't help it; it takes him two hours to milk, and feed the pigs, morning and night, and business has got to be attended to.

Wife—"Well, Jones, judging from your breath, I can't really tell whether you have been drinking whiskey or whether you have been swimming in it." Husband (reproachfully).—"Hannah, don't you—hic—love me enough to gimme—hic—the benefit of the doubt?"

mission to look after the public officers. Lately the Postmaster was hauled over the coals at the instigation of an anonymous correspondent, and now we hear of the Chief Constable being called on to "toe the mark."

A vagrant at the Police Court in Belleville asked to be sent to prison for two or three months, and on being refused left the Court with the express intention of committing a crime meriting such a sentence. It is time means was devised to make our gaols a terror rather than free boarding houses.

On Saturday last a young lady living in the vicinity of Port Dover met with an accident which nearly cost her life. While examining a drawer in which her father keeps blasting material, she found an innocent looking article which turned out to have been a cartridge containing nitro-glycerine. She endeavored to remove the nitro-glycerine with a needle, when it exploded, blowing off the first and second fingers and the thumb of her left hand, besides badly mangleing the palms of both hands and burning the face,

The St. Paul "Dispatch" in the following paragraph, gives, we believe, expression to a very common feeling existing in Minnesota, and in other States as well:—"The development of the wheat country of Manitoba and the British North-west Territories is hindered, and the increase of trade with the United States is limited, by the tariff of twenty cents a bushel, which will prevent Dominion wheat from being marketed in Minneapolis and St. Paul. Is this right or necessary? Is not the difference in transportation enough protection for Minnesota farmers? Would not large trade with Manitoba be more profitable to the State than this pretended protection?"

The Port Hope "Guide" declares that the Committee appointed by the Town Council to investigate the charges made in that paper against the Chief Constable is composed of men who have already publicly committed themselves favourably to the accused officer. The "Guide" makes the following proposition, which appears to be a fair one: "If the Council will follow the example set in Lindsay, a short time since, when trying their late Chief, and appoint a judge before whom witnesses will be obliged to give evidence under oath, and before a Court which will reject all irrelevant evidence, and at the same time keep down the effervescent enthusiasm of the crowd Marshall is sure to have around him in any other public place, we pledge ourselves to give him all the evidence he wants for the remainder of his days as to his neglect of duty."

The Winnipeg "Free Press" (31st ult.) says:—"There was a church opening at Woodlands last week, and the clergymen who participated in the ceremonies, on their trip home to Winnipeg, met with an adventure which is well worth recording. A prairie fire was raging furiously, and a strong wind blew the flames directly towards them, compelling the party, if they wished to make home that night, to rush through the flames. This course of action was decided upon, and Rev. Messrs. Fortin and Matheson, who were in a high buggy, escaped with but a slight singeing of their whiskers; but Rev. Canon O'Meara, who with Mrs. O'Meara was driving in a low buckboard, did not escape so easily. Mr. O'Meara's whiskers were scorched and his face burned, while Mrs. O'Meara's veil, which covered her face, caught fire more than once, she, however, fortunately not being injured by the flames. The horses manes and tails were also singed, but otherwise the animals were uninjured."

United States.

The Illinois coal miners who struck for an advance seven months ago are beginning to go back to work.

It is stated that the Secretary of State on the Samoan Islands is on the way to Washington to negotiate a treaty whereby the islands may be placed under the protection of the United States.

The war correspondent of the New York Times was recently summoned to headquarters and ordered to quit Roumania in twenty-four hours. The cause alleged was that he had eeryed in the Ottoman ranks some years ago, and that it was the intention of the Commander-in-Chief not to allow such a one in the localities which at present serve as a base of operations for the Russian army.

by the intense cold of winter. The work may be done to advantage at any time after the leaves drop, or the leaves, if still on, are quickly stripped off at this time of the year. Tie them up neatly, label them distinctly, and pack them away in a cool cellar in damp moss.

Cuttings of Currants and Gooseberries

for propagating the sorts, should be taken off in autumn. If put out in beds before winter sets in, and protected with a layer of fine manure, two inches thick, they will be more likely to start freely in spring than by the common treatment. When thus set out, the earth should be very closely pressed about them, leaving no interstices or crevices. The manure on them will enrich the bed, and is sure to start them vigorously.

Keeping Apples.

Apples placed in dry sawdust would keep better than exposed, as the sawdust would exclude unequal currents of air and maintain a more uniform temperature, and it would also absorb decayed portions and prevent their spreading to other apples. The temperature should be quite cold, or nearly at freezing, at which point the dry sawdust would serve to prevent danger from actual frost. Nearly the same effect would be produced by placing in tight barrels. Damp sawdust in a warm cellar, would hasten decay.

Covering Flower Beds.

which contain half tender bulbs and shrubs, such as hyacinths and roses, is very easily and neatly effected with evergreen branches. Let them be cut nearly equal in length, and begin at the outside and place them tops outward in a neat circle if the bed is round, and on these lay the next circle, and so on till the bed is covered. They will thus become a real ornament instead of defacing the grounds as when straw or cow's manure is employed. This covering should not be employed until freezing weather.

Pumpkin Pie.

A ripe, deep-colored, thick-fleshed, fine-grained pumpkin. Divide in halves, remove seeds, cut in small pieces, take off the skin, put in vessel and stew slowly with very little water, till quite dry: stir often, especially at the last, for fear of scorching. Do not drain the juice off, as that is the sweetest part of the pumpkin. While hot, sift through a colander; add a small piece of butter, and to 4 quarts of pumpkin use 4 eggs, 3 cupfuls of sugar, 1 tablespoonful of ginger, 1/2 tablespoonful of cinnamon and one quart of good milk. Bake slowly with one crust.—NODDY BOFFIN.

Geraniums.

Directions are continually repeated, to take up geraniums, wash the roots, and hang them up without any covering in a cellar till spring. This may do where the precise degree of moisture exists in the cellar, which is not probably the case with one cellar in twenty, and we have never yet been able to meet the person who has been thus successful. Instead of this unnatural mode, we adopt a treatment, formerly explained, as near like keeping them in a cool green-house as practicable. They are taken up, roots and tops trimmed, and set closely in boxes containing an inch or two of damp sawdust at the bottom. Damp sawdust is then sifted and shaken all through the roots. The boxes are placed near the largest cellar window. Watering two or three times will keep the sawdust damp till spring. They are then set in a hot-bed and started, and when placed in beds, bloom profusely all summer.

Transplanting Strawberries.

We have never succeeded well in transplanting strawberries at any time in autumn, unless the plants are removed short distances with a ball of soil on the roots. With this care, however, we have transplanted them in open weather in January, and had a fair crop the following June. The plants were selected where the rooted runners were thinly distributed over the bed, so that each could be liberally furnished with earth in remov-

at a moment's hesitation, it with a very sweet smile. s. Parkway was engaged in a letter, Lytherly stood by her antered out after her. I had ag in the porch, watching her whose face was so familiar to alf expected to see a look of come into his eyes; but noth- e sort happened. Lytherly em drive off, then turning und, exclaimed: "It's as good binson! We've got them!" hat is there afresh?" I asked. ficient to hang the scoundrel," erly. "You remember, of at among other things when in on the night of the murder ous locket which poor Miss sed to wear, and that some of the chain were afterwards

bered this very well, and told

od," he continued. "I gave and chain to the poor old girl; only valuable I possessed in and Mrs. Parkway has the buncle in her brooch now." so!" I exclaimed, not knowing at I did say at the moment. fact," he said, "and I can What is more to the point, that although the stone is in etting, and no one but myself, could recognize it, yet I can On the one side are my in almost microscopic char- they are there, that settles it; not put me down as an impos- fix the murder on me if you

is a good deal more said after he upshot of it was that we Colchester, and laid the mat- the authorities; when, after a warrant was granted for the on of Mr. Philip Parkway; and s, accompanied by Lytherly went over to execute it. ter nightfall when we arrived nt; and on knocking at the und that Mr. Parkway was in; e was out, having gone up (no woman that was called by the rmed us) to play the harmo- weekly rehearsal of the village bout the only amusement she hing," the woman muttered, med in a bad temper about

We said we wanted to see r, and that she need not an- And, as I live, I believe that essed directly who we were, re had come for. At any rate w of triumph came into her re pointed to a door nearly op- ere we stood. We opened it, ourselves in a sort of large re, seated at a table, reading, n we wanted. He looked up as we entered, and the light ngly on his face, while all the e room was in darkness, I a pale,less come and go on features; but that might have

is your business?" he began; anes, the chief constable, cut

rry to inform you, Mr. Park- d, "that I hold a warrant for r, and you must consider your- ody."

stared at him, mechanically ook he was reading, and said: harge, sir?" rder," says Baynes; and then Parkway did turn very white. nder of Miss Parkway, at l, in 186—"

looked from one to the other few seconds without speaking, yes settled for an instant on hen turning to Banes, he said, raight at Lytherly: "It was have no doubt, who set you

id better not say anything, he chief constable," but just rvants what orders you wish, ith us, as we cannot stop." ay it was he, continued Park- answering Mr. Banes, but

it was paid out of Parkway's estate, too, which was about the strangest go I ever heard of. Lytherly and his wife are great friends with Mrs. Robinson and myself; indeed, we have usually one of their young ones staying with us, when we haven't one or two from my married daughter. Mrs. Parkway, I heard, sold off at the Mount, and went away; and sometime after, I saw by the papers, that she was married to some one else. I hope she made a better match the second time.

On the whole, on looking back, I am inclined to think that of all the clues by which I ever found anybody out, this was really the queerest.—*Cham's Jour.*

An old tin pan doesn't "point a moral" as often as it "adorns a tail."

Every dog has its day, but every cat its night.

When a man is making love to a widow, he always feels as if he had to begin where the other left off.

Even poor Lo, of the untutored mind, has an innate sense of the proprieties of life. A lady at Washington presented Spotted Tail with a picture of Venus, and the savage remarked, "Ugh, no blanket."

We hear of a girl who worked the motto, "I need thee every hour," and presented it to her chap. He says he can't help it; it takes him two hours to milk, and feed the pigs, morning and night, and business has got to be attend- ed to.

Wife—"Well, Jones, judging from your breath, I can't really tell whether you have been drinking whiskey or whether you have been swimming in it." Husband (reproachfully).—"Hannah, don't you—hic—love me enough to gimme—hic—the benefit of the doubt?"

Mr. Agassiz says that in certain Amazonian tribes, on the day of his marriage, while the wedding-festivities are going on, the bridegroom's hands are tied up in a paper bag with fire-ants. If he bears the torture smilingly and unmoved, he is considered fit for the trials of matrimony.

Logic is very simple when properly explained. Thus the premises of a proposition are that you have a door with a key-hole in it and prompted by fancy you blow pepper through it with the bellows. If the next day the servant appears with her eye in a bandage, the inference is she was peeping into the room at an unfortunate moment.

A boy came along to one of our neighbors' houses holding a very dirty dog, and asked the gentleman of the house: "Don't you want to buy a dog, Mister?" "What kind of a dog is it?" asked the gentleman. "The boy looked puzzled. "Well," said he, "it is part terrier." "And wat is the rest?" asked the gentleman. "The rest," answered the boy, "why, the rest is—is—just dog."

A Dog, a Man and a Mule.

A North Carolina wagoner sold his dog to a Lawrence County man the other day for a half a barrel of sorghum syrup. The dog, however, refused to be sold, and took refuge under the wagon. Lawrence County man crawled after him, with a piece of meat in one hand and a rope in the other. Although there were several spectators of the scene that ensued it is difficult to get at the facts. All agree that there was a scuffle under the wagon, accompanied by yells; but no one is willing to affirm that the man had the dog or the dog had the man. Finally, the dog as it would seem, brushed up against the hind legs of the mule, and then all was still. It is not certain what killed the dog. One of the spectators said he thought he heard a trace chain rattle, but when he went to examine the mule was asleep. The man had lost his hat, his coat, and the greater part of his trousers, and subsequent examination proved that the dog died with one ear and a handful of hair in his mouth.

in any other public place, we pledge ourselves to give him all the evidence he wants for the remainder of his days as to his neglect of duty.

The Winnipeg "Free Press" (31st ult.) says:—There was a church opening at Woodlands last week, and the clergymen who participated in the ceremonies, on their trip home to Winnipeg, met with an adventure which is well worth recording. A prairie fire was raging furiously, and a strong wind blew the flames directly towards them, compelling the party, if they wished to make home that night, to rush through the flames. This course of action was decided upon, and Rev. Messrs. Fortin and Matheson, who were in a high buggy, escaped with but a slight singeing of their whiskers; but Rev. Canon O'Meara, who with Mrs. O'Meara was driving in a low buckboard, did not escape so easily. Mr. O'Meara's whiskers were scorched and his face burned, while Mrs. O'Meara's veil, which covered her face, caught fire more than once, she, however, fortunately not being injured by the flames. The horses manes and tails were also singed, but otherwise the animals were uninjured.

United States.

The Illinois coal miners who struck for an advance seven months ago are beginning to go back to work.

It is stated that the Secretary of State on the Samoan Islands is on the way to Washington to negotiate a treaty whereby the islands may be placed under the protection of the United States.

The war correspondent of the New York Times was recently summoned to headquarters and ordered to quit Roumania in twenty-four hours. The cause alleged was that he had seryed in the Ottoman ranks some years ago, and that it was the intention of the Commander-in-Chief not to allow such a one in the localities which at present serve as a base of operations for the Russian army.

Great Britain.

Queen Victoria and the Princess Beatrice have been making lint at Balmoral for the wounded in the Eastern war, and the example has been followed in fashionable circles.

Indications go to show that reason is beginning to exert an influence in the strikes which have afflicted England so frequently during the past. Lord Moncrieff, who was chosen arbitrator in the dispute between the Clyde operative shipwrights and their employers, Thursday gave his decision in favour of the latter, on the ground that the state of trade does not warrant an advance of wages.

The Daily News of Oct. 23 says:—There was again a large quantity of fresh meat landed at Liverpool last week from the United States and Canada, and though the recent gales have had the effect of prolonging the voyages of most of the vessels, the meat on arrival, with one exception, was in very good condition. The exception was a consignment of about five tons of beef, brought by the Cunard steamer Maratutta from Boston. The vessel encountered the full fury of the storm, and the meat which was suspended by hooks, became detached, allowing the salt water to reach and seriously affect it.

The Continent.

The Queen-Dowager of Saxony is dead. The New Orleans cigar makers are on strike.

A strong opposition to the Government is being developed in Italy.

The French census of 1876 gives the population of the country as a fraction short of thirty-seven millions.

A despatch from Calcutta states that the Mussulmans of the up-country are greatly excited over the recent Turkish reverses.

The Bavarian diplomatic representation at the Vatican is about to be recalled on account of the useless expense of the mission.

The Spanish Cortes will be convened in January, to approve of the King's marriage and vote a subsidy.

often, especially at the last, for fear of scorching. Do not drain the juice off, as that is the sweetest part of the pumpkin. While hot, sift through a colander; add a small piece of butter, and to 4 quarts of pumpkin use 4 eggs, 3 cupfuls of sugar, 1 tablespoonful of ginger, 3 tablespoonful of cinnamon and one quart of good milk. Bake slowly with one crust.—NODDY BOFFIN.

Geraniums.

Directions are continually repeated, to take up geraniums, wash the roots, and hang them up without any covering in a cellar till spring. This may do where the precise degree of moisture exists in the cellar, which is not probably the case with one cellar in twenty, and we have never yet been able to meet the person who has been thus successful. Instead of this unnatural mode, we adopt a treatment, formerly explained, as near like keeping them in a cool green-house as practicable. They are taken up, roots and tops trimmed, and set closely in boxes containing an inch or two of damp sawdust at the bottom. Damp sawdust is then sifted and shaken all through the roots. The boxes are placed near the largest cellar window. Watering two or three times will keep the sawdust damp till spring. They are then set in a hot-bed and started, and when placed in beds, bloom profusely all summer.

Transplanting Strawberries.

We have never succeeded well in transplanting strawberries at any time in autumn, unless the plants are removed short distances with a ball of soil on the roots. With this care, however, we have transplanted them in open weather in January, and had a fair crop the following June. The plants were selected where the rooted runners were thinly distributed over the bed, so that each could be largely furnished with earth in removal, or else several plants were taken up in a mass. Cut down with a sharp spade on the four sides of the plant, and then lift out the square block and carry it on the spade and reposit it in a square hole previously made to receive it. Although the roots of the plants are often two or three feet long, and many are thus cut off, yet enough are left for the plants to grow with but little check. If more expedition and less care are desired, the balls of earth may be smaller, and may be carried in a wheelbarrow or basket; and such will succeed tolerably well. All these different modes are of course intended for limited garden culture.

Trump Cards.

JOSH BILLINGS.

I have never known a second wife but what waz boss of the situashum.

Whiskey is a hard thing to convince, therefore I never argy with a drunken man.

I huv a rooster for two things: one iz the spurs that is in him, and the other iz the spurs that are on him, to back up the crow with.

The dog that will follow everybody ain't worth much.

The sassiest man I ever met iz a hen-peckt husband when he iz away from home.

An enthusiast iz an individual who beleaves about four time az much az he kan prove, and about four times az much az cunny boddylse beleaves.

Too long courtships are not always judicious; the partys often tire out skoreing before the trot begins.

Nature seldom makes a phool, she simply furnishes the raw materials, and lets the fellow finish the job to sait himself.

Young man, learn to wait. If yu undertake to set a hen before she iz ready, yu will lose your time and confuze the hen besides.

One quart of cheap whiskey—the cheaper the better—judiciously applied will do more business for the devil than the smartest deakon he has got.

DIRECTORY.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

G. T. RAILWAY.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

Express.....12:58 A. M. Express.....5:12 P. M.
Express.....12:58 P. M. Express.....5:52 A. M.
Mixed.....11:20 P. M. Mixed.....7:55 A. M.

STAGES ARRIVE AT NAPANEE.

From Newburgh and Tamworth, 10 1/2 a. m.
From Pictou and Mill Point, 7 p. m.
From Brinsville, 10 1/2 a. m.

DEPART FROM NAPANEE.

To Newburgh and Tamworth, 2 1/2 p. m.
To Mill Point and Pictou, 3 1/2 a. m.
To Brinsville, 2 1/2 p. m.

STEAMBOATS.

Str. *Shannon*, leaves Pictou daily, 6 a. m.
Arriving at Napanee, 9:30 a. m.
Leaves Napanee, 3 p. m.
Arriving in Pictou, 6 p. m.
Str. *Pilgrim* (Napanee and Mill Point),
Leaves Napanee 8:30 a. m., and 1:15 p. m.
Leaves Mill Point 11 a. m., and 3:30 p. m.

POST OFFICE.

The Post Office Napanee is open from 8 a. m. till 6 p. m.
Day Train East Mail closes, 12:05 p. m.
West, 4:30 p. m.
Night Train East, 9:00 p. m.
West, 9:00 p. m.
Camden Route—Tamworth, Centreville, Camden East, Newburgh and Napanee Mills—Mail closes 2:15 p. m.
Mill Point and Prince, Edward County Route—Mill Point, Pictou, Northport, and Demorestville—Mail closes 6:30 a. m.
Fredericksburg Route—Morven, Hamburg, Sillsville, Parma and Conway—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays—Mail closes 1 p. m.
Switzerville—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays—Mail closes 1:15 p. m.
Gosport and Grctna—Saturday—Mail closes 1 p. m.
Erinsville, Roblin and Selby, daily—Mail closes 1:30 p. m.
Overton, Forest Mills and Leinster, daily—Mail closes 1:30 p. m.

CHURCHES.

HOURS OF SERVICES.

Episcopal Methodist—Rev. C. Hartley. Services 10:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m. Sunday School, 2 p. m.
Janada Methodist—Rev. A. B. Chambers, L.L.B. Services 10:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m. Sunday School, 2 p. m.
Episcopal—Rev. J. J. Bogart, Rector. Services 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Sunday School 3 p. m.
Presbyterian—Rev. A. Young. Services 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Sunday School 3 p. m.
Roman Catholic—Rev. Father MacDonagh. Mass 10:30 a. m., and 6:30 p. m. Sunday School 2:30 p. m.
The Brethren—Meet at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 2:30 p. m., every Sunday in Grange Block.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co.,

40 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,

AGENTS for the "NAPANEE EXPRESS", Napanee, Ont.



THE EXPRESS.

NAPANEE, NOV. 16th, 1877.

TO OUR PATRONS.

Custom has long since established the precedent, which has almost become a law, that an Editor, on assuming his responsible duties, shall address his readers at considerable length on what might be termed his line of policy. In our case, however, we can assure our friends that the infliction shall, for the present, at least, be brief. In assuming the position we fully appreciate its cares and responsibilities. We can only promise that in every instance will we do our best to serve the interest of the public and the party with which we and the EXPRESS have always been identified. While we shall constantly endeavor to further the interests of Reform in the Ridings from which we principally derive our support, we will give a condensed detail of the week's doings, with a sprinkling of

COMPARISONS.

Tory leaders, during their perigrinations through the country are ever harping upon the extravagance of the Grit Government. A comparison of how the "chieftain" conducted, his department, "spending money like a man" and the economical manner in which it has been conducted by the Hon. E. Blake, illustrates the value of their accusations. For telegraphing, in one year, Sir John charged the department \$4,371.88; Mr. Blake's bill was only \$330. For cab hire, Sir John set down \$1,035.50; Mr. Blake's \$14.80. For travelling expenses, Sir John claimed \$1,218.12; Mr. Blake, \$51.35. For postage, Sir John, with less than one-third the amount of correspondence, charged \$493.37; and Mr. Blake did more than three times the business at a cost of \$125.77. A saving of nearly \$6,000 a year in one department may seem a trifle to a princely politician like Sir John, but the people at whose expense he has been dispensing his royal favors think differently. No defense or explanation of this outlay is offered, Oppositionists wisely ignoring the comparison, content if they can distract public attention by resurrecting some of their exploded slanders.

RECIPROCITY.

Whether or no Canada is soon to have the privileges of reciprocal trade with our neighbors across the border, there is evidently a rapidly increasing tendency in its favor throughout the States. There are at the present time no less than four resolutions before Congress tending in the direction of a more liberal trade policy with other nations. Such convincing proofs of the suicidal policy which has been in vogue in that country for a number of years, as are presented by Mr. David Wells, that the present tariff system, "not only shut out foreign goods, but shut home manufactures in," and Secretary Eyarts, statement that free trade was the one great necessity of the United States, is having its influence. The first of the resolutions referred to authorizes the President to appoint three commissioners to confer with other commissioners to be appointed by the Emperor of Brazil, to ascertain on what basis a treaty of reciprocal trade for the mutual benefit of the people of the United States and the Empire of Brazil can be negotiated. Another resolution authorizes the President to appoint three commissioners to confer with commissioners from the Dominion of Canada for the same purposes as stated in the first resolution. The third resolution is for negotiating a reciprocity treaty with the Central American States, and the fourth for obtaining, if possible, a reciprocity treaty with Mexico. In the Senate, Senator Maxey, of Texas, has introduced a joint resolution of similar purport for the negotiation of reciprocal trade with Mexico, and Mr. Maxey is now preparing statistics of the trade of Mexico with foreign countries in comparison with her commerce with the United States. So the ball keeps rolling, one by one the most convincing proofs of the utter emptiness of the Protection myth are adduced, and its theories entirely exploded by the bitter test of practical experience.

GRAIN SHIPMENT.—The large shipments of grain from New York to Liverpool are calling into requisition the services of every available vessel—even the Faraday and the Great Eastern, both of which have been largely used for the laying of Atlantic cables, being brought into this service. The Faraday sailed from New York on Friday, loaded with grain and provisions and 500 horses and cattle on her decks, and the Great Eastern, 10,000 tons burden, is on her way to New York on a similar errand. It is said that enough orders have been received for grain on English account to give employment to every idle British vessel afloat. On account of the great movement in grain it is thought that England, anticipating a prolongation of the war, is laying in her next season's stock.

Because Mr. Laurier, the new Minister of Inland Revenue was defeated at the Polls by a majority of 26, Oppositionists are loud in their demands upon the Premier to dissolve the House. This is considered sufficient evidence that the tidal wave which has been sweeping over the Country during the past two years, devouring in its might grit government, buns and such like choice morsels, has at last reached such a height that all demands must be complied with. But out of curiosity let us examine how these same gentlemen acted under similar circumstances. Sir Archibald, an associate Minister with Sir John Macdonald was defeated by a majority of 263, and the Ministry did not resign in consequence. The majority against Sir Geo. E. Cartier was over 1000, and yet Sir John only gripped the reins tighter and sent his friend to a convenient constituency in Manitoba to represent a few half breeds. Sir Francis Hincks was defeated in 1872 by a majority of 270, and was compelled to seek a constituency in British Columbia. But what was still worse this redoubtable Knight retained Mr. Morrison in his Cabinet for two years without a seat in the House. Under these circumstances we cannot see justice in the demand and are inclined to believe that no one but a man possessing a cheek as tough as boiler-plate would think of repeating it.

WAR NEWS.

Friday.

THE SITUATION AT PLEVNA.

Affairs at Plevna are apparently nearing a crisis. Desertions are becoming alarmingly frequent, as well as numerous, the last batch reported at the Russian headquarters numbering five hundred, and the indications are that Osman Pasha must shortly either surrender or attempt a sortie. There is no news today from Cheket Pasha, who was said to be moving to the relief of Plevna, and it is doubtful if he will be able to make an enduring impression upon the large forces of Russians that blockade Osman Pasha on the south.

News has been received from Muktar Pasha up to Monday, when the Turks were occupying the fortifications of Erzeroum and preparing for such a defence as their weakened condition would allow them to make.

The news from Montenegro was engaged in bombarding one of their forts near Scutari, and in capturing batteries on

Tuesday.

Heavy fighting is said to have been going on at Plevna, which, according to Turkish advices, has resulted in a mention attempts made by the Turkish forces to capture the positions, but it is suspiciously silent as to results. A change of commanders in this quarter, reported, Cheket Pasha and M. Ali having exchanged commands, the going to Orhanie, whence operations in aid of Osman Pasha be made if made at all, and the taking the command at the Shipka. It has finally been decided that will take part in the war, and Milan has issued a proclamation army.

A Bogot despatch, dated Nov. 6th, says Osman Pasha's losses amounted at two hundred to three hundred from the Russian artillery. Pasha's is busily constructing fortifications, which point to his intention to hold out as long as possible rather than attempt a sortie. Prisoners and reports state that the Turks have six provisions.

A Bogot despatch says: The Turkish Saturday night attempted to capture Skobelev's positions. The Russians allowed the Turks to approach within a hundred paces, when they received with a heavy fire. The Turks retired to an entrenched position and made a violent fire until two o'clock the day morning.

Wednesday.

The only change in the situation in the vicinity of Plevna is the occupation of Gen. Skobelev's command of the position which yesterday's despatches them disputing with the Turks, attacks of the latter having been repulsed by a heavy fire from seventy guns. The new position will enable the besiegers to turn all intervening works in the direction of Tutenitza, Radishov, Gravitz—along the lines to the east Plevna. Preparations are, it being made for a general attack on Osman Pasha.

Another change in the Turkish commands is announced, Suleiman once more taking the army of R. and Fazli Pasha the army of Rasg this direction the Russians are upkovatz, to the west of Vratza, ably with the intention of crossing the Balkans once more. In the w Montenegrins have met with a success in the neighbourhood of Antyari, which enable them to commence more operations against that town. Preparations are being made for Servians. Fresh bodies of troops constantly on the move towards the frontier, ambulances are being sent and work is going on night and day at the arsenal at Kragujevatz.

There is no news of importance from Asia Minor. General Heymaer has marched upon Erzeroum but lost his way.

Thursday.

Muktar Pasha telegraphed from room this morning 9th inst., that the Russians attacked his positions at their troops were repulsed, and sued them four or five miles from room. The Russians were totally defeated. The trenches are filled with their dead. Earlier advices show before this the situation was very serious. The inhabitants demanded the Russians to capitulate.

At Plevna there are indications of a general movement of the inside the town is visible from the Russian lines. Gen. Skobelev is reported to have captured additional Turkish positions on Monday night, thereby contracting the circle of besiegers. Reported well at Erzeroum. Reports having arrived the garrison refused to comply with a summons to surrender, and are confident of being able to hold the town. An active campaign against Kars is going on. In the I



THE EXPRESS.

NAPANEE, NOV. 16th, 1877.

TO OUR PATRONS.

Custom has long since established the precedent, which has almost become a law, that an Editor, on assuming his responsible duties, shall address his readers at considerable length on what might be termed his line of policy. In our case, however, we can assure our friends that the infliction shall, for the present, at least, be brief. In assuming the position we fully appreciate its cares and responsibilities. We can only promise that in every instance will we do our best to serve the interest of the public and the party with which we and the EXPRESS have always been identified. While we shall constantly endeavor to further the interests of Reform in the Ridings from which we principally derive our support, we will give a condensed detail of the week's doings, with a sprinkling of choice literary selections, making a journal of interest to both old and young. During the next few weeks we purpose making several improvements in the typographical appearance and make up of the paper, and by paying unceasing attention to our business, furnish a paper which will be well worth the price of subscription. Of these changes, however, we will speak as they are made, and for the present merely crave your future favors and indulgencies.

WM. C. SCOTT.

FARMERS AND PROTECTION.

Some of our Conservative friends who find the Hon. Mr. Cartwright's address anent Protection, more especially that portion referring to farmers, rather a hard dose to swallow, affect not to understand this very lucid and exhaustive explanations. For their information we give a brief revise of a few of the Hon. Minister's sentiments. His first principle was "that native industry should be fostered, but that the promotion of trade for the benefit of a few instead of the whole, was erroneous." That the protection or enriching of a few at the expense of the mass was not a policy of good government. Secondly—that a further increase of duty on imports meant an increase of taxation, and as only about one-fourth of the population were at all interested in the so-called protection system, the great burden of the increase must come directly from the pockets of the agricultural community. Although it was desirable that every branch of our national industries should succeed, still success may be purchased at too dear a price, as our American neighbors, both manufacturers and agriculturists, have already found to their sorrow. One of the foremost principles, therefore expressed by Mr. Cartwright was that if a higher rate of tariff be inaugurated it would simply mean taking so much more money directly from the pockets of farmers and others in Canada, for the purpose of enriching a certain few of the community. It is not desirable, nor is it necessary, that home manufactures, and Secretary Eyarts, statement that free trade was the one great necessity of the United States, is having its influence. The first of the resolutions referred to authorizes the President to appoint three commissioners to confer with other commissioners to be appointed by the Emperor of Brazil, to ascertain on what basis a treaty of reciprocal trade for the mutual benefit of the people of the United States and the Empire of Brazil can be negotiated. Another resolution authorizes the President to appoint three commissioners to confer with commissioners from the Dominion of Canada for the same purposes as stated in the first resolution. The third resolution is for negotiating a reciprocity treaty with the Central American States, and the fourth for obtaining, if possible, a reciprocity treaty with Mexico. In the Senate, Senator Maxey, of Texas, has introduced a joint resolution of similar purport for the negotiation of reciprocal trade with Mexico, and Mr. Maxey is now preparing statistics of the trade of Mexico with foreign countries in comparison with her commerce with the United States. So the ball keeps rolling, one by one the most convincing proofs of the utter emptiness of the Protection myth are adduced, and its theories entirely exploded by the bitter test of practical experience.

From all parts of the Province and the Dominion come the highest eulogies of the masterly manner in which the Hon. Mr. Cartwright, in his Napanee address, dealt with the charges brought against him by John A. Macdonald, and his lieutenant, and prospective heir-at-law—Dr. Tupper.

The writ for the new election in Quebec East, was despatched from Ottawa Monday afternoon. The nomination will be held on Wednesday, the 21st inst. Hon. Mr. Laurier will be opposed by Mr. Tourangeau, ex-M. P. P. The local election in Quebec West will be contested by Mr. Ahearn, Liberal, and Mr. R. Alleen, Conservative.

The campaign in Quebec is being carried on vigorously and with a good prospect for the success of Mr. Laurier. The people and Mr. Thibadeau, who so generously tendered his position to the Minister of Inland Revenue, are working with a will to secure his election. Mr. Tourangeau, ex M. P., has accepted the nomination in the Conservative interest, Mr. Vallee having retired.

OKA INDIANS.—We are pleased to see that there is a prospect of an early, amicable settlement of the Oka Indian difficulty. The Government have offered the tribe an ample reserve of land, where they will have a better chance for earning a subsistence, and the Seminary offer a large amount for their conveyance to any reserve that may be set aside for them. This will obviate all the bitter feeling which would ensue from prolonged litigation and the Indians by being provided with good lands will have an opportunity of acquiring all the comforts and conveniences of civilized life.

The *Globe* says that it is reported that a "workmen's" testimonial in

Hincks was defeated in 1872 by a majority of 270, and was compelled to seek a constituency in British Columbia. But what was still worse this redoubtable Knight retained Mr. Morrison in his Cabinet for two years without a seat in the House. Under these circumstances we cannot see justice in the demand and are inclined to believe that no one but a man possessing a cheek as tough as boiler-plate would think of repeating it.

WAR NEWS.

Friday.

THE SITUATION AT PLEVNA.

Affairs at Plevna are apparently nearing a crisis. Desertions are becoming alarmingly frequent, as well as numerous, the last batch reported at the Russian headquarters numbering five hundred, and the indications are that Osman Pasha must shortly either surrender or attempt a sortie. There is no news to-day from Cheket Pasha, who was said to be moving to the relief of Plevna, and it is doubtful if he will be able to make an enduring impression upon the large forces of Russians that blockade Osman Pasha on the south.

News has been received from Mukhtar Pasha up to Monday, when the Turks were occupying the fortifications of Erzerum and preparing for such a defence as their weakened condition would allow them to make.

The news from Montenegro is engaged in bombarding one of their forts near Spuz, and in erecting batteries opposite Podgoritz. Fears are entertained of a rising in Albania, the symptoms of hostility among the population being alarmingly on the increase, and a depuration of the local chiefs being actually on a mission at the Montenegrin headquarters.

Notwithstanding its continually growing troubles the Porte seems still disposed to carry matters with a high hand. Four hundred of the principal inhabitants of Bulgaria—including the Geshoffs—have, with their families, been exiled to Asia Minor, and are now on their way thither under a strong escort. The Porte, too, in spite of increasing weakness has made a demand upon Servia for the withdrawal of the corps of observation now posted on the frontier, under pain of vigorous military measures. The threat sounds lamentably impotent in view of existing circumstances, but Servia can no longer afford to bluster as when she had Russia at her back.

Saturday.

The plot is thickening at Plevna, and it is believed that the final catastrophe is close at hand. The Russians are strongly convinced that the beleaguered fortress cannot hold out many days longer, as Osman Pasha's men are fast deserting him on account of the hardships and privations to which they are exposed. It is expected, however, that a combined movement for the relief of the place will be made by Mehmet Ali and Cheket Pasha from without, seconded by a sortie by Osman Pasha. The Turks at Turtukai have met with a reverse, an attempt to cross the Danube and seize Olgenitz having been repulsed with heavy losses.

In Asia Minor Mukhtar Pasha has succeeded in repelling an attack upon the redoubts to the south-east of Erzerum, and the success seems to have come in the very nick of time to avert a surrender, as the inhabitants of the city were becoming clamorous for a capitulation. The Turks pursued the attacking party to Deve-Boyun, where they were driven back again, but, rallying, they again put the Russians to flight. Mukhtar telegraphs that he still hopes to hold Erzerum, as he is well supplied with artillery and munitions, and reinforcements are on the way to his assistance.

A rumour has got abroad to the effect that the Porte has confidentially forwarded to some of the Powers the draft of a peace programme. This report is not confirmed, and the state of affairs at Constantinople would appear to justify it.

ably with the intention of crossing Balkans once more. In the west Montenegrins have met with a success in the neighbourhood of Antivari, which enable them to commence more vigorous operations against that town. (preparations are being made by Servians. Fresh bodies of troops constantly on the move towards frontier, ambulances are being for and work is going on night and day the arsenal at Kragujevatz.

There is no news of importance Asia Minor. General Heymann is a march upon Erzerum on Thursday last his way.

Thursday.

Mukhtar Pasha telegraph from Erzerum this morning 9th inst., that the sians attacked his positions at A. Their troops were repulsed, and he sued them four or five miles from Erzerum. The Russians were totally defeated. The trenches are filled with their dead. Earlier advices show before this the situation was very critical. The inhabitants demanded the authorities to capitulate.

At Plevna there are indications of a sortie, as general movement of the troops inside the town is visible from the Russian lines. Gen. Skobelev is reported have captured additional Turkish positions on Monday night, thereby further contracting the circle of besiegers. It is reported well at Erzerum. Reinforcements having arrived the garrison refused to comply with a summons to surrender, and are confident of being able to hold the town. An active cannonade against Kars is going on. In the Balkans the Russians recently made an attack in the direction of Orchanie, but were repulsed, with a loss of four hundred and fifty men, by a Turkish corps of observation.

Servia has apparently made up mind to war and has replied to the Porte's demand for the withdrawal of troops from the frontier with the intimation that it is impossible to leave the inhabitants of the frontier without military protection. The Servian agent at Constantinople, however, asserts that he has received no confirmation of the repulsive attitude of the Principality.

New Montenegrin successes are reported from the neighbourhood of Antivari, and as there is no force either at that place or at Scutari sufficient to oppose the native troops, the probability is that the latter will, for a time at least, carry everything before them, and cannot fail to have a disquieting effect on the neighbouring population of Albania.

Pope Plus IX.

The most conflicting rumors are current respecting the state of the Pope's health, and news from the Vatican looked for with the most absorbing interest in all parts of the world. Two of the Cardinals are also reported as being seriously ill. There is hardly a day that the state of the Pope's health is not the cause of much anxiety to those intimately connected with him, although reliance can be set upon the sensational reports sent over the wires almost hourly. The following are the latest speculations:—

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—A London spatch reports that all hope of the Pope's recovery has been abandoned. The Italian Government has already taken precaution to station a strong guard around all the approaches of the Vatican to prevent any plugging that might lower the announcement of the death of Pope.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—A *Herald* correspondent says the Pope broke down a fortnight ago. After a period of unconsciousness he revived slightly on Saturday morning. As night came on he grew weaker again, and the death rattle was heard in his throat. His condition alarmed attendants. During Sunday he rallied but a sore in his leg, which had served his safety valve, had closed. Prof. Vanzetti, the greatest physician in Italy, was summoned. He believes there is a chance of recovery, and death will

in the typographical appearance and make up of the paper, and by paying unceasing attention to our business, furnish a paper which will be well worth the price of subscription. Of these changes, however, we will speak as they are made, and for the present merely crave your future favors and indulgencies.

WM. C. SCOTT.

FARMERS AND PROTECTION.

Some of our Conservative friends who find the Hon. Mr. Cartwright's address afloat Protection, more especially that portion referring to farmers, rather a hard dose to swallow, affect not to understand this very lucid and exhaustive explanation. For their information we give a brief revise of a few of the Hon. Minister's sentiments. His first principle was "that native industry should be fostered, but that the promotion of trade for the benefit of a few instead of the whole, was erroneous." That the protection or enriching of a few at the expense of the mass was not a policy of good government. Secondly—that a further increase of duty on imports meant an increase of taxation, and as only about one-fourth of the population were at all interested in the so-called protection system, the great burden of the increase must come directly from the pockets of the agricultural community. Although it was desirable that every branch of our national industries should succeed, still success may be purchased at too dear a price, as our American neighbors, both manufacturers and agriculturists, have already found to their sorrow. One of the foremost principles, therefore expressed by Mr. Cartwright was that if a higher rate of tariff be inaugurated it would simply mean taking so much more money directly from the pockets of farmers and others in Canada, for the purpose of enriching a certain few of the community. It is not desirable, nor is it necessary, that the manufacturers shall cost the country such a price. Such industries as are flourishing do not require even the present duty, and those that are not able to live with a protection of 17 per cent. held over their heads, the people of the Dominion, we are convinced, will say, should without further thought or concern be allowed to give place to others. The statement made by the Hon. Minister of our exports and imports of cereals, goes to show that a protective tariff for the farmer, would be practically a dead letter. Of barley we export nearly 10,000,000 bushels annually, while we import only about 500 bushels, and so on throughout the list of other grains. The fact is that the hue and cry which has lately been raised in the interest of Protection is all a myth, got up for party purposes to deceive and mislead the public, and to enrich a few capitalists. If these same gentlemen believed so strongly in the virtues of Protection, why did they carry a tariff of only 15 per cent., which has since been raised to 17 per cent by the Reform Government. Or, if they are honest in their professions, why do they not at once point out the errors in the present schedule and suggest some definite amendment which can be considered and dealt with, rather than dealing out day by day and week by week, general and unsatisfactory charges of incompetency and mismanagement.

gies of the mastery manner in which the Hon. Mr. Cartwright, in his Napanee address, dealt with the charges brought against him by John A. Macdonald, and his lieutenant, and prospective heir-at-law—Dr. Tupper.

The writ for the new election in Quebec East, was despatched from Ottawa Monday afternoon. The nomination will be held on Wednesday, the 21st inst. Hon. Mr. Laurier will be opposed by Mr. Tourangeau, ex-M. P. P. The local election in Quebec West will be contested by Mr. Ahearn, Liberal, and Mr. R. Alleyn, Conservative.

The campaign in Quebec is being carried on vigorously and with a good prospect for the success of Mr. Laurier. The people and Mr. Thibadeau, who so generously tendered his position to the Minister of Inland Revenue, are working with a will to secure his election. Mr. Tourangeau, ex M. P., has accepted the nomination in the Conservative interest, Mr. Vallee having retired.

OKA INDIANS.—We are pleased to see that there is a prospect of an early, amicable settlement of the Oka Indian difficulty. The Government have offered the tribe an ample reserve of land, where they will have a better chance for earning a subsistence, and the Seminary offer a large amount for their conveyance to any reserve that may be set aside for them. This will obviate all the bitter feeling which would ensue from prolonged litigation and the Indians by being provided with good lands will have an opportunity of acquiring all the comforts and conveniences of civilized life.

The *Globe* says that it is reported that a "workingmen's" testimonial in honor of the chieftain is being got up in this city. It is hardly necessary to say that the character of the movement is like unto that of the Brantford and other affairs of the same description. The "workingmen" in the present instance is represented as a collector of funds by young kid-gloved exquisites with a strong flavour of the U. E. Club perfume about them, and funds are solicited with a generous disregard for social distinctions, the last "workingman" we heard of as one who was invited to contribute being a member of the legal profession. What a thorough sham is the Conservative party! Bogus through and through!

VENOR'S DISCOVERIES.—Mr. Venor tells us that between these two rivers (Liberia and Ottawa) lies a vast belt of apatite—phosphate of lime—which at its outer edges approaches the surface, but which towards the middle is deeply buried under formations of more recent geological date. It is believed that this identical belt of apatite crosses under the Ottawa river, and is continued southward and westward, capped over for a long distance by immense deposits of Silurian limestones and sandstones, between Ottawa and Poth, until it crops out again in the township of North Burgess at Rideau, at Sydenham village, back of Kingston, and other localities not far distant.

tation of the local chiefs being actually on a mission at the Montenegrin headquarters.

Notwithstanding its continually growing troubles the Porte seems still disposed to carry matters with a high hand. Four hundred of the principal inhabitants of Bulgaria—including the Geshofs—have, with their families, been exiled to Asia Minor, and are now on their way thither under a strong escort. The Porte, too, in spite of increasing weakness has made a demand upon Servia for the withdrawal of the corps of observation now posted on the frontier, under pain of vigorous military measures. The threat sounds lamentably impotent in view of existing circumstances, but Servia can no longer afford to bluster as when she had Russia at her back.

Saturday.

The plot is thickening at Plevna, and it is believed that the final catastrophe is close at hand. The Russians are strongly convinced that the beleaguered fortress cannot hold out many days longer, as Osman Pasha's men are fast deserting him on account of the hardships and privations to which they are exposed. It is expected, however, that a combined movement for the relief of the place will be made by Mehemet Ali and Cheikot Pasha from without, seconded by a sortie by Osman Pasha. The Turks at Turtukai have met with a reverse, an attempt to cross the Danube and seize Oltenitz having been repulsed with heavy losses.

In Asia Minor Mukhtar Pasha has succeeded in repelling an attack upon the redoubts to the south-east of Erzeroum, and the success seems to have come in the very nick of time to avert a surrender, as the inhabitants of the city were becoming clamorous for a capitulation. The Turks pursued the attacking party to Deve-Beyun, where they were driven back again, but, rallying, they again put the Russians to flight. Mukhtar telegraphs that he still hopes to hold Erzeroum, as he is well supplied with artillery and munitions, and reinforcements are on the way to his assistance.

A rumour has got abroad to the effect that the Porte has confidentially forwarded to some of the Powers the draft of a peace programme. This report is not confirmed, and the state of affairs at Constantinople would appear to justify it. Disensions prevail in the Cabinet on the question of peace or war, the peace party fearing to press their policy lest they be accused of secret negotiations with Russia. Already inflammatory placards have been posted in Stamboul calling upon the populace to rise, as the Cabinet was in treaty with the enemy, and urging the assassination of Mahmoud Damad Pasha. The partisans of the ex-Sultan Murad are suspected of thus attempting to inflame the minds of the people, and several arrests and executions have taken place.

Monday.

Owing to their recent success at Dubnik, the Russians have been able to narrow down to thirty miles their circle of investment round Plevna. The beleaguering army now numbers 120,000 men, sufficient to fill two continuous lines of trenches round Osman Pasha's position. The latter is known to possess 6,000 head of cattle, and other indications point to the probability of his being able to hold out for thirty or forty days longer. Veretza, half way between Plevna and Sofia, has been captured by the Russians, with several thousand wagons and a quantity of stores, apparently intended for Plevna.

Kars has been summoned to surrender, but the summons, after being taken into consideration at a council of war, was not complied with. Batoum is again being bombarded, and the Russian Ardahan column has effected a junction with General Heymann's corps at Deve-Beyun.

Much excitement is reported at Constantinople in consequence of the arrest and execution of forty of the ex-Sultan Murad's servants. A rumour that the Prophet appeared to the Sultan and ordered him to conclude peace, may be taken as significant of the desire of the Porte to put an end to the war without exciting popular discontent.

Servia has apparently made up its mind to war and has replied to the Porte's demand for the withdrawal of the troops from the frontier with the plea that it is impossible to leave the inhabitants of the frontier without military protection. The Servian agent at Constantinople, however, asserts that he has received no confirmation of the reported warlike attitude of the Principality.

New Montenegrin successes are reported from the neighbourhood of Antivari, and as there is no force either at that place or at Scutari sufficient to oppose the native troops, the probabilities are that the latter will, for a time at least, carry everything before them, which cannot fail to have a disquieting effect on the neighbouring population of Albania.

Pope Plus IX.

The most conflicting rumors are current respecting the state of the Pope's health, and news from the Vatican looked for with the most absorbing interest in all parts of the world. Two Cardinals are also reported as dangerously ill. There is hardly a doubt that the state of the Pope's health is such as to cause much anxiety to those intimately connected with him, although some reliance can be set upon the sensational reports sent over the wires almost every hour. The following are the latest dispatches:—

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—A London dispatch reports that all hope of the Pope's recovery has been abandoned. The Italian Government has already taken precautions to station a strong guard around all the approaches of the Vatican to prevent any pilaging that might follow the announcement of the death of the Pope.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—A *Herald* cable says the Pope broke down a fortnight ago. After a period of unconsciousness he revived slightly on Saturday morning last. As night came on he grew weaker again, and the death rattle was heard in his throat. His condition alarmed attendants. During Sunday he rallied, but a sore in his leg, which had served his safety valve, had closed. Professor Vanzetti, the greatest physician in Italy was summoned. He believes there is chance of recovery, and death will be without warning. Every time the Pope rallies he is perfectly conscious.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The *Herald* Rome special reports that the Pope gave a six minutes audience to a French delegation yesterday. He was borne in four palanquins. The Pope was looking pale and weak, and conversed with painful effort.

Dare-Devil Girl.

Rochester is excited over a dare-devil girl, 18 years of age, whose mischievous pranks have interested large numbers of citizens. Her name is Celia Flaher and she is now under arrest. She is possessed of a perfect mania to play jokes upon everybody. One of the victims is a young doctor, at whose office she ordered straw, coal, fish and other things delivered, and to whom she sent a letter detailing her tricks and enclosing a photograph of the back of her head. The letter and photograph combined to wreck her downfall, and she was arrested. Some of her pranks are full of humor; others again are very cruel, as in one case, at least, it may have a fatal effect. It so happened that the daughter of the lady who resided in the house which she caused a coffin to be sent, very sick at the time, and gave the lady such a fright that she has not recovered from it yet. In the letter to the doctor she gave the following description of herself:—

My hair is black,
My eyes speak evil;
I have no horns,
Yet I'm a devil.

(P. S.—Keep this picture, and for me not.)

GRAIN SHIPMENT.—The large shipments of grain from New York to Liverpool are calling into requisition the services of every available vessel—even the Faraday and the Great Eastern, both of which have been largely used for the laying of Atlantic cables, being brought into this service. The Faraday sailed from New York on Friday, loaded with grain and provisions and 500 horses and cattle on her decks, and the Great Eastern, 10,000 tons burden, is on her way to New York on a similar errand. It is said that enough orders have been received for grain on English account to give employment to every idle British vessel afloat. On account of the great movement in grain it is thought that England, anticipating a prolongation of the war, is laying in her next season's stock.

Because Mr. Laurier, the new Minister of Inland Revenue was defeated at the Polls by a majority of 26, Oppositionists are loud in their demands upon the Premier to dissolve the House. This is considered sufficient evidence that the tidal wave which has been sweeping over the Country during the past two years, devouring in its might grit government, buns and such like choice morsels, has at last reached such a height that all demands must be complied with. But out of curiosity let us examine how these same gentlemen acted under similar circumstances. Sir Archibald, an associate Minister with Sir John Macdonald was defeated by a majority of 263, and the Ministry did not resign in consequence. The majority against Sir Geo. E. Cartier was over 1000, and yet Sir John only gripped the reins tighter and sent his friend to a convenient constituency in Manitoba to represent a few half breeds. Sir Francis Hincks was defeated in 1872 by a majority of 270, and was compelled to seek a constituency in British Columbia. But what was still worse this redoubtable Knight retained Mr. Morrison in his Cabinet for two years without a seat in the House. Under these circumstances we cannot see justice in the demand and are inclined to believe that no one but a man possessing a cheek as tough as boiler-plate would think of repeating it.

WAR NEWS.

Friday.

THE SITUATION AT PLEVNA.

Affairs at Plevna are apparently nearing a crisis. Desertions are becoming alarmingly frequent, as well as numerous, the last batch reported at the Russian headquarters numbering five hundred, and the indications are that Osman Pasha must shortly either surrender or attempt a sortie. There is no news today from Chefket Pasha, who was said to be moving to the relief of Plevna, and it is doubtful if he will be able to make an enduring impression upon the large forces of Russians that blockade Osman Pasha on the south.

News has been received from Muktar Pasha up to Monday, when the Turks were occupying the fortifications of Erzeroum and preparing for such a defence as their weakened condition would allow them to make.

Tuesday.

Heavy fighting is said to have been going on at Plevna, which, according to Turkish advices, has resulted favorably for Osman Pasha. Russian accounts mention attempts made by the Turks on Saturday night and Sunday to surprise Gen. Skobelev's positions, but they are suspiciously silent as to results. Another change of commanders in this quarter is reported, Chefket Pasha and Mehemet Ali having exchanged commands, the latter going to Orhanie, whence outside operations in aid of Osman Pasha must be made if made at all, and the former taking the command at the Shipka Pass. It has finally been decided that Serbia will take part in the war, and Prince Milan has issued a proclamation to the army.

A Bogot despatch, dated November 6th, says Osman Pasha's losses are estimated at two hundred to three hundred daily from the Russian artillery. Osman Pasha is busily constructing fresh fortifications, which point to his intention to hold out as long as possible rather than attempt a sortie. Prisoners and deserters state that the Turks have six weeks' provisions.

A Bogot despatch says: The Turks on Saturday night attempted to surprise Skobelev's positions. The Russians allowed the Turks to approach within a hundred paces, when they received them with a heavy fire. The Turks retreated to an entrenched position and maintained a violent fire until two o'clock on Sunday morning.

Wednesday.

The only change in the situation in the vicinity of Plevna is the occupation by Gen. Skobelev's command of the position which yesterday's despatches left them disputing with the Turks, the last attacks of the latter having been repulsed by a heavy fire from seventy guns. This new position will enable the besiegers to turn all intervening works in the direction of Tutchenitz, Radishovo, and Gravitz—along the lines to the south-east Plevna. Preparations are, it is said, being made for a general attack upon Osman Pasha.

Another change in the Turkish commands is announced, Suleiman Pasha once more taking the army of Roumelia and Fazli Pasha the army of Rasgrad. In this direction the Russians are upon Berkovatz, to the west of Vratza, presumably with the intention of crossing the Balkans once more. In the west the Montenegrins have met with a success in the neighbourhood of Antyari, which will enable them to commence more vigorous operations against that town. Great preparations are being made by the Servians. Fresh bodies of troops are constantly on the move towards the frontier, ambulances are being formed, and work is going on night and day in the arsenal at Kragujevatz.

There is no news of importance from Asia Minor. General Heymann began a march upon Erzeroum on Thursday, but lost his way.

Thursday.

Muktar Pasha telegraph from Erzeroum this morning 9th inst., that the Russians attacked his positions at Asizie. Their troops were repulsed, and he pursued them four or five miles from Erzeroum. The Russians were totally defeated. The trenches are filled with their dead. Earlier advices show that before this the situation was very critical. The inhabitants demanded the authorities to capitulate.

At Plevna there are indications of a sortie, as general movement of the troops inside the town is visible from the Russian lines. Gen. Skobelev is reported to have captured additional Turkish positions on Monday night, thereby further contracting the circle of besiegers. All is reported well at Erzeroum. Reinforcements having arrived the garrison have refused to comply with a summons to sur-

The Week's News.

Canadian.

A Dunking by-law is spoken of in the county of Carleton.

A Dunking by-law has been carried in Compton, E. T., by a majority of 200.

Diphtheria is very prevalent in Nova Scotia, and has proved extremely fatal in some districts.

The steamer *Northern Light* is being prepared for the winter navigation of Straits of Northumberland.

There are indications of a strike among the stone-cutters on the new Welland Canal.

A slight shock of earthquake was felt at Cornwall shortly before ten o'clock yesterday morning.

The petition in the Mentmawry contested election case has been dismissed with cost.

An effort is to be made at the next meeting of the Oxford County Council to have the Dunkin Act re-submitted in the county.

A legal document was recently sent from England to a gentleman in the city of Winnipeg, in which he was described as "residing in Cape Winnipeg, Colony of Canada."

There is no truth whatever in the report from the American side that the Dominion Government had granted a reservation to Sitting Bull and his Sioux.

Six of the Oka Indians committed to gaol at St Hyacinthe on a charge of arson have been liberated on a writ of *habeas corpus*, the application in the case of the other seven being refused.

Early on Saturday morning the Grand Trunk express from the west left the track near Prescott Junction. The engine, tender, and baggage and express cars were wrecked, and the express messenger slightly injured.

The trial of the man Smith for the murder of his wife at Wales, in Osnabruck, on the 28th of August last, was terminated at Cornwall yesterday, the jury returning a verdict of Not Guilty.

Mathew Carrol, an Arthur hotel-keeper, was brought before a bench of magistrates, last week, charged with selling liquor unlawfully, and condemned to pay a fine of \$50 and costs or go to gaol for twenty days. He preferred twenty days and got it accordingly.

A convention of the Public School Inspectors of Eastern Ontario was held at Kingston yesterday. Mr. Jessup, Superintendent of Education in British Columbia, was present, and gave an account of the state of education in the Pacific Province.

Application has been made to the Court of Queen's Bench at Toronto for a warrant to prevent the payment by the city of Ottawa of a Bonus to the proposed Ottawa bridge scheme, on the ground of the illegality of such an expenditure, the proposed improvement being outside the corporation limits.

A deputation from Montreal waited on the Minister of the Interior yesterday with reference to the Oka troubles. Mr. Mills pointed out the inability of the Federal Government to interfere, but expressed an opinion that the difficulty might be disposed of if the Indians would be willing to place themselves in the hands of the Government.

The case for the United States before the Fishery Commission was closed on Saturday, the American argument being that the Maritime Provinces are entitled to no award, the advantages from the fishery clauses of the Washington Treaty being mutual. The Commission has adjourned until Tuesday, when the British argument will be commenced. It is expected that an award will be made before the end of the month.

MONTREAL, Nov. 9. The detectives have succeeded in unearthing a dangerous combination of thieves who have been

Great Britain.

A report that Sir Edward Thorpe would not return to Washington British Minister is contradicted.

A severe hurricane prevailed yesterday on the coast of Great Britain, and numerous disasters to shipping are reported.

The coming winter promises to be most severe known in England for years. Everybody is cutting down expenses, and in London alone there are 42,000 fewer male servants on the staff than two years ago. The coal trade is paralyzed, many of the great iron works have closed, and strikes are frequent. Crime has already alarmingly increased, and much apprehension is in all parts of the Kingdom.

At the month of the Humber B. England, is an island which 130 miles ago comprised an area of two and a square miles. Subsequently it came the possession of the Crown, which gave new leases on condition that at 2,700 acres of alluvial deposits which accumulated around the original element, should be reclaimed. Not was this secured, but as further deposits were made they also were reclaimed 1875 the leases fell in, and the island relet for £67,250 a year. It has plenty of room to grow.

Thomas Betton bequeathed to the "Mongers' Company of England, one years ago, his entire estate, with a vision that one-half of the proceeds should be applied to the redemption of British slaves in Turkey and Algeria, one-fourth toward the assistance of Church of England schools within London and its suburbs. Long ago ceased to be any English slaves to redeem from the Turks; the courts, therefore, permitted the slaves money also to be used in the aid of schools. The multitude of the sum accumulated during years can best be appreciated by the fact that 1,200 schools are now supplied from "Betton's charity."

EXTENSIVE FIRE AT MARKHAM.

SPEIGHT & SON'S NOVELTY WORKS BURNED.

MARKHAM, Nov. 13.—This morning about three o'clock, a fire broke out at the paint shop in Speight & Son's no works, and before the alarm became general, the fire was beyond control, and the shops, machinery, and a lot of finished work were entirely consumed. About \$50,000; insured in the Wat Mutual for \$6,000, and in the Manufacturers' and Merchants, for \$2,500. residence of Mr. Thos. Speight, sr., also burned; loss, \$2,000; no insurance. The damage to W. B. Speight's residence is estimated at \$500; insured in Mercantile. Damage to Canada Mutual Church, \$400; insured in the cantile. Damage to Mrs. Thos. Speight's residence, \$200; insured in the Wat Mutual. Damage to stock of drug Wm. Miller & Co., \$100; insured in Home District Mutual and Mercantile.

Repentant.

When young Chas. Renaud forged Geo. Denholm's name to cheques over \$3,000 and drew the money, he evaded it with one Magloire Dupuis, Wilfred Gingras, who both fled to York. Last Wednesday, Gingras, was in Philadelphia, and penniless, to the Chief of Police of that city, confessed that he had, in company Renaud, forged a cheque for \$1,500. said that after leaving Montreal he Dupuis lived in good style, moving from place to place, as the police after them. Now, however, he felt for what he had done, and wished to sent back to Montreal, where he was going to suffer imprisonment for crime which he had committed. chief concluded that it was a more connected to secure a free pass to Can-

and are inclined to believe that no one but a man possessing a cheek as tough as boiler-plate would think of repeating it.

WAR NEWS.

Friday.

THE SITUATION AT PLEVNA.

Affairs at Plevna are apparently nearing a crisis. Desertions are becoming alarmingly frequent, as well as numerous, the last batch reported at the Russian headquarters numbering five hundred, and the indications are that Osman Pasha must shortly either surrender or attempt a sortie. There is no news today from Chetket Pasha, who was said to be moving to the relief of Plevna, and it is doubtful if he will be able to make an enduring impression upon the large forces of Russians that blockade Osman Pasha on the south.

News has been received from Muktar Pasha up to Monday, when the Turks were occupying the fortifications of Erzeroum and preparing for such a defence as their weakened condition would allow them to make.

The news from Montenegro were engaged in bombarding one of their forts near Spuz, and in erecting batteries opposite Podgoritz. Fears are entertained of a rising in Albania, the symptoms of hostility among the population being alarmingly on the increase, and a deputation of the local chiefs being actually on a mission at the Montenegrin headquarters.

Norwithstanding its continually growing troubles the Porte seems still disposed to carry matters with a high hand. Four hundred of the principal inhabitants of Bulgaria—including the Geshoffs—have, with their families, been exiled to Asia Minor, and are now on their way thither under a strong escort. The Porte, too, in spite of increasing weakness has made a demand upon Serbia for the withdrawal of the corps of observation now posted on the frontier, under pain of vigorous military measures. The threat sounds lamentably impotent in view of existing circumstances, but Serbia can no longer afford to bluster as when she had Russia at her back.

Saturday.

The plot is thickening at Plevna, and it is believed that the final catastrophe is close at hand. The Russians are strongly convinced that the beleaguered fortress cannot hold out many days longer, as Osman Pasha's men are fast deserting him on account of the hardships and privations to which they are exposed. It is expected, however, that a combined movement for the relief of the place will be made by Mehmet Ali and Chetket Pasha from without, seconded by a sortie by Osman Pasha. The Turks at Turtukai have met with a reverse, an attempt to cross the Danube and seize Oltenitz having been repulsed with heavy losses.

In Asia Minor Mukhtar Pasha has succeeded in repelling an attack upon the redoubts to the south-east of Erzeroum, and the success seems to have come in the very nick of time to avert a surrender, as the inhabitants of the city were becoming clamorous for a capitulation. The Turks pursued the attacking party to Deve-Boyun, where they were driven back again, but, rallying, they again put the Russians to flight. Mukhtar telegraphs that he still hopes to hold Erzeroum, as he is well supplied with artillery and munitions, and reinforcements are on the way to his assistance.

A rumour has got abroad to the effect that the Porte has confidentially forwarded to some of the Powers the draft of a peace programme. This report is not confirmed, and the state of affairs at Constantinople would appear to justify it. Discussions prevail in the Cabinet on the question of peace of war, the peace party fearing to press their policy lest they be accused of secret negotiations with Russia. Already inflammatory placards have been posted in Stamboul calling upon the populace to rise, as the Cabinet was in treaty with the enemy, and urging the assassination of Mahmoud Damad Pasha. The parties of the ex-Sultan Murad are

and are inclined to believe that no one but a man possessing a cheek as tough as boiler-plate would think of repeating it.

There is no news of importance from Asia Minor. General Heymann began a march upon Erzeroum on Thursday, but lost his way.

Thursday.

Muktar Pasha telegraph from Erzeroum this morning 9th inst., that the Russians attacked his positions at Asizie. Their troops were repulsed, and he pursued them four or five miles from Erzeroum. The Russians were totally defeated. The trenches are filled with their dead. Earlier advices show that before this the situation was very critical. The inhabitants demanded the authorities to capitulate.

At Plevna there are indications of a sortie, as general movement of the troops inside the town is visible from the Russian lines. Gen. Skobelev is reported to have captured additional Turkish positions on Monday night, thereby further contracting the circle of besiegers. All is reported well at Erzeroum. Reinforcements having arrived the garrison have refused to comply with a summons to surrender, and are confident of being able to hold the town. An active cannonade against Kars is going on. In the Balkans the Russians recently made an attempt in the direction of Orchanie, but were repulsed, with a loss of four hundred and fifty men, by a Turkish corps of observation.

Servia has apparently made up the mind to war and has replied to the Porte's demand for the withdrawal of the troops from the frontier with the plea that it is impossible to leave the inhabitants of the frontier without military protection. The Servian agent at Constantinople, however, asserts that he has received no confirmation of the reported warlike attitude of the Principality.

New Montenegrin successes are reported from the neighbourhood of Antivari, and as there is no force either at that place or at Scutari sufficient to oppose the native troops, the probabilities are that the latter will, for a time at least, carry everything before them, which cannot fail to have a disquieting effect on the neighbouring population of Albania.

Pope Pius IX.

The most conflicting rumors are current respecting the state of the Pope's health, and news from the Vatican is looked for with the most absorbing interest in all parts of the world. Two of the Cardinals are also reported as dangerously ill. There is hardly a doubt that the state of the Pope's health is such as to cause much anxiety to those intimately connected with him, although small reliance can be set upon the sensational reports sent over the wires almost every hour. The following are the latest despatches:—

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—A London despatch reports that all hope of the Pope's recovery has been abandoned. The Italian Government has already taken the precaution to station a strong guard around all the approaches of the Vatican to prevent any pilaging that might follow the announcement of the death of the Pope.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—A *Herald* cable says the Pope broke down a fortnight ago. After a period of unconsciousness he revived slightly on Saturday morning last. As night came on he grew worse again, and the death rattle was heard in his throat. His condition alarmed his attendants. During Sunday he rallied, but a sore in his leg, which had served as his safety valve, had closed. Professor Vanzetti, the greatest physician in Italy, was summoned. He believes there is no chance of recovery, and death will be without warning. Every time the Pope rallies he is perfectly conscious.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The *Herald's* Rome special reports that the Pope gave a six minutes audience to a French delegation yesterday. He was borne in by four palanquins. The Pope was looking pale and weak, and conversed with painful effort.

warrant to prevent the payment of the city of Ottawa of a Bonus to the proposed Ottawa bridge scheme, on the ground of the illegality of such an expenditure, the proposed improvement being outside the corporation limits.

A deputation from Montreal waited on the Minister of the Interior yesterday with reference to the Oka troubles. Mr. Mills pointed out the inability of the Federal Government to interfere, but expressed an opinion that the difficulty might be disposed of if the Indians would be willing to place themselves in the hands of the Government.

The case for the United States before the Fishery Commission was closed on Saturday, the American argument being that the Maritime Provinces are entitled to no award, the advantages from the fishery clauses of the Washington Treaty being mutual. The Commission has adjourned until Tuesday, when the British argument will be commenced. It is expected that an award will be made before the end of the month.

MONTREAL, Nov. 9.—The detectives have succeeded in unearthing a dangerous combination of thieves who have been stealing cigars, silks, seal skins, and other goods from Boyd, Egan, & Co's bonded warehouse. A man named Chausse, supposing all was discovered, confessed that he and one P. Fournier had combined to make systematic robberies in Boyd, Egan, & Co's bonded warehouses, and had stolen therefrom 10,000 cigars, a number of seal skins, silks, besides groceries and liquors. Fournier, who sold the cigars in Quebec, was arrested last night, and the members of the gang are now securely caged.

United States.

Stanley arrived at Cape Town on the 21st ult.

A planet of the seventh magnitude was discovered at Ann Arbor on Monday.

Bartley, the Beaune murderer, is hiding in Maine with a party of some ten or eleven men, some of them deserters from H. M. S. *Bellerophon*.

Another effort is to be made to secure Tweed's release under the incoming Attorney General.

A body of marauding Indians from New Mexico, who crossed the Rio Grande in search of plunder, have been pursued by the Mexicans into Texas, engaged, and defeated.

Further hostilities are reported on the Rio Grande, a party of scouts who had crossed the river having been attacked and defeated by a body of five hundred Indians.

The importation into the United States of hides and cattle from Europe will be prohibited after the 1st prox., except in case where cargoes are accompanied by consular certificates of non-infection.

A Bill will be introduced in the House of Representatives on Monday chartering a new Atlantic Cable Company, who propose to carry their lines by way of the Azores, and to complete it within five years.

An attempt has been made in the State of Antioquia, as the instigation of the clerical party, to assassinate the popular candidate for the Presidency of the United States of Columbia. Martial law has been proclaimed until the Bishops withdraw from the country or are banished.

Two of the bodies of the crew of the *Magellan*, foundered off Manitowac, Wis., have been identified and sent home by express. One is that Ben. Marshall, of Clayton, Jefferson County, N. Y., the other P. Tait, of Jordan, Ont.

Field & Leiter's extensive dry goods store Chicago, was burned Wednesday evening. The loss is estimated at over one and a half millions. Two men were killed outright; two dangerously, and three severely injured. Two are missing. Scarcely a single fireman escaped without bruises. 850 workmen are thrown out of employment.

New York *Herald* reports give sensational accounts of the Pope's illness, stating that on Saturday the death rattle was

dist Church, \$400; insured in the Mercantile. Damage to Mrs. Thos. Speight residence, \$200; insured in the Waterk Mutual. Damage to stock of drugs Wm. Miller & Co., \$100; insured in tl Home District Mutual and Mercantile.

Repentant.

When young Chas. Renaud forged M Geo. Denholm's name to cheques for over \$3,000 and drew the money, he divided it with one Magloire Dupuis, and Wilfred Gingras, who both fled to New York. Last Wednesday, Gingras, who was in Philadelphia, and penniless, went to the Chief of Police of that city, and confessed that he had, in company with Renaud, forged a cheque for \$1,500. He said that after leaving Montreal he and Dupuis lived in good style, moving about from place to place, as the police were after them. Now, however, he felt sorry for what he had done, and wished to be sent back to Montreal, where he was willing to suffer imprisonment for the crime which he had committed. The chief concluded that it was a mere dodge concocted to secure a free pass to Canada. Gingras was, however, locked up, and despatch forwarded here to Chief Penton asking if such a party as Gingras was wanted. Chief Penton consulted the bank authorities, who concluded that a Gingras had spent all the money they did not want him. Gingras is respectfully commended here.

The Suez Canal.

From recent English reports giving the present standing of the Suez Canal, we gather the fact that the future prosperity of that great undertaking is assured beyond reasonable doubt. The canal runs, as known, from Port Said, on the Mediterranean, to Port Suez, on the Red Sea, a distance of about a hundred miles. Through out its entire length none of the predictions of its opponents have been verified. The navigation of the Red Sea has not proved dangerous. The canal has not become a stagnant ditch, a receptacle of the sand of the desert, and alluvium of the Nile. Neither have the bitter lakes through which it passes in part become filled with salt. The supposed difference of level between the Red Sea and the Mediterranean, if it exist at all, has had no appreciable effect. At the canal was completed it was found easy to keep it open to the required depth, and in excellent navigable order. When the work was done the main questions were: Would it pay? Would it secure the commerce from India and the parts adjacent? Would English jealousy be allayed in view of its manifest advantages, and would the policy of Egypt be liberal and impartial? As the capital expended in its construction had been double the estimate, would the tonnage dues be necessarily so high as to drive off the smaller craft? Of these questions the last was the most important. There has been some modification of the dues and some shifting about before the work were adjusted. But, judging from the present increase of tonnage passing through the canal, and from the fact that the share now yield a profit, it may be assumed that the toll is satisfactory, and has been fixed for some time to come. The canal was opened to traffic in 1869. From 1870 to 187 the net tonnage rose from 436,609 tons to 2,096,772 tons, and the receipts from two hundred thousand pounds sterling in 187 to one million two hundred thousand pounds sterling in 1875. In 1876, after all debts were paid, a small balance of profit was left to the shareholders. The result is regarded as satisfactory in England, where a large number of shares are held, some by private parties, but the greater part by the British Government, which bought of the Khedive a considerable portion of his interest in the canal.

Modern Miracles.

Art is not yet satisfied with her conquests over nature. Just now a couple of stupendous undertakings are in contemplation, one to bridge the Bosphorus, the other to tunnel the Straits of Dover. The former of these undertakings will borrow an interest from the fact of the locality of it being inseparably interlinked with the difficulty so well known as the Eastern question. The proposed

being alarmingly on the increase, and a deputation of the local chiefs being actually on a mission at the Montenegrin headquarters.

Notwithstanding its continually growing troubles the Porte seems still disposed to carry matters with a high hand. Four hundred of the principal inhabitants of Bulgaria—including the Geshoffs—have, with their families, been exiled to Asia Minor, and are now on their way thither under a strong escort. The Porte, too, in spite of increasing weakness has made a demand upon Serbia for the withdrawal of the corps of observation now posted on the frontier, under pain of vigorous military measures. The threat sounds lamentably impotent in view of existing circumstances, but Serbia can no longer afford to bluster as when she had Russia at her back.

Saturday.

The plot is thickening at Plevna, and it is believed that the final catastrophe is close at hand. The Russians are strongly convinced that the beleaguered fortress cannot hold out many days longer, as Osman Pasha's men are fast deserting him on account of the hardships and privations to which they are exposed. It is expected, however, that a combined movement for the relief of the place will be made by Mehemet Ali and Cheikot Pasha from without, seconded by a sortie by Osman Pasha. The Turks at Turtukai have met with a reverse, an attempt to cross the Danube and seize Oltenitz having been repulsed with heavy losses.

In Asia Minor Mukhtar Pasha has succeeded in repelling an attack upon the redoubts to the south-east of Erzeroum, and the success seems to have come in the very nick of time to avert a surrender, as the inhabitants of the city were becoming clamorous for a capitulation. The Turks pursued the attacking party to Deve-Beyun, where they were driven back again, but, rallying, they again put the Russians to flight. Mukhtar telegraphs that he still hopes to hold Erzeroum, as he is well supplied with artillery and munitions, and reinforcements are on the way to his assistance.

A rumour has got abroad to the effect that the Porte has confidentially forwarded to some of the Powers the draft of a peace programme. This report is not confirmed, and the state of affairs at Constantinople would appear to justify it. Dissensions prevail in the Cabinet on the question of peace or war, the peace party fearing to press their policy lest they be accused of secret negotiations with Russia. Already inflammatory placards have been posted in Stambul calling upon the populace to rise, as the Cabinet was in treaty with the enemy, and urging the assassination of Mahmoud Damad Pasha. The partisans of the ex-Sultan Murad are suspected of thus attempting to inflame the minds of the people, and several arrests and executions have taken place.

Monday.

Owing to their recent success at Dubnik, the Russians have been able to narrow down to thirty miles their circle of investment round Plevna. The beleaguering army now numbers 120,000 men, sufficient to fill two continuous lines of trenches round Osman Pasha's position. The latter is known to possess 6,000 head of cattle, and other indications point to the probability of his being able to hold out for thirty or forty days longer. Veretzka, half way between Plevna and Sofia, has been captured by the Russians, with several thousand wagons and a quantity of stores, apparently intended for Plevna.

Kars has been summoned to surrender, but the summons, after being taken into consideration at a council of war, was not complied with. Batoum is again being bombarded, and the Russian Ardahan column has effected a junction with General Heymann's corps at Deve-Beyun.

Much excitement is reported at Constantinople in consequence of the arrest and execution of forty of the ex-Sultan Murad's servants. A rumour that the Prophet appeared to the Sultan and ordered him to conclude peace, may be taken as significant of the desire of the Porte to put an end to the war without exciting popular discontent.

fifty men, by a Turkish corps of observation.

Servia has apparently made up the mind to war and has replied to the Porte's demand for the withdrawal of the troops from the frontier with the plea that it is impossible to leave the inhabitants of the frontier without military protection. The Servian agent at Constantinople, however, asserts that he has received no confirmation of the reported warlike attitude of the Principality.

New Montenegrin successes are reported from the neighbourhood of Antivari, and as there is no force either at that place or at Scutari sufficient to oppose the native troops, the probabilities are that the latter will, for a time at least, carry everything before them, which cannot fail to have a disquieting effect on the neighbouring population of Albania.

Pope Pius IX.

The most conflicting rumors are current respecting the state of the Pope's health, and news from the Vatican is looked for with the most absorbing interest in all parts of the world. Two of the Cardinals are also reported as dangerously ill. There is hardly a doubt that the state of the Pope's health is such as to cause much anxiety to those intimately connected with him, although small reliance can be set upon the sensational reports sent over the wires almost every hour. The following are the latest despatches:—

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—A London despatch reports that all hope of the Pope's recovery has been abandoned. The Italian Government has already taken the precaution to station a strong guard around all the approaches of the Vatican to prevent any plugging that might follow the announcement of the death of the Pope.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—A *Herald* cable says the Pope broke down a fortnight ago. After a period of unconsciousness he revived slightly on Saturday morning last. As night came on he grew worse again, and the death rattle was heard in his throat. His condition alarmed his attendants. During Sunday he rallied, but a sore in his leg, which had served as his safety valve, had closed. Professor Vanzetti, the greatest physician in Italy, was summoned. He believes there is no chance of recovery, and death will be without warning. Every time the Pope rallies he is perfectly conscious.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The *Herald's* Rome special reports that the Pope gave a six minutes audience to a French delegation yesterday. He was borne in by four palanquins. The Pope was looking pale and weak, and conversed with painful effort.

Dare-Devil Girl.

Rochester is excited over a dare-devil girl, 18 years of age, whose mischievous pranks have interested large numbers of citizens. Her name is Celia Flaherty, and she is now under arrest. She was possessed of a perfect mania to play jokes upon everybody. One of the victims was a young doctor, at whose office she ordered straw, coal, fish and other things to be delivered, and to whom she sent a letter detailing her tricks and enclosing a photograph of the back of her head. The letter and photograph combined to work her downfall, and she was arrested. Some of her pranks are full of rich humour; others again are very cruel, and in one case, at least, it may have a fatal effect. It so happened that the daughter of the lady who resided in the house to which she caused a coffin to be sent, was very sick at the time, and gave the lady such a fright that she has not recovered from it yet. In the letter to the doctor she gave the following description of herself:—

My hair is black.
My eyes speak evil;
I have no horns or devil;
Yet I'm a devil.

(P. S.—Keep this picture, and forget me not.)

Egan, & Co's bonded warehouses, and had stolen therefrom 10,000 cigars, a number of sealskins, silks, besides groceries and liquors. Fournier, who sold the cigars in Quebec, was arrested last night, and the members of the gang are now securely caged.

United States.

Stanley arrived at Cape Town on the 21st ult.

A planet of the seventh magnitude was discovered at Ann Arbor on Monday.

Bartley, the Beauce murderer, is hiding in Maine with a party of some ten or eleven men, some of them deserters from H. M. S. *Bellerophon*.

Another effort is to be made to secure Tweed's release under the incoming Attorney General.

A body of marauding Indians from New Mexico, who crossed the Rio Grande in search of plunder, have been pursued by the Mexicans into Texas, engaged, and defeated.

Further hostilities are reported on the Rio Grande, a party of scouts who had crossed the river having been attacked and defeated by a body of five hundred Indians.

The importation into the United States of hides and cattle from Europe will be prohibited after the 1st prox., except in case where carcases are accompanied by consular certificates of non-infection.

A Bill will be introduced in the House of Representatives on Monday chartering a new Atlantic Cable Company, who propose to carry their lines by way of the Azores, and to complete it within five years.

An attempt has been made in the State of Antioquia, as the instigation of the clerical party, to assassinate the popular candidate for the Presidency of the United States of Columbia. Martial law has been proclaimed until the Bishops withdraw from the country or are banished.

Two of the bodies of the crew of the *Magellan*, foundered off Manitowac, Wis., have been identified and sent home by express. One is that Ben. Marshall, of Clayton, Jefferson County, N. Y., the other P. Tait, of Jordan, Ont.

Field & Leiter's extensive dry goods store Chicago, was burned Wednesday evening. The loss is estimated at over one and a half millions. Two men were killed outright; two dangerously, and three severely injured. Two are missing. Scarcely a single fireman escaped without bruises. 850 workmen are thrown out of employment.

New York *Herald* reports give sensational accounts of the Pope's illness, stating that on Saturday the death-rattle was heard in his throat, but that he since rallied, through it is believed that there is no hope of his recovery, and that his death will be sudden. Reports direct from Rome state that he received visitors yesterday.

Continent.

The Pope's physicians are alarmed at his increasing illness.

Three hundred Mennonites left Berlin for America on the 9th instant.

The rumours of a reported rising in the north of Spain are contradicted.

German Admiralty is making preparations for a hostile expedition to Nicaragua.

A rising is expected in the north-western provinces of Spain, a number of disaffected Spaniards, armed with Remington rifles, having crossed the Pyrenees.

Germany and Italy have paid the balance of their subsidies to the St. Gothard Tunnel, 4,600,000 and 2,700,000 francs respectively.

It is asserted that Germany is urging Belgium to accept a German protectorate, and to make the military system conform to that of Germany, accepting in return territorial compensation, and a guarantee of her independence.

not want him. Ginzburg is respectfully connected here.

The Suez Canal.

From recent English reports giving the present standing of the Suez Canal, we gather the fact that the future prosperity of that great undertaking is assured beyond reasonable doubt. The canal runs, as is known, from Port Said, on the Mediterranean, to Port Suez, on the Red Sea, a distance of about a hundred miles. Throughout its entire length none of the predictions of its opponents have been verified. The navigation of the Red Sea has not proved dangerous. The canal has not become a stagnant ditch, a receptacle of the sand of the desert, and alluvium of the Nile. Neither have the bitter lakes through which it passes in part become filled with salt. The supposed difference of level between the Red Sea and the Mediterranean, if it exists at all, has had no appreciable effect. After the canal was completed it was found easy to keep it open to the required depth, and in excellent navigable order. When the work was done the main questions were:—Would it pay? Would it secure the commerce from India and the parts adjacent? Would English jealousy be allayed in view of its manifest advantages, and would the policy of Egypt be liberal and impartial? As the capital expended in its construction had been double the estimate, would the tonnage dues be necessarily so high as to drive off the smaller craft? Of these questions the last was the most important. There has been some modification of the dues and some shifting about before they were adjusted. But, judging from the present increase of tonnage passing through the canal, and from the fact that the shares now yield a profit, it may be assumed that the toll is satisfactory, and has been fixed for some time to come. The canal was opened to traffic in 1869. From 1870 to 1876 the net tonnage rose from 436,609 tons to 2,096,772 tons, and the receipts from two hundred thousand pounds sterling in 1870 to one million two hundred thousand pounds sterling in 1876. In 1876, after all debts were paid, a small balance of profit was left to the shareholders. The result is regarded as satisfactory in England, where a large number of shares are held, some by private parties, but the greater part by the British Government, which bought of the Khedive a considerable portion of his interest in the canal.

Modern Miracles.

Art is not yet satisfied with her conquests over nature. Just now a couple of stupendous undertakings are in contemplation, one to bridge the Bosphorus, the other to tunnel the Straits of Dover. The former of these undertakings will borrow an interest from the fact of the locality of it being inseparably interlinked with the difficulty so well known as the Eastern question. The proposed bridge, 6,000 feet long and 100 feet wide, is expected to cost \$25,000,000, its principle span being 750 feet wide. No triumph of modern engineering will begin to compare, however, with the proposed railway tunnel under the British channel. The possibility of burrowing under the bed of the sea a distance of thirty miles almost staggers the imagination and sponges out the word impossible from the slate of human calculation. The international aspect of the work is by no means void of interest. In view of their ancient hostile attitude as traditional enemies, it is something worthy of remark that the two great rival nations of Western Europe, for the purposes of peace, should thus be making their mutual advances under the waters which divide their shores. And yet this is literally to happen, since the work is said to have been already begun, the intention of the British and the French railway companies being to push on the undertaking, commencing simultaneously from either shore. The saying is a trite one that wonders will never cease. Though this may be, yet the very frequency of their accomplishment will yet almost render the cessation of them the greatest wonder that can possibly happen. Very soon men will cease to wonder at the miraculous achievements of modern engineering skill. Truly truth hath its victories.—*Whig*.

Week's News.

Canadian.

making by-law is spoken of in the of Carleton.

making by-law has been carried in n, E. T., by a majority of 200. heria is very prevalent in Nova and has proved extremely fatal in stricts.

teamer *Northern Light* is being f for the winter navigation of f Northumberland.

are indications of a strike among e-cutters on the new Welland

ht shock of earthquake was felt at l shortly before ten o'clock yesterday.

etition in the Mentmanly contes- tion case has been dismissed with

ort is to be made at the next meet- e Oxford County Council to have kin Act re-submitted in the county.

l document was recently sent from e to a gentleman in the city of Win- i which he was described as "resid- ipe Winnipeg, Colony of Canada."

is no truth whatever in the re- n the American side that the n Government had granted a re- n to Sitting Bull and his Sioux.

the Oka Indians committed to St Hyacinthe on a charge of ave been liberated on a writ of corpus, the application in the he other seven being refused.

on Saturday morning the Grand xpress from the west left the track rescott Junction. The engine, and baggage and express cars ecked, and the express messenger injured.

of the man Smith for the mur- is wife at Wales, in Osunabruk, on l of August last, was terminated wall yesterday, the jury returning t of Not Guilty.

w Carroll, an Arthur hotel-keeper, ht before a bench of magistrates, k, charged with selling liquor un- , and condemned to pay a fine of costs or go to gaol for twenty days. rr d twenty days and got it accord-

vention of the Public School In- of Eastern Ontario was held at n yesterday. Mr. Jessup, Super- t of Education in British Colum- ; present, and gave an account of e of education in the Pacific Pro-

cation has been made to the f Queen's Bench at Toronto for a t prevent the payment by the tawa of a Bonus to the proposed bridge scheme, on the ground of ality of such an expenditure, the l improvement being outside the ion limits.

utation from Montreal waited on ister of the Interior yesterday erence to the Oka troubles. Mr. pnted out the inability of the Government to interfere, but ex- an opinion that the difficulty e disposed of it the Indians would ng to place themselves in the e the Government.

ase for the United States before ery Commission was closed on y, the American argument being Maritime Provinces are entitled ward, the advantages from the lauses of the Washington Treaty utual. The Commission has d until Tuesday, when the argument will be commenced. eted that an award will be made e end of the month.

REAL. Nov. 9. The detectives eeded in unearthing a dangerous ion of thieves who have been cigars, silks, seal skins, and other

Great Britain.

A report that Sir Edward Thornton would not return to Washington as British Minister is contradicted.

A severe hurricane prevailed yesterday on the coast of Great Britain, and numerous disasters to shipping are reported.

The coming winter promises to be the most severe known in England for many years. Everybody is cutting down expenses, and in London alone there are 42,000 fewer male servants on the tax list than two years ago. The coal trade is paralyzed, many of the great iron mills have closed, and strikes are frequent and general. Crime has already alarmingly increased, and much apprehension is felt in all parts of the Kingdom.

At the mouth of the Humber River, England, is an island which 130 years ago comprised an area of two and a half square miles. Subsequently it came into the possession of the Crown, which granted new leases on condition that at least 2,700 acres of alluvial deposits which had accumulated around the original embankment, should be reclaimed. Not only was this secured, but as further deposits were made they also were reclaimed. In 1875 the leases fell in, and the island was relet for \$67,250 a year. It has still plenty of room to grow.

Thomas Betton bequeathed to the Iron-mongers' Company of England, over 150 years ago, his entire estate, with a provision that one-half of the proceeds should be applied to the redemption of British slaves in Turkey and Algeria, and one-fourth toward the assistance of poor Church of England schools within London and its suburbs. Long ago there ceased to be any English slaves to redeem from the Turks; the courts, therefore, permitted the slaves money also to be used in the aid of schools. The magnitude of the sum accumulated during 150 years can best be appreciated by the statement that 1,200 schools are now aided from "Betton's charity."

EXTENSIVE FIRE AT MARKHAM.

SPEIGHT & SON'S NOVELTY WORKS BURNED.

MARKHAM, Nov. 13.—This morning, at about three o'clock, a fire broke out in the paint shop in Speight & Son's novelty works, and before the alarm became general, the fire was beyond control, and all the shops, machinery, and a lot of unfinished work were entirely consumed. Loss about \$50,000; insured in the Waterloo Mutual for \$6,000, and in the Manufacturers' and Merchants, for \$2,500. The residence of Mr. Thos. Speight, sr., was also burned; loss, \$2,000, no insurance. The damage to W. B. Speight's residence is estimated at \$500; insured in the Mercantile. Damage to Canada Methodist Church, \$400; insured in the Mercantile. Damage to Mrs. Thos. Speight's residence, \$200; insured in the Waterloo Mutual. Damage to stock of drugs of Wm. Miller & Co., \$100; insured in the Home District Mutual and Mercantile.

Repentant.

When young Chas. Renaud forged Mr. Geo. Denholm's name to cheques for over \$2,000 and drew he money, he divided it with one Magloire Dupuis, and Wilfred Gingras, who both fled to New York. Last Wednesday, Gingras, who was in Philadelphia, and penniless, went to the Chief of Police of that city, and confessed that he had, in company with Renaud, forged a cheque for \$1,500. He said that after leaving Montreal he and Dupuis lived in good style, moving about from place to place, as the police were after them. Now, however, he felt sorry for what he had done, and wished to be sent back to Montreal, where he was willing to suffer imprisonment for the crime which he had committed. The chief concluded that it was a mere dodge concocted to secure a free pass to Canada. Gingras was, however, locked up, and a

CAMPAIGN OPENED

FOR 1878.
Western Advertiser & Weekly Liberal.

Reduced Price—Premium to every Sub- scribe. Harvest for Agents.

The Fifteenth Annual Campaign of the *Western Advertiser and Weekly Liberal* is now under full headway. Hundreds of new names are pouring in from all parts of Canada. We want 5,000 new subscribers during this canvass. Plenty of room for 1,000 more agents. Our terms to agents, and inducements to subscribers will be found in anything yet offered.

BILL OF FARE.

- 1.—Best general newspaper in Canada.
- 2.—Balance of year free to new subscribers.
- 3.—Splendid Engraving to every subscriber.
- 4.—Agricultural Department by W. F. Clarke.
- 5.—Teacher's Department.—Best in Canada.
- 6.—Ladies' "Fashion and Kitchen" column.
- 7.—Music, pictures, chess, humor, etc.
- 8.—Full base ball, cricket and sporting news.
- 9.—Complete Temperance Record.
- 10.—Reliable and copious Market Reports.

TERMS FOR 1878:—\$1.60, with engraving Landseer's "Sanctuary," 30x20 inches. \$1.50, without engraving. Postage prepaid.

Liberal terms to agents. For free sample copies, or full instructions to agents, address,

JOHN CAMERON & Co.,

"Advertiser" Office, London, Ont

A BARGAIN.

A No. 9 Columbia Cooking Stove,

With Reservoir, Nearly New,

FOR SALE CHEAP,

With or without utensils. For further particulars, apply at the EXPRESS Office. 24-2in.

Insolvent Act of 1875.

CANADA: Province of Ontario, In the County Court of County of Lennox (the County of Lennox and Addington, and Addington.

IN THE MATTER OF EDWARD KIMERLY BOWEN,

An Insolvent, THE Undersigned has filed in the office of the Court, a Deed of Composition and Discharge, executed by his creditors, and on TUESDAY, the SIXTH day of NOVEMBER next, he will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation of the discharge thereby effected.

Napanee, October 25th, 1877.
E. K. BOWEN,
By E. B. STONE,
his Attorney, ad litem.

DOCTOR PIERCE'S
ALT. EXT. OR

Golden Medical Discovery



DOWNEY'S

ARE NOW SHOWING

Full Lines

IN

COLORÉD MERINOS,
COLORÉD MERINOS,
COLORÉD ATHOL CLOTHS,
COLORÉD PERSION CORDS,
COLORÉD BROCADES.

Full Lines in

BLACK LUSTRES,
BLACK MERINOS,
BLACK CASHMERES,
BLACK CRAPE CLOTHS,
BLACK PARAMATTAS,
BLACK BARATHEDES,
BLACK RUSSEL CORDS

Full Lines in

BLACK SILKS,
COLORÉD SILKS,
SILK VELVETS,
VELVETEENS'

Full Lines in

WINCEYS,
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS,
RUGS,
COTTONS,
PRINTS.

Full Lines in

GLOVES,
HOSIERY,
CORSETS,
SILK FRINGES,
WOOL FRINGES,
GALLOONS,
BRAIDS.

Full Lines in

SHAWLS,
MANTLES,
SKIRTS.

Full Lines in

MANTALASS

nation of the Public School In Eastern Ontario was held at yesterday. Mr. Jessup, Superintendent of Education in British Columbia, and gave an account of f education in the Pacific Pro-

ion has been made to the Queen's Bench at Toronto for a prevent the payment by the awa of a Bonus to the proposed dge scheme, on the ground of ty of such an expenditure, the mprovement being outside the 1 limits.

ation from Montreal waited on or of the Interior yesterday nce to the Oka troubles. Mr. ted out the inability of the overment to interfere, but ex- a opinion that the difficulty iposed of it the Indians would place themselves in the e Government.

for the United States before 7 Commission was closed on the American argument being aritime Provinces are entitled rd, the advantages from the es of the Washington Treaty al. The Commission has until Tuesday, when the gument will be commenced. ed that an award will be made end of the month.

AL. Nov. 9. The detectives pled in unearthing a dangerous n of thieves who have been ars, silks, seal skins, and other Boyd, Egan, & Co's bonded . A man named Chausse, sup- as discovered, confessed, that P. Fournier had combined to ematic robberies in Boyd, o's bonded warehouses, and therefrom 10,000 cigars, a of seal skins, silks, besides nd liquors. Fournier, who gars in Quebec, was arrested and the members of the gang curly caged.

United States.

arrived at Cape Town on the

of the seventh magnitude red at Ann Arbor on Monday. the Beauce murderer, is hiding with a party of some ten or a, some of them deserters from Bellefophon.

effort is to be made to secure elense under the incoming general

of marauding Indians from so, who crossed the Rio Grande f plunder, have been pursued xians into Texas, engaged, ed.

hostilities are reported on the e, a party of scouts who had e river having been attacked ed by a body of five hundred

ortation into the United States n cattle from Europe will be after the 1st prox., except in corgees are accompanied by rtificates of non-infection.

ill be introduced in the House ntatives on Monday chartering ntic Cable Company, who pro- ry their lines by way of the ad to complete it within five

upt has been made in the itequis, as the instigation of cal party, to assassinate the adilate for the Presidency of d States of Columbia. Martial n proclaimed until the Bishops rom the country or are baki-

he bodies of the crew of the founder off Manitowoc, Wis., identified and sent home by Ope is that Ben. Marshall, of Jefferson County, N. Y., the it, of Jordan, Ont.

Leiter's extensive dry goods are was burned Wednesday

eral, the fire was beyond control, and all the shops, machinery, and a lot of unfinished work were entirely consumed. Loss about \$50,000; insured in the Waterloo Mutual for \$6,000, and in the Manufacturers' and Merchants, for \$2,500. The residence of Mr. Thos. Speight, sr., was also burned; loss, \$2,000, no insurance. The damage to W. B. Speight's residence is estimated at \$509; insured in the Mercantile. Damage to Canada Methodist Church, \$400; insured in the Mercantile. Damage to Mrs. Thos. Speight's residence, \$200; insured in the Waterloo Mutual. Damage to stock of drugs of Wm. Miller & Co., \$100; insured in the Home District Mutual and Mercantile.

Repentant.

When young Chas. Renaud forged Mr. Geo. Deholm's name to cheques for over \$3,000 and drew the money, he divided it with one Magloire Dupuis, and Wilfred Gingras, who both fled to New York Last Wednesday, Gingras, who was in Philadelphia, and penniless, went to the Chief of Police of that city, and confessed that he had, in company with Renaud, forged a cheque for \$1,500. He said that after leaving Montreal he and Dupuis lived in good style, moving about from place to place, as the police were after them. Now, however, he felt sorry for what he had done, and wished to be sent back to Montreal, where he was willing to suffer imprisonment for the crime which he had committed. The chief concluded that it was a mere dodge concocted to secure a free pass to Canada. Gingras was, however, locked up, and a despatch forwarded here to Chief Penton asking if such a party as Gingras was wanted. Chief Penton consulted the bank authorities, who concluded that as Gingras had spent all the money they did not want him. Gingras is respectfully connected here.

The Suez Canal.

From recent English reports giving the present standing of the Suez Canal, we gather the fact that the future prosperity of that great undertaking is assured beyond reasonable doubt. The canal runs, as is known, from Port Said, on the Mediterranean, to Port Suez, on the Red Sea, a distance of about a hundred miles. Throughout its entire length none of the predictions of its opponents have been verified. The navigation of the Red Sea has not proved dangerous. The canal has not become a stagnant ditch, a receptacle of the sand of the desert, and alluvium of the Nile. Neither have the bitter lakes through which it passes in part become filled with salt. The supposed difference of level between the Red Sea and the Mediterranean, if it exists at all, has had no appreciable effect. After the canal was completed it was found easy to keep it open to the required depth, and in excellent navigable order. When the work was done the main questions were: Would it pay? Would it secure the commerce from India and the parts adjacent? Would English jealousy be allayed in view of its manifest advantages, and would the policy of Egypt be liberal and impartial? As the capital expended in its construction had been double the estimate, would the tonnage dues be necessarily so high as to drive off the smaller craft? Of these questions the last was the most important. There has been some modification of the dues and some shifting about before they were adjusted. But, judging from the present increase of tonnage passing through the canal, and from the fact that the shares now yield a profit, it may be assumed that the toll is satisfactory, and has been fixed for some time to come. The canal was opened to traffic in 1869. From 1870 to 1876 the net tonnage rose from 436,609 tons to 2,096,772 tons, and the receipts from two hundred thousand pounds sterling in 1870 to one million two hundred thousand pounds sterling in 1876. In 1876, after all debts were paid, a small balance of profit was left to the shareholders. The result is regarded as satisfactory in England, where a large number of shares are held, some by private parties, but the greater part by the British Government, which bought of the Khedive a considerable portion of his interest in the canal.

Modern Miracles.

24-211.

Insolvent Act of 1875.

CANADA: Province of Ontario. In the County Court of County of Lennox and Addington, and Addington. IN THE MATTER OF EDWARD KIMERLY BOWEN, An Insolvent, THE Undersigned, filed in the office of this Court, a Deed of Composition and Discharge, executed by his creditors, and on TUESDAY, the SIXTH day of NOVEMBER next, he will apply to the Judge of the said Court for a confirmation of the discharge thereby effected. Napanee, October 24th, 1877. E. K. BOWEN, By E. B. STONE, his Attorney, ad litem.

DOCTOR PIERCE'S
ALT. EXT. OR
Golden Medical Discovery



CURES DISEASES OF THE
THROAT, LUNGS, LIVER & BLOOD.

In the wonderful medicine to which the afflicted are above directed for relief, the discoverer believes he has combined in harmony more of Nature's sovereign curative properties, which God has instilled into the vegetable kingdom for healing the sick, than were ever before combined in one medicine. The evidence of this fact is found in the great variety of most obstinate diseases which it has been found to conquer. In the cure of Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, and the early stages of Consumption, it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. While it cures the severest Coughs, it strengthens the system and purifies the blood. By its great and thorough blood-purifying properties, it cures all Humors, from the worst Scrofula to a common Boil, Pimple, or Eruption. Mercurial disease, Mineral Poisons, and their effects, are eradicated, and vigorous health and a sound constitution established. Erysipelas, Salt-rheum, Fever Sores, Scaly or Rough Skin, in short, all the numerous diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flushes, low spirits, and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from Torpid Liver, or "Biliousness." In many cases of "Liver Complaint" only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect cures, leaving the liver strengthened and healthy.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AT \$1 PER BOTTLE.
Prepared by R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Sole Proprietor, at the WORLD'S DISPENSARY, Buffalo, N. Y.

This Cut Illustrates the Manner of Using
DR. PIERCE'S
Fountain Nasal Injector,
OR
DOUCHE.



BRUSSELS, RUGS, COTTONS, PRINTS.

Full Lines in

GLOVES, HOSIERY, CORSETS, SILK FRINGES, WOOL FRINGES, GALOONS, BRAIDS.

Full Lines in

SHAWLS, MANTLES, SKIRTS.

Full Lines in

MANTALASSE, BEAVERS, NAPS, VICTORIA TWILLS, WATER PROOFS, AND PLAID FOR ULSTERS.

Full Lines in

LADIES' AND GENTS' MERINO UNDERCLOTHING, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN VENIT WOOLENS.

Full Lines in

CLOUDS, SCARFS, SQUARES, HOODS, JACKETS.

Full Lines in

MINK SETS, SEAL SETS, BALTIC SETS, ERMINE SETS, SEAL CAPS, MINK CAPS, FURS AND ROBES.

Full Lines in

LADIES STRAW & FELT HATS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, PLUMES, &c., &c., MISS PHALEN, MANAGER.

liquors. Fourmen, who
s in Quebec, were arrested
d the members of the gang
rily caged.

United States.

rived at Cape Town on the
of the seventh magnitude
d at Ann Arbor on Monday.
e Boucaneer, is hiding
with a party of some ten
or some of them deserters from
"Herophon."

fort is to be made to secure
ase under the incoming
eral

f marauding Indians from
who crossed the Rio Grande
blunder, have been pursued
eans into Texas, engaged,

stilities are reported on the
a party of scouts who had
river having been attacked
by a body of five hundred

tation into the United States
cattle from Europe will be
ter the 1st prox., except in
orgues are accompanied by
ificates of non-infection.

be introduced in the House
atives on Monday chartering
ie Cable Company, who pro-
y their lines by way of the
to complete it within five

it has been made in the
equia, as the investigation of
l party, to assassinate the
idate for the Presidency of
States of Columbia. Martial
proclaimed until the Bishops
in the country or are hand-

bodies of the crew of the
undered-off Manitowoc, Wis.,
identified and sent home by
er is that Ben. Marshall, of
erson County, N. Y., the
of Jordan, Ont.

iter's extensive dry goods
go, was burned Wednesday
e loss is estimated at over
f millions. Two men were
ht; two dangerously, and
y injured. Two are missing.
ngle fireman escaped without
workmen are thrown out of

Herald reports give sensa-
ts of the Pope's illness, stat-
aturday the death-rattle was
throat, but that he since
h it is believed that there is
his recovery, and that his
e sudden. Reports direct
tate that he received visitors

Continent

physicians are alarmed at
illness.

ired Mennonites left Berlin
n the 9th instant.

rs of a reported rising in the
a are contradicted.

lunarity is making prepara-
ostile expedition to Near-

expecting in the north-west
of Spain, a number of dis-
ards, armed with Reming-
ings crossed the Pyrenees,
and Italy have paid the
their subsidies to the St.
ad, 4,600,000 and 2,700,000
ively.

ed that Germany is urging
cept a German protectorate,
the military system conform
many, accepting in return
nspensation, and a guarantee
ndence.

The Suez Canal

From recent English reports giving the
present standing of the Suez Canal, we
gather the fact that the future prosperity of
that great undertaking is assured beyond
reasonable doubt. The canal runs, as is
known, from Port Said, on the Mediterran-
ean, to Port Suez, on the Red Sea, a dis-
tance of about a hundred miles. Through-
out its entire length none of the predictions
of its opponents have been verified. The
navigation of the Red Sea has not proved
dangerous. The canal has not become a
stagnant ditch, a receptacle of the sand of
the desert, and alluvium of the Nile.
Neither have the bitter lakes through which
it passes in part become filled with salt.

The supposed difference of level between the
Red Sea and the Mediterranean, if it exists
at all, has had no appreciable effect. After
the canal was completed it was found easy
to keep it open to the required depth, and
in excellent navigable order. When the
work was done the main questions were:
Would it pay? Would it secure the com-
merce from India and the parts adjacent?
Would English jealousy be allayed in view
of its manifest advantages, and would the
policy of Egypt be liberal and impartial?
As the capital expended in its construction
had been double the estimate, would the
tonnage dues be necessarily so high as to
drive off the smaller craft? Of these ques-
tions the last was the most important.
There has been some modification of the
dues and some shifting about before they
were adjusted. But, judging from the pre-
sent increase of tonnage passing through the
canal, and from the fact that the shares
now yield a profit, it may be assumed that
the toll is satisfactory, and has been fixed
for some time to come. The canal was open-
ed to traffic in 1869. From 1870 to 1876
the net tonnage rose from 436,609 tons to
2,096,772 tons, and the receipts from two
hundred thousand pounds sterling in 1870
to one million two hundred thousand pounds
sterling in 1875. In 1876, after all debts
were paid, a small balance of profit was
left to the shareholders. The result is
regarded as satisfactory in England, where
a large number of shares are held, some by
private parties, but the greater part by the
British Government, which bought of the
Khedive a considerable portion of his interest
in the canal.

Modern Miracles.

Art is not yet satisfied with her con-
quests over nature. Just now a couple
of stupendous undertakings are in con-
templation, one to bridge the Bosphorus,
the other to tunnel the Straits of Dover.
The former of these undertakings will
borrow an interest from the fact of the
locality of it being inseparably interlink-
ed with the difficulty so well known as
the Eastern question. The proposed
bridge, 6,000 feet long and 100 feet wide,
is expected to cost \$25,000,000, its prin-
ciple span being 750 feet wide. No triumph
of modern engineering will begin to com-
pare, however, with the proposed railway
tunnel under the British channel. The
possibility of burrowing under the bed
of the sea a distance of thirty miles almost
staggeres the imagination and sponges out
the word impossible from the slate of hu-
man calculation. The international as-
pect of the work is by no means void of
interest. In view of their ancient hostile
attitude as traditional enemies, it is some-
thing worthy of remark that the two great
rival nations of Western Europe, for the
purposes of peace, should thus be making
their mutual advances under the waters
which divide their shores. And yet this
is literally to happen, since the work is
said to have been already begun, the in-
tention of the British and the French
railway companies being to push on the
undertaking, commencing simultaneously
from either shore. The saying is a trite
one that wonders will never cease.
Though this may be, yet the very fre-
quency of their accomplishment will yet
almost render the cessation of them the
greatest wonder that can possibly happen.
Very soon men will cease to wonder at
the miraculous achievements of modern
engineering skill. Truly truth hath its
victories.—Whig.

CURES DISEASES OF THE THROAT, LUNGS, LIVER & BLOOD.

In the wonderful medicine to which the afflicted are above directed for relief, the discoverer believes he has combined in harmony more of Nature's sovereign curative properties, which God has instilled into the vegetable kingdom for healing the sick, than were ever before combined in one medicine. The evidence of this fact is found in the great variety of most obstinate diseases which it has been found to conquer. In the cure of Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, and the early stage of Consumption, it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. While it cures the severest Coughs, it strengthens the system and purifies the blood. By its great and thorough blood-purifying properties, it cures all Humors, from the worst Scrofula to a common Blotch, Pimple, or Eruption. Mercurial disease, Mineral Poisons, and their effects, are eradicated, and vigorous health and a sound constitution established. Erysipelas, Salt-rheum, Eczema, Scalds, or Rough Skin, in short, all the numerous diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flushes, low spirits, and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from Torpid Liver, or "Biliousness." In many cases of "Liver Complaint" only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect cures, leaving the liver strengthened and healthy.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AT \$1 PER BOTTLE.

Prepared by R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Sole
Proprietor, at the WORLD'S DISPENSARY,
Buffalo, N. Y.

This Cut Illustrates the Manner of Using

DR. PIERCE'S
Fountain Nasal Injector,
OR

DOUCHE.



This instrument is especially designed for the
perfect application of

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

It is the only form of instrument yet invented
with which fluid medicine can be carried high
up and perfectly applied to all parts of the affected
nasal passages, and the chambers or cavities
communicating therewith, in which sores and
ulcers frequently exist, and from which the cat-
arrhal discharge generally proceeds. The want
of success in treating Catarrh heretofore has
arisen largely from the impossibility of applying
remedies to these cavities and chambers by any
of the ordinary methods. This obstacle in the
way of effecting cures is entirely overcome by
the invention of the Douche. Its use is pleasant
and so simple that a child can understand it.
Full and explicit directions accompany
each instrument. When used with this instru-
ment, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures recent
attacks of "Cold in the
Head" by a few applications.

CATARRH

SYMPTOMS—Frequent
headache, discharge falling into throat, some-
times profuse, watery, thick, mucous, purulent,
offensive, etc. In other, a dryness, dry, watery,
weak, or inflamed eyes, stopping up, or obstruc-
tion, of nasal passages, ringing in ears, deaf-
ness, hawking and coughing to clear throat,
ulcerations, scales from ulcers, voice altered,
nasal twang, offensive breath, impaired or total
deprivation of sense of smell and taste, dizzi-
ness, mental depression, loss of appetite, indi-
gestion, enlarged tonsils, tickling cough, etc.
Only a few of these symptoms are likely to be
present in any case at one time.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, when used
with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, and ac-
companied with the constitutional treatment
which is recommended in the pamphlet that
wraps each bottle of the Remedy, is a perfect
specific for this bothersome disease. It is mild and
pleasant to use, containing no strong or caustic
drugs or poisons. The Catarrh Remedy is sold at
50 cents, Douche at 60 cents, by all Druggists.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

Full Lines in

LADIES' AND GENTS'
MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
VENIT WOOLENS.

Full Lines in

CLOUDS,
SCARFS,
SQUARES,
HOODS,
JACKETS.

Full Lines in

MINK SETS, ~~GRAND~~
SEAL SETS.
BALISTIC SETS.
ERMINE SETS.
SEAL CAPS,
MINK CAPS.
FURS
AND
ROBES.

Full Lines in

LADIES STRAW & FELT HATS.
FLOWERS.
FEATHERS.
PLUMES, &c., &c.,
MISS PHALEN, MANAGER.

CARPETS.
OIL CLOTHS.
LACE CURTAINS.
AND REPS.

Full Lines in

READY-MADE CLOTHING.
WORSTED COATINGS.
BEAVERS.
NAPS.
ENGLISH SCOTCH AND CANA-
DIAN TWEEDS.

James Walters, Cutter.

Full Lines in

MEN AND BOYS FELT HATS.
CLOTH CAPS.
FUR CAPS.
AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

AT PRICES

TO SUIT THE TIMES

JOHN DOWNFY.

Napanee, Oct. 6th, 1877.

Advertisements this Week.

New Books—Henderson
Farm for Sale—R. McDowell
Felt Roofing—Nelson German
Wine is a Mockery—Henry Boyle
Stoves—Wright & Co.
Notice—Express Office

THE EXPRESS

NAPANEE, NOV. 16th, 1877.

—Any parties who wish to take a local paper can have the Express free to the end of the year, on trial, with the privilege of discontinuing at that time, if unsatisfactory. Only \$1 for 1878, postage free. Readers are requested to send in the names of their friends.

To Doer Hunters.

An Eight Shooter Spencer Repeating Rifle for sale, Cheap, at F. CHINNECK'S, Napanee. 27-1f

Wine is a mockery; strong drink is raging; whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise. Therefore be not deceived by parties telling you that their Stoves are better than Boyle's. My Stoves are made of the best material (not of old iron, as asserted by others in the trade,) and are also as good, if not better, because they are heavier, and consequently throw out more heat, and have given good satisfaction. Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. No connection with any other establishment in Town, but manufacture and repair Tinware of all kinds, by first-class Mechanics, and do Job Work of all kinds, in my line, and keep a large assortment of Cooking, Parlor Cook, Box and Coal-heating and Double Stoves. Extra castings for stoves; stoves refitted, Ploughs and Plough-shares of all kinds. Yours truly, H. BOYLE, agent, in William Miller's old stand, opposite Webster & Boyes.

—Indian summer this week.

—This is the time to roast chestnuts and pop corn and the question.

—Street cars with stoves inside are being built for winter use in Belleville.

—The knowing ones are predicting more than two weeks of open weather yet.

—This is the close season for whitefish, and dealers and others interested will do well to bear the fact in mind.

—The two things that cause most trouble in town these times are the tax-collector and last year's stove-pipes.

—The shipments of grain from Napanee have been very large during the past week. Vessels coming and going as fast as they could be loaded.

—Photographic counterfeit \$1 bills, on the Dominion Bank, are in circulation in Belleville. They have more of a greasy feeling than the genuine.

—We direct attention to John Henderson's advertisement in this issue. "He is already getting in goods for the holiday season. Call on him when in town."

—The Belleville Town Council has resolved to petition the Dominion Government to pay the expenses of the Queen's Own Rifles of Toronto in connection with the Grand Trunk strike.

—The athletic sports announced to come off in the Academy Grounds on Friday last, were postponed on account of the unfavorable weather. The exhibition in the evening was very successful.

—The pupils of Odessa School purpose giving an entertainment in the Court House, in their village, on Friday evening, Nov. 23rd. A good programme is promised. We hope we may have to report a good turn out.

—A burglary is reported from Enterprize, and a suspicious party has been traced to Kingston. Our business men should be warned and take every precaution, or a visit from some of these gentry may have to be regretted.

—Mr. Rine has been holding most enthusiastic meetings in Kingston, a thousand people being unable to gain admittance to a meeting in the City Hall one evening this week. He goes to Montreal and Quebec shortly.

—The water in the river remains very low and vessels loading deeper than seven feet are very apt to find a soft berth. On Saturday last two ves-

New Venture.

A couple of venturesome youths are about to start a new journal in Mill Point to be called the Echo. Seven column sheet with patent outside pages.

Thanksgiving Day.

Thursday next has been set apart as a public Thanksgiving Day for the Province of Ontario, would it not be a proper thing for the church authorities to make provisions for the holiday of religious services. Surely the people of the Province, and this town and county in particular, can find much to be thankful for in the abundant harvest of the past season, etc.

Counterfeit.

Counterfeit \$10 Ontario Bank Bills are in circulation. Merchants and others would do well to clip the following description for reference: The paper of the counterfeit is thinner, a quarter of an inch short, and the numbering letters smaller. The green tinting is lighter, the engraving badly done, and the engraver's name, which appears on the genuine note, is absent from the forged one. The bill purports to be of the head office issue. So nearly alike are they that the Merchants, Montreal, and Consolidated banks have taken them.

A Big Cargo.

In order to give to those accustomed to think 20,000 or 25,000 bushels of grain a heavy cargo, we give the following concerning one of the largest of ocean steamers:—"The steamer Faraday, loaded by Henderson Brothers, for London, sailed from New York on Thursday with over 4,000 tons of cargo, consisting of 93,084 bush. wheat, 24,600 bush. corn 3,820 bbls. flour, 400 tons oil cake, 25 hhds, tobacco, 800 bales hops, 650 bbls. of resin, 100 bales sarsaparilla roots, 5,000 staves, and 50 live cattle, being the largest that ever left the port of New York in one ship, excepting the Great Eastern.

Marine Notes.

The schooner Berlin, of Buffalo, was wrecked on Tuesday night. Captain Johnson and the coloured cook were drowned. The remainder of the crew, numbering four, clung to the wreck all night; and till 4 p. m., next day. Two were rescued alive, and two perished from exposure, one being the captain's son. The survivors are Martin Oleson and Charles Harrison, of Buffalo, both Norwegians.

WRECK OF THE MAGELLAN.—The vessel was built in St. Catharines, rated A 1, and was partly insured. Four of the bodies have been found. On the person of one was found an envelope addressed, "H. P. Larson, Sailors' Home, Glasgow" and \$75. On another a pass-book with the memorandum, "Sailed from Chicago Nov. 4, on schooner Magellan," and a tintype of a woman inscribed on the back, "Mrs. D. L. Marshall, Clayton, N. Y." On another an envelope containing a letter addressed to P. Tait and signed Wm. Tait. The wreck is lying near Manitowoc, Wis.

Valuable Invention.

Our attention has been called during the week to a valuable invention which has lately been invented and which has been just introduced to this town. Contractors and builders have always experienced great difficulty in securing a roofing material for flat roofs at once cheap and serviceable. Various inventions have been tried some time, all with the same result, leaky roofs, constant trouble and expense in making repairs and no end of complaints from customers. J. Brokenshire, Esq., of the Atlantic Foundry, Kingston, after long experimenting has succeeded in perfecting a material composed largely of metal and which when applied becomes as hard as slate, and impervious to changing temperature as cold does not crack, nor heat cause it

Lecture.

Bishop O'Brien's lecture in the Catholic Church on Sabbath evening last, was largely attended.

—The report of Mr. Cartwright's speech, at Napanee will probably appear next week.

We shall in future give market reports from Napanee, Belleville, and other points, which may interest the farming community. These reports will be changed throughout, weekly, and may be relied on.

Lumber.

The Ottawa Herald says:—"We understand that the Hon. Jas. Skead has sold all the sawn lumber in his mill-yards, and that he has signed an agreement for supplying a large quantity of lumber next year. This news makes prospects a little brighter. An approximate estimate of the sawn lumber now on hand at Ottawa and neighbourhood, places the amount at about one-third less than at this time last year. Some millers have not more than half the amount of stock on hand that they had last winter. On the line of the Canada Central it is calculated that the stock is about twenty-two million feet less than last season. The reduction has been caused by millers having reduced their operations.

Sir John's Contingencies.

When we come to consider Sir John Macdonald's fitness for office by the way in which he managed his department when Minister of Justice, it must be conceded that neglect of duty and extravagance prove his utter incapacity. We pointed out the other day that the cab hire for his department during one year amounted to \$1,035.50, while during Mr. Blake's management \$14.80 was found sufficient to pay all charges of that nature. Taking up a few others items, we find that for telegraphing, during the year 1872-3, Sir John's department cost \$4,371.88. During the year 1876-7 the cost of telegraphing, under Mr. Blake's management was only \$330—a saving of over four thousand dollars on this item in one year. Sir John's "travelling" expenses amounted to \$1,218.12, while Mr. Blake's for a similar period cost only \$51.35. The charge for postage in Sir John's time was for the year above named \$493.87, and in Mr. Blake's \$125.77. The curious part of the last comparison is that the correspondence while Mr. Blake was in office was three times as great as when Sir John ruled, yet the Tory chief charged the country three times as much for postage! With all this telegraphing travelling, cab hire, and prodigality in postage, it would naturally be expected that the business of the department was done up by Sir John in first-class style, but the fact shows that the arrears of business extended back for years, and that a most painful system of delays had grown up. Explanations, accounting for the extraordinary charges against contingencies quoted above, are what Sir John is now called upon to offer. Is it another case of Northern Railway cow contributions, with the Dominion treasury as the milch cow from which the Tory chieftain drew nourishment for his bribery funds? Parliamentary inquiry into the contingencies accounts of the late Administration might reveal a worse nest of corruption than either the Pacific Scandal or Northern Railway investigations.

A Brave Engineer.

A little railroad accident recently occurred at the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton station, which might have been serious but for the prompt action of Engineer Wheeler. The theatre train was standing in the station nearly full of passengers, and the engine detached, standing some distance in front of it, when a freight train was, by some blunder,

The question of the hour: Are insurance agents ever afflicted with faltness?

Bank managers, railroad students, and all that class of people hereby warned against accepting salaries without close scrutiny. A five cent piece are in circulation.

"Three strikes!—out, cried clerk; and, with his Ulster on and his "dish-brim" on his head, he was out on the sidewalk in less than seconds after the Custom House had struck three.

The master builders of London land, have declined to enter into negotiations with the striking masons, and decided to continue the import of foreign labour.

There is a good paragraph from the Burlington Hawkeye winter is closing in upon the close of this county with most appalling ties. A season of incessant and donation parties has been arranged many of the denominations, a prospect is that hundreds of men who are not able to keep a fire don't know how to fire a gun, will from starvation.

A stupid-looking countryman before a blacksmith's shop the price of which was forging a shoe, at the performance with much inter-brawny smith, dissatisfied with the curiosity, held the red hot-iron s under his nose, hoping to unbeat a hasty retreat. "If you me sixpence I will lick it," said the countryman. "I'll stop the bit jaws," thought the smith, as he took his pocket a sixpence, and held the countryman quickly grab coin, licked it, and walked away v "did you ever catch a weasel as!

The doubt of whether the price of would make it a profitable one shipping meat to the English seems to have been thoroughly and so satisfactorily that we expect the trade to go on increasing we not only supply England and other countries of Europe. The quotations, though somewhat bel generally realized, are very exact. "At Mr. Tindall's sale last week were somewhat slow, at the prices: Fore-quarters, 4½d. to 5½d. quarters, 6½d. to 7½d. per pound prices charged by the retailers many cases 4d. per lb. above the others. The beef was in splendid condition."

The London World tells why it dismissed his old physician, Dr. Gallo. It says: "One morning I feeling a good deal of soreness on his shoulders, drew Pellagallo's attention. The Doctor looked at the recognized the presence of inflammation jumped at the conclusion that I had set in, and left the Vatican at that the days of Pius IX. were ended. Crossing the bridge of St. he met the correspondent of the on his way to the Vatican in a material. "How is the Holy Father morning?" he inquired. The shook his head and pronounced erysipelas. "Dio mio, then his near." "Exactly so," and the p wheeled round, went direct to graph office and wired the all in news to his paper. The discord by the Pope was caused by nothing than an incipient boil, but the having been traced to the Doctor ritation spread to the Pontiff's and Pellagallo was discharged.

THE CRADLE.

Close.—On the 2nd, of October, 1877, of Mr. Thomas Close, of Mill P daughter.

THE ALTAR.

QUAIGLEY—KELLER—On the evening inst., at the residence of the bride by the Rev. J. C. Ash, Mr. J. F. Q

have been very large during the past week. Vessels coming and going as fast as they could be loaded.

—Photographic counterfeit \$1 bills, on the Dominion Bank, are in circulation in Belleville. They have more of a greasy feeling than the genuine.

—We direct attention to John Henderson's advertisement in this issue. "He is already getting in goods for the holiday season. Call on him when in town."

—The Belleville Town Council has resolved to petition the Dominion Government to pay the expenses of the Queen's Own Rifles of Toronto in connection with the Grand Trunk strike.

—The athletic sports announced to come off in the Academy Grounds on Friday last, were postponed on account of the unfavorable weather. The exhibition in the evening was very successful.

—The pupils of Odessa School purpose giving an entertainment in the Court House, in their village, on Friday evening, Nov. 23rd. A good programme is promised. We hope we may have to report a good turn out.

—A burglar is reported from Enterprise, and a suspicious party has been traced to Kingston. Our business men should be warned and take every precaution, or a visit from some of these gentry may have to be regretted.

—Mr. Rine has been holding most enthusiastic meetings in Kingston, a thousand people being unable to gain admittance to a meeting in the City Hall one evening this week. He goes to Montreal and Quebec shortly.

—The water in the river remains very low and vessels loading deeper than seven feet are very apt to find a soft berth in the mud. On Saturday last two vessels loaded at 7 ft. 4 in. and 7 ft. 6 in., respectively, were got out of the river with great difficulty.

—The winter timetable of the Grand Trunk Railway has been received. Train leaves Napanee as follows: Going west, Express, 5:50 a.m., and 5:12 p.m.; Mixed, 7:35. Going east, Express, 1:10 a.m. and 1 p.m.; Mixed 9 p.m., Montreal time.

—Belleville fishermen report poor success of late. Herring, usually so plentiful at this season, are scarce, and instead of becoming more plentiful are actually becoming scarce. It seems now as if the catch would be far below the average of the last four or five years.

—"A new kind of a deadbeat is on his travels. He selects an uncommon name from the directory, calls on the person, and by claiming to be of the same name, bases an appeal for pecuniary assistance. Sharpen the toes of your boots in anticipation of his coming."—*Tiscr.*

—Grain Shipments from Napanee during the past week. By Diamond & Sherwood, per schooner to Oswego, 10,500 bushels Barley, 2922 bushels Rye; per railway to Chicago, 500 bushels Barley. By the Grangers, per sch. to Oswego, 27,800 bushels Barley. From Mill Point, per sch. to Oswego, 1,750 bushels Barley.

—An Act, passed at the last session of the Ontario Legislature, extended the time allowed for the registration of partnerships till the first of January next, after which, upon complaint of any one, parties who have failed to comply with the law, may be mulcted in \$200. Members of firms should see to it that they do not expose themselves to that penalty. The law will be found on page 65 of the statutes of 1877.

The Napanee Dramatic Club announce one of their unequalled entertainments in the Town Hall on the Tuesday evening, Nov. 20th, when "Gwinnett" will be played on the boards for the first time in this town. These amateur theatricals have in the past been justly popular with our townspeople, and the boys are determined to sustain their reputation during the coming winter. Give them a bumper house.

—The Anniversary Services of the M.

Johnson and the coloured cook were drowned. The remainder of the crew, numbering four, clung to the wreck all night; and till 4 p.m., next day. Two were rescued alive, and two perished from exposure, one being the captain's son. The survivors are Martin Oleson and Charles Harrison, of Buffalo, both Norwegians.

WRECK OF THE MAGELLAN.—The vessel was built in St. Catharines, rated A 1, and was partly insured. Four of the bodies have been found. On the person of one was found an envelope addressed, "H. P. Larson; Sailors' Home, Glasgow" and \$75. On another a pass-book with the memorandum, "Sailed from Chicago Nov. 4, on schooner Magellan," and a tinsy of a woman inscribed on the back, "Mrs. D. L. Marshall, Clayton, N. Y." On another an envelope containing a letter addressed to P. Tait and signed Wm. Tait. The wreck is lying near Manitowoc, Wis.

Valuable Invention.

Our attention has been called during the week to a valuable invention which has lately been invented and which has been just introduced to this town. Contractors and builders have always experienced great difficulty in securing a roofing material for flat roofs at once cheap and serviceable. Various inventions have been tried some time, all with the same result, leaky roofs, constant trouble and expense in making repairs and no end of complaints from customers. J. Brokenshire, Esq., of the Atlantic Foundry, Kingston, after long experimenting has succeeded in perfecting a material composed largely of metal and which when applied becomes as hard as slate, and impervious to changing temperature as cold does not crack, nor heat cause it to run. The material is also perfectly fire proof. The invention will we feel assured prove a great boon to both owners and builders. Since its introduction at Kingston, other roofing material has been entirely discarded, and the highest testimonials have been presented the inventor setting forth its merit. Mr. N. German, is the first to use it in Napanee, having first used it on a roof at his carriage shop, and has also been appointed agent for Napanee and vicinity. We would advise parties interested to call around and inspect this roof or a specimen may be seen at this office.

The C. M. Church.

The additions and other improvements on the Canada Methodist Church here are rapidly approaching completion, and it is announced that the regular Sunday Services will be resumed in the basement on Sunday morning next. The regular Quarterly Meeting will then be held. The improvements are of an important character. Its size has been enlarged by the addition of over twenty feet to the length, and the old walls have been pointed over and pencilled, so as to add much to their appearance. Inside the same additions to the size have been made. The pulpit has been moved back somewhat, and more pews added on the main floor. The gallery has been lowered, and extended around the four sides of the entire building. The organ and Choir will be in the gallery immediately behind the pulpit, adding much to the appearance of the building, as well as the convenience of the worshippers. The gallery has also been lowered a few inches. A new pulpit and platform of a more modern character have been built. The ceiling and walls are now being decorated in a very neat and tasty manner, new stained glass windows are to be put in, and the entire wood work to be repainted. Gas fixtures are also being put in, and new hot air furnaces put up. When all is completed it will be the neatest appearing church in Napanee. The body of the church will probably, not be completed before the holidays.

The Churches.

On Sunday last the Rev. Dr. O'Brien, Bishop of Kingston, was at the Roman Catholic Church, here, and took part in the services morn-

over four thousand dollars on this item in one year. Sir John's "travelling" expenses amounted to \$1,218.12, while Mr. Blake's for a similar period cost only \$51.35. The charge for postage in Sir John's time was for the year above named \$493.87, and in Mr. Blake's \$125.77. The curious part of the last comparison is that the correspondence while Mr. Blake was in office was three times as great as when Sir John ruled, yet the Tory chief charged the country three times as much for postage! With all this telegraphing travelling, cab hire, and prodigality in postage, it would naturally be expected that the business of the department was done up by Sir John in first-class style, but the fact shows that the arrears of business extended back for years, and that a most painful system of delays had grown up. Explanations, accounting for the extraordinary charges against contingencies quoted above, are what Sir John is now called upon to offer. Is it another case of Northern Railway cow contributions, with the Dominion treasury as the milch cow from which the Tory chieftain drew nourishment for his bribery funds? Parliamentary inquiry into the contingencies accounts of the late Administration might reveal a worse nest of corruption than either the Pacific Scandal or Northern Railway investigations.

A Brave Engineer.

A little railroad accident recently occurred at the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton station, which might have been serious but for the prompt action of Engineer Wheeler. The theatre train was standing in the station nearly full of passengers, and the engine detached, standing some distance in front of it, when a freight train was, by some blunder, backed down at a rapid rate directly towards the passenger train. Fortunately Billy Whalen, the engineer in charge of the engine, saw the situation, and understanding the danger, sprang at once, into the engine, which was yet detached from the passenger train, and turning on full steam, shot her ahead into the rear of the coming freight train. The shock was a terrible one. The trucks of the rear of the freight train climbed up the front of the engine; the headlight of Whalen's locomotive was smashed and considerable damage incurred. The bold Billy was badly shocked, but the force of the freight train was checked, and though it struck the passenger train, driving it back to the rear of the depot and shaking up the passengers at a pretty lively rate, none of them was seriously injured, for all of which they may thank the quick witted and brave Billy Whalen. Such an action requires more true heroism than is embodied in a thousand strikes.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

A Port Bruce Mystery

As two small boys were playing in a barn of Mr. Noah Mann's, a couple of miles west of Port Bruce, on Sunday week last, they found an overcoat and a pair of boots, which they took to the farmhouse, where the articles were thoroughly examined. The boots are No. 7's but little worn, and of ordinary quality; the overcoat is a good one, made of black cloth, in a fashionable manner. In the pocket of the coat was found a pocket-book containing thirty dollars, in three bills of ten dollars of the Imperial Bank; also a photograph of two children, on the back of which was scratched with a blunt instrument, "Send this money to—Smith, Culloden Post office, Ont." The Christian name is not easy to decipher, but it looks like "Alvin G." There were also in the pocket of the coat two small satchel keys, a pair of gold-rimmed and a pair of rubber-rimmed eye-glasses. The boots and coat would have fitted the man whose body was found on the beach at Port Bruce. Squire Gilbot and Capt. Thompson went on Thursday, with authority, and brought the articles to Aylmer, and on Friday the same gentleman proceeded to Culloden to hunt up the person whom the money was intended for.—*St. Thomas Times.*

generally realized, are very uncommon. At Mr. Tindall's sale last week were somewhat slow, at the following prices: Fore-quarters, 4½d. to 5½d. quarters, 6½d. to 7½d. per pound, prices charged by the retailers were many cases 4d. per lb. above the ares. The beef was in splendid condition."

The London World tells why the dismissed his old physician, Dr. gallo. It says: "One morning the feeling a good deal of soreness on his shoulders, drew Pellagallo's attention. The Doctor looked at the recognized the presence of inflammation jumped at the conclusion that ery had set in, and left the Vatican can that the days of Pius IX. were numbered. Crossing the bridge of St. he met the correspondent of the N on his way to the Vatican in sea material. "How is the Holy Father morning?" he inquired. The shook his head and pronounced the erysipelas. "Dio mio, then his near." "Exactly so," and the pre wheeled round, went direct to the graph office and wired the all my news to his paper. The discomf by the Pope was caused by nothing than an incipient boil, but the having been traced to the Doctor, ritation spread to the Pontiff's and Pellagallo was discharged.

THE CRADLE.

Close.—On the 2nd, of October, 1877, the of Mr. Thomas Close, of Mill Point daughter.

THE ALTAR.

QUAIGLEY-KELLER.—On the evening of last, at the residence of the bride's by the Rev. J. C. Ash, Mr. J. F. Quai Euphenia, Lampton Co., to Miss Lizer, daughter of Peter Keller, Esq., Village of Newburgh

THE TOMB.

HAWLEY.—At Centreville, Nov. 6th, of c tion, Mrs. Maria Hawley, relict o Hawley, aged 63 years.
SILLS.—At Napanee, on the 6th inst., Cl daughter of E. J. Sils, of Belleville, years, and 16 months.
JACOBS.—At Mill Point on the 5th inst. ennet Jacobs, aged 35 years.
SPENCER.—At Roblin, on the 4th inst., Spencer, aged 60 years and 9 months.
WALSH.—In Richmond, on the 9th inst. Walrath, aged 67 years.
AYRHART.—At Hay Bay, on the 14th inst., tharia, son of Mr. Ayhart, aged 7 years.

MARKETS.

NAPANEE Nov. 1

(Report by Diamond I and Sherwood, Na

Oats—3½c. per bushel.
Rye—5½c. per bushel.
Flour—60c. per bushel.
Barley—No. 2, 4½c. per bushel.
Barley—No. 1, 5½c. per bushel.
Wheat—\$1.10 per bushel.
Flour—\$2.00 per cwt.
Buckwheat Flour—\$2.75 per cwt.
Bran—\$1.00 per ton.
Shorts—\$2.50 per ton.
Buckwheat—40c. per bushel.
Wheat—\$2.00 per cord.
Coal—\$5.00 per ton.
Shipments from their Storehouse, bushels of Barley, and 9,000 bushels of Rye

Report by the Market Clerk, Napanee
Hay—\$10.00 to \$12.00 per ton
Hides—\$6.00 per cwt.
Butter—20c. to 25c. per lb.
Eggs—15c. per dozen.
Beef per cwt.—\$3.00 to \$5.00.
Bread—1½c. per loaf.
Coal—\$4.50 to \$5.00 per ton.
Chicken—25c. to 30c. per pair.
Ducks—10c. per pair.
Flour—\$3.10 per cwt.
Deacon Skins—40c.
Lard—10-12c.
Lamb and Pelts—50c. to 80c.
Oatmeal—\$1.00 per cwt.
Onions—70c. to \$1.00 per bushel.
Potatoes—35c. per bushel.
Pork—10-12c.
Straw—\$3.00 to \$4.00

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

Wheat, \$1.15 to \$1.25.
Barley, 45c. to 57c.
Rye, 55c. to 65c.
Oats, 30c. to 33c.
Peas 60c.
Dressed Hogs, \$5 to \$6 per cwt.
Butter, Roll, 18c. to 25c.
Butter, Tub, 16c. to 17c.
Eggs, 14c. to 16c.
Deacon Skin 50c. to 60c. per pair.

Frank Railway has been received. Train leaves Napanee as follows: Going west, Express, 5:50 a. m., and 7:12 p. m.; Mixed, 7:35. Going east, Express, 1:10 a. m., and 1 p. m.; Mixed 9 p. m., Montreal time.

Belleville fishermen report poor success of late. Herring, usually so plentiful at this season, are scarce, and instead of becoming more plentiful are actually becoming scarcer. It seems now as if the catch would be far below the average of the last four or five years.

"A new kind of a deadbeat is on his travels. He selects an uncommon name from the directory, calls on the person, and by claiming to be of the same name, bases an appeal for pecuniary assistance. Sharpen the toes of your boots in anticipation of his coming."—*Times*.

Grain Shipments from Napanee during the past week. By Diamond & Sherwood, per schooner to Oswego, 10,500 bushels Barley, 2292 bushels Rye; per railway to Chicago, 500 bushels Barley. By the Grangers, per sch. to Oswego, 27,800 bushels Barley. From Mill Point, per sch. to Oswego, 4,750 bushels Barley.

An Act, passed at the last session of the Ontario Legislature, extended the time allowed for the registration of partnerships till the first of January next, after which, upon complaint of any one, parties who have failed to comply with the law, may be mulcted in \$200. Members of firms should see to it that they do not expose themselves to that penalty. The law will be found on page 65 of the statutes of 1877.

The Napanee Dramatic Club announce one of their unequalled entertainments in the Town Hall on the Tuesday evening, Nov. 20th, when "Gwyneth" will be played on the boards for the first time in this town. These amateur theatricals have in the past been justly popular with our townspeople, and the boys are determined to sustain their reputation during the coming winter. Give them a bumper house.

The Anniversary services of the M. E. Church, Napanee, will be held on Sabbath, 25th November. Rev. C. S. Eastman is expected to preach in the morning, and Rev. S. G. Stone, D. D., in the evening. On the following Monday evening the usual tea-meeting will be held, and the ladies of the congregation guarantee a treat. Those who can make it convenient to attend are sure of a very pleasant evening's enjoyment.

During a visit to the establishment of Edwin Green, one day this week, that gentleman invited us over to look at a new house which he has just been adding to his establishment. Though at best it might be considered rather a melancholy experience, still we could not but admire the taste displayed in its construction and equipment. It is built in the latest Continental style, and is very elaborate in all its appointments. We hope Mr. Green's enterprise will be appreciated. Skating Rink

Is it not time some steps were made towards establishing a Skating and Curling Rink? Who will take the initiative?

Since writing the above we learn that Mr. Harry Woods, brother of G. M. Woods, Esq., intends opening a Skating Rink at the foot of West Street, as soon as the river closes. Mr. Woods is an old hand at the rink business, having given excellent satisfaction in Brockville and other places. We wish him success. Failure.

We regret to have to announce the failure of the well known firm of Grange Bros., doing business in Napanee, as druggists, paper manufacturers, etc. They have been doing a large business for a number of years, but through continued heavy losses have been brought to the unfortunate position of bankruptcy. The event is deeply regretted by all those with whom they have been doing business, and expressions of sympathy and hopes that they will be enabled to resume, are unanimo-

tously discarded, and the highest testimonials have been presented the inventor setting forth its merit. Mr. N. German is the first to use it in Napanee, having first used it on a roof at his carriage shop, and has also been appointed agent for Napanee and vicinity. We would advise parties interested to call around and inspect this roof or a specimen may be seen at this office.

The C. M. Church.

The additions and other improvements on the Canada Methodist Church here are rapidly approaching completion, and it is announced that the regular Sunday Services will be resumed in the basement on Sunday morning next. The regular Quarterly Meeting will then be held. The improvements are of an important character. Its size has been enlarged by the addition of over twenty feet to the length, and the old walls have been pointed over and pencilled, so as to add much to their appearance. Inside the same additions to the size have been made. The pulpit has been moved back somewhat, and more pews added on the main floor. The gallery has been lowered, and extended around the four sides of the entire building. The organ and Choir will be in the gallery immediately behind the pulpit, adding much to the appearance of the building, as well as the convenience of the worshippers. The gallery has also been lowered a few inches. A new pulpit and platform of a more modern character have been built. The ceiling and walls are now being decorated in a very neat and tasty manner, new stained glass windows are to be put in, and the entire wood work to be repainted. Gas fixtures are also being put in, and new hot air furnaces put up. When all is completed it will be the neatest appearing church in Napanee. The body of the church will probably, not be completed before the holidays.

The Churches.

On Sunday last the Rev. Dr. O'Brien, Bishop of Kingston, was at the Roman Catholic Church, here, and took part in the services morning and evening. In the morning he preached after Mass, and there was a large congregation. In the evening he lectured, taking for his topic, "Can a Priest forgive sins," and there was an immense crowd present. The church was filled to suffocation half an hour or more before the hour announced for the service. A large number were present from the various Protestant congregations.

Rev. Dr. Hartley has been delivering a series of Sunday Evening Lectures in the M. E. Church, here, and they are attracting large and increasing congregations. His lecture last Sunday evening on "The Tongue," was a very able one, and was listened to with great interest.

The services, especially on the Sunday evenings, in the Church of England, are increasing in interest and attendance. The fine new church, and its beautiful gas lights gives excellent satisfaction to the congregation. The pastor, Mr. J. J. Bogert, is certainly working hard and indefatigably for the interests of his church, and with good success.

The congregation of the C. Methodist Church have been worshipping in the Town Hall for some weeks, while the Church is undergoing repairs. It has been a difficult matter to find seat room for all who attend the services, and in consequence many are going to other services. Rev. Mr. Chambers is an able and eloquent minister, and we doubt not but his congregations will much increase when his church re-opens.

Our townspeople, we are happy to say, seem to be more inclined to church-going than formerly. All the congregations in town are increasing considerably. Has not the hard times, and the "dry" times (the Dunkin reign) had much to do with it? Certainly the church-going people, at all our places of worship, have comfortable churches, good preaching, and good music. Why should they not go, therefore?

standing the danger, sprang at once, and the engine, which was yet detached from the passenger train, and turning on full steam, shot her ahead into the rear of the coming freight train. The shock was a terrible one. The trucks of the rear car of the freight train climbed up the front of the engine; the headlight of Whelan's locomotive was smashed and considerable damage incurred. The bold Billy was badly shocked, but the force of the freight train was checked, and though it struck the passenger train, driving it back to the rear of the depot and shaking up the passengers at a pretty lively rate, none of them was seriously injured, for all of which they may thank the quick-witted and brave Billy Whalen. Such an action requires more true heroism than embodied in a thousand strikes,—"Cincinnati Enquirer."

A Port Bruce Mystery

As two small boys were playing in a barn of Mr. Noah Mann's, a couple of miles west of Port Bruce, on Sunday week last, they found an overcoat and a pair of boots, which they took to the farmhouse, where the articles were thoroughly examined. The boots are No. 7's but little worn, and of ordinary quality; the overcoat is a good one, made of black cloth, in a fashionable manner. In the pocket of the coat was found a pocket-book containing thirty dollars, in three bills of ten dollars of the Imperial Bank; also a photograph of two children, on the back of which was scratched with a blunt instrument, "Send this money to—Smith, Culloden Post office, Ont." The Christian name is not easy to decipher, but it looks like "Alvin G." There were also in the pocket of the coat two small satchel keys, a pair of gold-rimmed and a pair of rubber-rimmed eye-glasses. The boots and coat would have fitted the man whose body was found on the beach at Port Bruce. Squire Gilloil and Capt. Thompson went on Thursday, with authority; and brought the articles to Aylmer, and on Friday the same gentleman proceeded to Culloden to hunt up the person whom the money was intended for.—*St. Thomas Times*.

The Chicago Journal knows a thing or two. It says: "When a man imagines that he is a prophet and philosopher, he takes to long hair and a dirty overcoat."

A Nashville man answered an advertisement, "How to Win at Poker," and received for his two dollars the following: "Hold four aces or don't poke."

One by one the roses fade. It is now boldly denied that men who wear long hair are possessed of any more talent than those who have it clipped close.

Young man go west. Go to Nevada. Where when you take a girl to spelling school, you have to ride twenty-five miles and she expects you to keep your arm around her all the way.

A Canada man tied his dog to the end of a rear car the other day, and then let the beast could keep up with the train. Strange to say, when they got into Detroit, the dog was a head—there was nothing else left of him.

A farmer wants us to tell him the best way to raise "kents." The best way to raise the kind of beats that we have about here is to steal quietly up behind 'em, when they are not looking, and let fly a number fifteen boot at their coat tails.

General Sherman is known to be reticent, but interviewers still keep calling on him, owing to a bad habit he has fallen into of asking, with thoughtless generosity, as soon as a reporter shows himself, "Young man, will you take brandy or grasshopper juice?"

The leaves are turning slowly yellow, their hue is hence, the ripening fruit is on the mellow, the small boy is on the fence. He looks around, he views the ground, and thinks the moment suits; he fills his pockets full and round, then jumps the fence and scoots.

HAWLEY.—At Centreville, Nov. 6th, of election, Mrs. Maria Hawley, relict of Hawley, aged 63 years.

SILLS.—At Napanee, on the 6th inst., Clara daughter of E. J. Silks, of Belleville, 1 years, and 8 months.

JACOBS.—At Mill Point, on the 5th inst., infant Jacob, aged 3 years.

SPENCER.—At Roblin, on the 4th inst., E. Spencer, aged 67 years and 9 months.

WALRATH.—In Richmond, on the 9th inst. Walrath, aged 67 years.

AYRHAIR.—At Hay Day, on the 14th inst., Ayrhaier, son of Mr. Ayrhaier, aged 7 years.

MARKETS.

NAPANEE NOV. 15.
Report by Diamond & Sherwood, Nat

Oats—20c. per bushel.
Rye—57c. per bushel.
Flour—60c. per bushel.
Barley—No. 2, 52c. per bushel.
Barley—No. 1, 57c. per bushel.
Wheat—\$1.10 per bushel.
Flour—\$2.90 per cwt.
Buckwheat Flour—\$2.75 per cwt.
Bran—\$1.00 per ton.
Shorts—\$2.40 per ton.
Buckwheat—40c. per bushel.
Wood—\$5.00 per cord.
Coal—\$5.00 per ton.
Shipments from their Storehouse, bushels of Barley, and 9,000 bushels of Rye

Report by the Market Clerk, Napanee
Hay—\$16.00 to \$12.00 per ton
Hides—\$9.00, per cwt.
Butter—20c. to 24c. per lb.
Eggs—15c. per dozen.
Beef per cwt.—\$3.00 to \$5.00.
Broad—11c. per loaf.
Coal—\$4.50 to \$5.00 per ton.
Chickens—25c. to 30c. per pair.
Shrimps—10c. per pair.
Flour—\$3.10 per cwt.
Deacon Skins—40c.
Lard—11c.—12c.
Lamb and Pelts—50c. to 80c.
Oatmeal—\$1.00, per cwt.
Onions—20c. to 24c. per bushel.
Potatoes—30c. per bushel.
Pork—\$6.00.
Straw—\$3.00 to \$3.00

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

Wheat, \$1.15 to \$1.25.
Barley, 55c. to 57c.
Rye, 50c. to 52c.
Oats, 30c. to 32c.
Peas 60c.
Dressed Hogs, \$5 to \$6 per cwt.
Butter, 18c. to 20c.
Butter, Tub, 16c. to 17c.
Eggs, 14c. to 15c.
Potatoes, 50c. to 60c. per bag.
Flour, Wholesale, \$5.50 per bbl.
Apples, 60c. to \$1 per bag.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Wheat, fall, per bu. \$1.20 to \$1.25
Wheat, spring, per bu. \$1 to \$1.05
Barley, per bu. 50c. to 57c.
Oats, per bu. 30c. to 32c.
Peas, per bu. 60c. to 70c.
Rye, per bu. 45c. to 50c.
Butter, in rolls, 20c. to 22c.
Butter, large rolls, 20c.
Butter, tub dairy, best, 18c. to 19c.
Eggs, fresh, per doz. 17c. to 18c.
Eggs in lots, 15c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Flour: market quiet and steady at gen unchanged rates; superior extra at 5 82; at 5 65; strong baker's at 5 30; spring extra. Wheat, Canadian spring in store at \$1.21 2d at \$1.17.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Wheat, \$1.09 to 1.07.
Corn, 41c. to 41c.

OSWEGO MARKETS.

Wheat steady: No. 1 white Michigan, 5 Corn firm; No. 2, 58c; high mixed 30c. Barley, scarce; No. 2, Canada nominally to 80c; No. 1, 85c to 86c.

CHEESE MARKET.

NOVEMBER, 1
At Utica cheese market yesterday 10,000 were offered, and 4,000 boxes sold direct, boxes went forward on commission; 80¢ per cwt. best brought 12c; extremes for 0 11c to 12c; leading factories 12c; average

ALL accounts due the Express Office for paper subscription, Job Work, adve etc., up to Nov. 1st 1877, must be paid in Office at once to enable us to settle up. All accounts against the Office to the date to be sent to J. B. Denson Brighton.

NOTICE.

Lecture.

Bishop O'Brien's lecture in the Catholic Church on Sabbath evening last, was largely attended.

--The report of Mr. Cartwright's speech, at Napanee will probably appear next week.

We shall in future give market reports from Napanee, Belleville, and other points, which may interest the farming community. These reports will be changed throughout, weekly, and may be relied on.

Lumber.

The Ottawa Herald says:—"We understand that the Hon. Jas. Skead has sold all the sawn lumber in his mill-yards, and that he has signed an agreement for supplying a large quantity of lumber next year. This news makes prospects a little brighter. An approximate estimate of the sawn lumber now on hand at Ottawa and neighbourhood, places the amount at about one-third less than at this time last year. Some millers have not more than half the amount of stock on hand that they had last winter. On the line of the Canada Central it is calculated that the stock is about twenty-two million feet less than last season. The reduction has been caused by millers having reduced their operations."

Sir John's Contingencies.

When we come to consider Sir John Macdonald's fitness for office by the way in which he managed his department when Minister of Justice, it must be conceded that neglect of duty and extravagance prove his utter incapacity. We pointed out the other day that the cab hire for his department during one year amounted to \$1,035.50, while during Mr. Blake's management \$14.80 was found sufficient to pay all charges of that nature. Taking up a few others items, we find that for telegraphing, during the year 1872-3, Sir John's department cost \$4,371.88. During the year 1876-7 the cost of telegraphing, under Mr. Blake's management was only \$930—a saving of over four thousand dollars on this item in one year. Sir John's "travelling" expenses amounted to \$1,218.12, while Mr. Blake's for a similar period cost only \$51.35. The charge for postage in Sir John's time was for the year above named \$493.37, and in Mr. Blake's \$125.77. The curious part of the last comparison is that the correspondence while Mr. Blake was in office was three times as great as when Sir John ruled, yet the Tory chief charged the country three times as much for postage! With all this telegraphing travelling, cab hire, and prodigality in postage, it would naturally be expected that the business of the department was done up by Sir John in first-class style, but the fact shows that the arrears of business extended back for years, and that a most painful system of delays had grown up. Explanations, accounting for the extraordinary charges against contingencies quoted above, are what Sir John is now called upon to offer. Is it another case of Northern Railway cow contributions, with the Dominion treasury as the milch cow from which the Tory chieftain drew nourishment for his bribery funds? Parliamentary inquiry into the contingencies accounts of the late Administration might reveal a worse nest of corruption than either the Pacific Scandal or Northern Railway investigations.

A Brave Engineer.

A little railroad accident recently occurred at the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton station, which might have been serious but for the prompt action of Engineer Wheeler. The theatre train was standing in the station nearly full of passengers, and the engine detached, stand-

The question of the hour: Are life insurance agents ever afflicted with bashfulness?

Bank managers, railroad superintendents, and all that class of people are hereby warned against accepting their salaries without close scrutiny. Counterfeit five cent pieces are in circulation.

"Three strikes!--out, cried the bank clerk; and, with his Ulster on his back and his "dish-brim" on his head, he was out on the sidewalk in less than five seconds after the Custom House clock had struck three.

The master builders of London, England, have declined to enter into negotiations with the striking masons, and have decided to continue the importation of of foreign labour.

There is a good paragraph for ministers from the Burlington Hawkeye: The winter is closing in upon the clergymen of this county with most appalling severities. A season of incessant and pitiless donation parties has been arranged by many of the denominations, and the prospect is that hundreds of ministers, who are not able to keep a dog, and don't know how to fire a gun, will perish from starvation.

A stupid-looking countryman halted before a blacksmith's shop the proprietor of which was forging a shoe, and eyed the performance with much interest. The brawny smith, dissatisfied with the man's curiosity, held the red hot-iron suddenly under his nose, hoping to make him beat a hasty retreat. "If you will give me sixpence I will lick it," said the countryman. "I'll stop the bragart's jaws," thought the smith, as he took from his pocket a sixpence, and held it out. The countryman quickly grabbed the coin, licked it, and walked away whistling "did you ever catch a weasel asleep?"

The doubt of whether the prices realized would make it a profitable enterprise, shipping meat to the English markets seems to have been thoroughly settled, and so satisfactorily that we may expect the trade to go on increasing until we not only supply England but the other countries of Europe. The following quotations, though somewhat below those generally realized, are very encouraging. "At Mr. Tindall's sale last week biddings were somewhat slow, at the following prices: Fore-quarters, 4d. to 5d; hind-quarters, 6d. to 7d. per pound. The prices charged by the retailers were in many cases 4d. per lb. above these figures. The beef was in splendid condition."

The London World tells why the Pope dismissed his old physician, Dr. Pellagallo. It says: "One morning the Pope, feeling a good deal of soreness on one of his shoulders, drew Pellagallo's attention to it. The Doctor looked at the place, recognized the presence of inflammation, jumped at the conclusion that erysipelas had set in, and left the Vatican convinced that the days of Pius IX. were numbered. Crossing the bridge of St. Angelo, he met the correspondent of the *Nazione* on his way to the Vatican in search of material. "How is the Holy Father this morning?" he inquired. The Doctor shook his head and pronounced the word erysipelas. "Dio mio, then his end is near." "Exactly so," and the press man who led round, went direct to the telegraph office and wired the all important news to his paper. The discomfort felt by the Pope was caused by nothing worse than an incipient boil, but the "scare" having been traced to the Doctor, the irritation spread to the Pontiff's temper and Pellagallo was discharged.

THE CRADLE.

Closed--On the 2nd, of October, 1877, the wife of Mr. Thomas Close, of Mill Point, of a daughter.

THE ALTAR.

Closed--On the evening of the 16th

PETITTS' EYE-SALVE.

An Infallible Remedy for all Diseases of the Eye (acute or chronic), Granulation of the Lids, Ulceration of the Lachrymal Glands, Film, and Weakness of the Vision from any cause.

THE AMERICAN EYE-SALVE is presented to the public with the assurance of its efficiency as a curative of most diseases of the eye, acute or chronic information, whether induced by scrofulous origin or otherwise, weakness or defect of vision, diminished tone of the optic nerve, or a diseased state of the tissues constituting that organ. Also, for all persons whose vocation requires an incessant action of the eyes, the Salve will act as a charm in restoring a uniform healthy action, where weakness, pain, and misery may have long threatened a fatal termination. It is the most simple, safe, and effectual remedy ever discovered. The materials of which it is made are pure, perfect, and costly, compounded with elaborate care and exactness, safe in its application, being used externally, and, of course, avoiding the pain and danger which necessarily attends the introduction of caustic minerals and eye-washes. RINGWORM and OLD CHRONIC SORES, of scrofulous origin, or resulting from whatever cause, yield to the AMERICAN EYE-SALVE. IT IS USED SUCCESSFULLY FOR PILES. Its soothing effect is immediate, and a permanent cure requires but a few applications. The proprietors of "DR. J. PETTIT'S AMERICAN EYE-SALVE," while making new and improved machinery for making a more perfect box for the Eye-Salve, have changed the Trade Mark on the cover so as to correspond with the Cut on the Wrapper, Circulars, Advertisements, etc. We call attention to this, as it might otherwise be regarded as counterfeiting.

• PETTIT & BARKER, Proprietors, Freedonia, N. Y. NORTHOP & LYMAN, Toronto, Agents for Canada. 19-y

New Books

—AT—

HENDERSON'S

BOOKSTORE,

Dundas Street, - - Napanee.

ONLY 15 CTS. EACH,

That Husband of Mine.
That Wife of Mine
The New School Ma'am.
His Grandmother's.
Tom's Wife.
That Married Girl.
That Lass O' Lowrie's.
Theo.
They all do it.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.
NEW YEARS CARDS.
BIRTHDAY CARDS.
CHRISTMAS
PERFUMED
SACHELS.
SILK WORM BOOK-MARKS.

IMPROVEMENT.

FELT ROOFS

THE Subscriber would call the attention of people of Napanee, to an improvement Felt Roofs, Invented by

Mr. Brokenshire, of the Atlantic Foundry, Kingston.

This Roofing Material is composed of Min

als which form a Cement, proof against etl

Fire or Water,

It will not crack in winter, or get soft a run in summer, and when dry it is as hard, flat and more durable than Tin or Galvaniz Iron, in fact nothing else is now used in Kingston on felt roofs.

References to a few who have the roof in use
Mr. C. F. Gildersleeve, Kingston;
Messrs. Wagner & McMillan, Albion Hotel;
Mr. MacRae's Store, Princess Street, Kingston;
Mr. Parker's Drug Store, Kingston;
Mr. Thornton's Hotel, Kingston;
Mr. Overend, Contractor, on his residence, at Kingston Street Railway Buildings;
Rev. Mr. Graftley, Kingston;
Atlantic Foundry, Kingston, and many others.

Any parties wanting New Roofs or Old Roofs repaired should see

NELSON GERMAN,

Agent, Napanee.

Napanee, Nov. 15th 1877.

MORTGAGE SALE

UNDER and by Virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage, (which will be produced at the time of Sale) dated the 28th of December, A. D. 1872, and made by Staats Madden, (now deceased) Sophia Madden his wife (for barring dower) to William Hamby at Samuel Hamby. Default having been made the payment of the moneys thereby secured, the will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

SATURDAY, the 24th day of Nov. 1877

TOWN HALL

In the Town of Napanee, at Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, by James Allen, Auctioneer, All and singular, that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, being composed of Lot Number Seven, on the West side of Adelaide Street, and of Water Lot Number Seven on the South Side of Water Street, the said Town of Napanee. On the said premises are two frame and one Brick Dwelling Houses.

Terms and conditions made known at the Sale. For further particulars, apply to

BEEVE & MORDEN,

28-3in.

Vendor's Solicitor

Business Change

THE undersigned has sold out all his stock and trade to THOMAS SEAWARD, who will carry on the business in my old shop. All accounts due me must be paid forthwith.

ROBERT MOTT
Bath, Nov. 2nd, 1877.

Mortgage Sale OF VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY

PURSUANT to the power of sale contained in a Mortgage, dated the 7th day of November A.D. 1873, made by G. C. Bogart, (since deceased) to the Vendor, there will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Rooms of Robert McCoy, Auctioneer

TOWN HALL, NAPANEE,

On Saturday, the 17th day of Nov. 1877.

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, NOON,

The following lands and premises, viz.: The West half of Lot No. Twenty-three, in the First Concession of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, containing 1 acres more or less, and also part of the East half of Lot No. Twenty-two, in the said First Concession of the Township of Camden, containing one acre more or less.

On this is erected a large Stone Grist-mill three stories high, with three run of stone, well suitable barn and sheds. There are also on the property three frame houses.

This is one of the most valuable mill properties in this section of the country.

The Vendor reserves to himself the right to bid the Mortgage will be produced and conditions made known at the time of sale.

was in office three times as great as when Sir John ruled, yet the Tory chief charged the country three times as much for postage! With all this telegraphing travelling, cab hire, and prodigality in postage, it would naturally be expected that the business of the department was done up by Sir John in first-class style, but the fact shows that the arrears of business extended back for years, and that a most painful system of delays had grown up. Explanations, accounting for the extraordinary charges against contingencies quoted above, are what Sir John is now called upon to offer. Is it another case of Northern Railway cow contributions, with the Dominion treasury as the milch cow from which the Tory chieftain drew nourishment for his bribery funds? Parliamentary inquiry into the contingencies accounts of the late Administration might reveal a worse nest of corruption than either the Pacific Scandal or Northern Railway investigations.

A Brave Engineer

A little railroad accident recently occurred at the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton station, which might have been serious but for the prompt action of Engineer Wheeler. The theatre train was standing in the station nearly full of passengers, and the engine detached, standing some distance in front of it, when a freight train was, by some blunder, backed down at a rapid rate directly towards the passenger train. Fortunately Billy Whalen, the engineer in charge of the engine, saw the situation, and understanding the danger, sprang at once into the engine, which was yet detached from the passenger train, and turning on full steam, shot her ahead into the rear of the coming freight train. The shock was a terrible one. The trucks of the rear car of the freight train climbed up the front of the engine; the headlight of Whalen's locomotive was smashed and considerable damage incurred. The bold Billy was badly shocked, but the force of the freight train was checked, and though it struck the passenger train, driving it back to the rear of the depot and shaking up the passengers at a pretty lively rate, none of them was seriously injured, for all of which they may thank the quick-witted and brave Billy Whalen. Such an action requires more true heroism than embodied in a thousand strikes.—*Cincinnati Enquirer*.

A Port Bruce Mystery

As two small boys were playing in a barn of Mr. Noah Mann's, a couple of miles west of Port Bruce, on Sunday week last, they found an overcoat and a pair of boots, which they took to the farmhouse, where the articles were thoroughly examined. The boots are No. 7's but little worn, and of ordinary quality; the overcoat is a good one, made of black cloth, in a fashionable manner. In the pocket of the coat was found a pocket-book containing thirty dollars, in three bills of ten dollars of the Imperial Bank; also a photograph of two children, on the back of which was scratched with a blunt instrument, "Send this money to — Smith, Culloden Post office, Ont." The Christian name is not easy to decipher, but it looks like "Alvin G." There were also in the pocket of the coat two small satchel keys, a pair of gold-rimmed and a pair of rubber-rimmed eye-glasses. The boots and coat would have fitted the man whose body was found on the beach at Port Bruce. Squire Gillet and Capt. Thompson went on Thursday, with authority, and brought the articles to Aylmer, and on Friday the same gentleman proceeded to Culloden to hunt up the person whom the money was intended for.—*St. Thomas Times*.

The Chicago Journal knows a thing or two. It says: "When a man imagines that he is a prophet and philosopher, he takes to long hair and a dirty overcoat."

A Nashville man answered an advertisement, "How to Win at Poker," and received for his two dollars the following: "Hold four aces or don't."

The London World tells why the Pope dismissed his old physician, Dr. Pellagallo. It says: "One morning the Pope, feeling a good deal of soreness on one of his shoulders, drew Pellagallo's attention to it. The Doctor looked at the place, recognized the presence of inflammation, jumped at the conclusion that erysipelas had set in, and left the Vatican convinced that the days of Pius IX. were numbered. Crossing the bridge of St. Angelo, he met the correspondent of the *Nazione* on his way to the Vatican in search of material. "How is the Holy Father this morning?" he inquired. The Doctor shook his head and pronounced the word erysipelas. "Dio mio, then his end is near." "Exactly so," and the press man who led round, went direct to the telegraph office and wired the all important news to his paper. The discomfort felt by the Pope was caused by nothing worse than an incipient boil, but the "scare" having been traced to the Doctor, the irritation spread to the Pontiff's temper and Pellagallo was discharged.

THE CRADLE.

CLOSE.—On the 2nd, of October, 1877, the wife of Mr. Thomas Close, of Mill Point, of a daughter.

THE ALTAR.

QUAIGLEY—KELLER.—On the evening of the 12th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. C. Ash, Mr. J. F. Quaigley, of Euphemia, Lampton Co. to Miss Lizzie Keller, daughter of Peter Keller, Esq., of the Village of Newburgh.

THE TOMB.

HAWLEY.—At Centreville, Nov. 6th, of consumption, Mrs. Maria Hawley, relict of James Hawley, aged 63 years.
SILLS.—At Napanee, on the 6th inst., Clara Silles, daughter of E. J. Silles, of Belleville, aged, 7 years, and 10 months.
JACOBS.—At Mill Point, on the 5th inst., Margaret Jacobs, aged 3 years.
SPENCER.—At Roblin, on the 4th inst., Ezra A. Spencer, aged 63 years and 9 months.
WALRATH.—In Richmond, on the 9th inst., Eliza Walrath, aged 67 years.
AYRHART.—At Hay Bay, on the 14th inst., of diphtheria, son of Mr. Ayhart, aged 7 years.

MARKETS.

NAPANEE Nov. 15th.
(Report by Dismont and Sherwood, Napanee.)
Oats—20c. per bushel.
Rye—50c. per bushel.
Peas—60c. per bushel.
Barley—No. 2, 50c. per bushel.
Barley—No. 1, 55c. per bushel.
Wheat—\$1.10 per bushel.
Flour—\$2.00 per cwt.
Buckwheat Flour—\$2.75 per cwt.
Bran—\$1.00 per ton.
Shorts—\$2.40 per ton.
Buckwheat—10c. per bushel.
Wheat—\$5.00 per cord.
Coal—\$5.00 per ton.
Shipments from their Storehouse, 10,000 bushels of Barley, and 9,000 bushels of Rye.

(Report by the Market Clerk, Napanee.)
Hay—\$16.00 to \$12.00 per ton.
Hides—\$6.00 per cwt.
Butter—20c. to 24c. per lb.
Eggs—15c. per dozen.
Beef per cwt.—\$3.00 to \$5.00.
Bread—11c. per loaf.
Coal—\$4.50 to \$5.00 per ton.
Chickens—25c. to 30c. per pair.
Ducks—10c. per pair.
Flour—\$3.10 per cwt.
Deacon Skins—40c.
Lard—11c. to 12c.
Lamb and Pigs—50c. to 80c.
Oatmeal—\$1.00 per cwt.
Onions—10c. to \$1.00 per bushel.
Potatoes—35c. per bushel.
Pork—\$6.00.
Straw—\$3.00 to \$4.00.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

Wheat, \$1.15 to \$1.25.
Barley, 55c. to 57c.
Rye, 55c. to 57c.
Oats, 30c. to 33c.
Peas 60c.
Dressed Hogs, \$5 to \$6 per cwt.
Butter, Roll, 18c. to 25c.
Butter, Tub, 16c. to 17c.
Eggs, 11c. to 12c.
Potatoes, 50c. to 90c. per bag.
Flour, Wholesale, \$5.50 per bl.
Apples, 60c. to \$1 per bag.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Wheat, fall, per bu. \$1.20 to \$1.25.
Wheat, spring, per bu. \$1 to \$1.09.
Barley, per bu. 50c. to 57c.
Oats, per bu. 33c. to 35c.
Peas, per bu. 65c. to 70c.
Rye, per bu. 60c.

Dundas Street, - - Napanee.

ONLY 15 CTS. EACH,

That Husband of Mine,
That Wife of Mine
The New School Ma'am.
His Grandmother's
Tom's Wife.
That Married Girl.
That Lass O' Lowrie's.
Theo.
They all do it.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.
NEW YEARS CARDS.
BIRTHDAY CARDS.
CHRISTMAS
PERFUMED
SATCHELS.
SILK WORM BOOK-MARKS.
SMALL SCRAP PICTURES FOR
SCRAP BOOKS.

VERY LARGE STOCK OF

Photograph Albums,

Any Size, and at any Price.

The Easel Album,

A new and very handsome article, various sizes and prices.

Books Only 10c. Each,

Christie Johnston, by Charles Reade.
Katerfelto, by With-Melville.
The Best of Husbands, by James Payne.
Guy Livingstone, by George Lawrence.
Silas Warner, by George Eliot.
The Black Ladies, by Jules Verne.
The English at the North Pole, do.
Michael Strogoff, by Jules Verne.
In Silk Attire, by William Black.
A Simpleton, by Charles Reade.
The Queen of Hearts, by Wilkie Collins.
The Last Days of Pompeii, by Lord Lytton.

Books at 20c. Each.

Eugene Aram, by Lord Lytton.
After Dark, by Wilkie Collins.
Toilers of the Sea, by Victor Hugo.
The Heritage of Langdale, by Mrs. Alexander.
Barbaras History, by Amelia B. Edwards.
Under Two Flags, by "Ouida."
The Tower of London, by Harrison Ainsworth.
Old Curiosity Shop, by Charles Dickens.
A Princess of Truth, by William Black.
White Lies, by Charles Reade.
It is never Too Late to Mend, by Charles Reade.
Lady Audley's Secret, by Miss Braddon.
Birds of Prey, by Miss Braddon.

Any of the above Books, and lots of others at the same price, at

HENDERSON'S BOOKSTORE,
Dundas St.

Napanee, Nov. 14th, 1877.

FARM FOR SALE.

About 75 acres of the

counts due me must be paid forthwith.
ROBERT MOTT
Bath, Nov. 2nd, 1877.

Mortgage Sale OF VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY.

PURSUANT to the power of sale contained in a Mortgage, dated the 7th day of November A.D. 1873, made by G. C. Bogart, (since deceased) to the Vendor, there will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
—AT THE—
Rooms of Robert McCoy, Auctioneer.

—IN THE—
TOWN HALL, NAPANEE,
On Saturday, the 17th day of Nov. 1877,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, NOON.

The following lands and premises, viz: The West half of Lot No. Twenty-three in the First Concession of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, containing 100 acres more or less, and also part of the East half of Lot No. Twenty-two, in the said First Concession of the Township of Camden, containing one acre more or less.

On this is erected a large Stone Grist-mill three stories high, with three run of stone, with suitable barn and sheds. There are also on the property three frame houses.

This is one of the most valuable mill properties in this section of the country.

The Vendor reserves to himself the right to bid. The Mortgage will be produced and conditions made known at the time of sale.

TERMS: 10 per cent cash, and 25 per cent additional within one month, with interest at 8 per cent. Balance to be secured by Mortgage on the premises, payable in one and two years with interest at 8 per cent, half yearly.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs Reeve & Morden, solicitors, Napanee, or to
BLAKE, KEIR & BOYD,
Solicitors for Vendor.

27-3in.

CUSTOMS' DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, Oct. 12th, 1877.
Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice 3 per cent.
J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner.

WINE IS A

STRONG DRI

Whosoever is Deceive

Therefore be not deceived by parties telling your old friend BOYLE'S. My Stoves old iron, as asserted by others in the ter, because they are heavier and have given

Give Me a Call Before

No connection with any other
But Manufacture

Tinware of

BY FIRST-CLASS MANUFACTURERS

JOB

Of all kinds in my line, and

COOKING, PARLOR, COOK, BOX &

EXTRA CASTINGS FOR STEAM

PLOUGHS & PLOUGH-S

Yours truly

In Wm. Mill

Napanee, Nov. 14th, 1877.

"The Proof of the Puc

But it is only necessary to

COOKING STOVES, for Co

steam, shot her ahead into the rear of the coming freight train. The shock was a terrible one. The trucks of the rear car of the freight train climbed up the front of the engine; the headlight of Whalen's locomotive was smashed and considerable damage incurred. The bold Billy was badly shocked, but the force of the freight train was checked, and though it struck the passenger train, driving it back to the rear of the depot and shaking up the passengers at a pretty lively rate, none of them was seriously injured, for all of which they may thank the quick witted and brave Billy Whalen. Such an action requires more true heroism than is embodied in a thousand strikes.—*Cincinnati Enquirer*.

A Port Bruce Mystery

As two small boys were playing in a barn of Mr. Noah Mann's, a couple of miles west of Port Bruce, on Sunday week last, they found an overcoat and a pair of boots, which they took to the farmhouse, where the articles were thoroughly examined. The boots are No. 7's but little worn, and of ordinary quality; the overcoat is a good one, made of black cloth, in a fashionable manner. In the pocket of the coat was found a pocket-book containing thirty dollars, in three bills of ten dollars of the Imperial Bank; also a photograph of two children, on the back of which was scratched with a blunt instrument, "Send this money to—Smith, Culloden Post office, Ont." The Christian name is not easy to decipher, but it looks like "Alvin G." There were also in the pocket of the coat two small satchel keys, a pair of gold-rimmed and a pair of rubber-rimmed eye-glasses. The boots and coat would have fitted the man whose body was found on the beach at Port Bruce. Squire Gillet and Capt. Thompson went on Thursday, with authority, and brought the articles to Aylmer, and on Friday the same gentleman proceeded to Culloden to hunt up the person whom the money was intended for.—*St. Thomas Times*.

The Chicago Journal knows a thing or two. It says: "When a man imagines that he is a prophet and philosopher, he takes to long hair and a dirty overcoat."

A Nashville man answered an advertisement, "How to Win at Poker," and received for his two dollars the following: "Hold four aces or don't puke."

One by one the roses fade. It is now boldly denied that men who wear long hair are possessed of any more talent than those who have it clipped close.

Young man go west. Go to Nevada. Where when you take a girl to spelling school, you have to ride twenty-five miles and she expects you to keep your arm around her all the way.

A Canada man tied his dog to the end of a rear car the other day, and then bet the beast could keep up with the train. Strange to say, when they got into Detroit, the dog was a head—there was nothing else left of him.

A farmer wants us to tell him the best way to raise "beats." The best way to raise the kind of beats that we have about here is to steal quietly up behind 'em, when they are not looking, and let fly a number fifteen boot at their coat tails.

General Sherman is known to be no licent, but interviewers still keep calling on him, owing to his bad habit he has fallen into of asking, with thoughtless generosity, as soon as a reporter shows himself, "Young man, will you take brandy or grasshopper juice?"

The leaves are turning slowly yellow, their hue is hence, the ripening fruit is on the mellow, the small boy is on the fence. He looks around, he views the ground, and thinks the moment suits; he fills his pockets full and round, then jumps the fence and scoots.

Howley, aged 63 years.
SILLS.—At Napanee, on the 6th inst., Clara Silles, daughter of E. J. Silles, of Belleville, aged, 7 years, and 10 months.
JACOBS.—At Mill Point, on the 5th inst., Margaret Jacobs, aged 38 years.
SPENCER.—At Roblin, on the 4th inst., Ezra A. Spencer, aged 69 years and 9 months.
WAGGARD.—In Richmond, on the 9th inst., Eliza Walrath, aged 67 years.
AYLMER.—At Hay Bay, on the 14th inst., of diptheria, son of Mr. Ayrhart, aged 7 years.

MARKETS.

NAPANEE Nov. 15th.
(Report by Diamond & Sherwood, Napanee.)
Oats—20c. per bushel.
Rye—57c. per bushel.
Peas—60c. per bushel.
Barley—No. 2, 52c. per bushel.
Barley—No. 1, 57c. per bushel.
Wheat—\$1.10 per bushel.
Flour—\$2.40 per cwt.
Buckwheat Flour—\$2.75 per cwt.
Bran—\$14.00 per ton.
Shorts—\$22.00 per ton.
Buckwheat—40c. per bushel.
Wheat—\$3.00 per cwt.
Coal—\$5.00 per ton.
Shipments from their Storehouse, 10,000 bushels of Barley, and 9,000 bushels of Rye.

(Report by the Market Clerk, Napanee.)
Hay—\$16.00 to \$12.00 per ton
Hides—50c. per cwt.
Butter—20c. to 25c. per lb.
Eggs—15c. per dozen.
Beef per cwt.—\$3.00 to \$5.00.
Bread—1c. per loaf.
Coal—\$1.50 to \$5.00 per ton.
Chickens—25c. to 30c. per pair.
Ducks—40c. per pair.
Pork—\$3.00 per cwt.
Lard—10c. to 12c.
Lamb and Pelts—50c. to 80c.
Oatmeal—\$1.00 per cwt.
Onions—70c. to \$1.00 per bushel.
Potatoes—35c. per bushel.
Pork—\$5.00 to \$6.00.
Straw—\$3.00 to \$4.00.

BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

Wheat, \$1 15 to \$1 25.
Barley, 55c. to 57c.
Rye, 55c. to 60c.
Oats, 30c. to 35c.
Peas 60c.
Dressed Hogs, \$5 to \$6 per cwt.
Butter, Roll, 18c. to 25c.
Butter, Tub, 16c. to 17c.
Eggs, 14c. to 16c.
Potatoes, 50c. to 60c. per bag.
Flour, Wholesale, \$5 50 per bbl.
Apples, 60c. to \$1 per bag.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Wheat, fall, per bu. \$1 20 to \$1 25
Wheat, spring, per bu. \$1 to \$1 00
Barley, per bu. 50c. to 57c.
Oats, per bu. 33c. to 35c.
Peas, per bu. 63c. to 70c.
Rye, per bu. 60c.
Butter, to rolls, 20c. to 22c.
Butter, large rolls, 20c.
Butter, tub dairy, best, 18c. to 19c.
Eggs, fresh, per doz. 17c. to 18c.
Eggs, in lots, 15c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Flour: market quiet and steady at generally unchanged rates; superior extra at 52c.; extra at 53c.; strong baker's at 55c.; spring extra at 53c.; Wheat, Canadian spring in store at \$1 21; No. 2 about \$1 17.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Wheat, \$1 06 to 1 07.
Corn, 41c. to 41c.

OSWEGO MARKETS.

Wheat steady; No. 1 white Michigan, \$1 41.
Corn firm; No. 2, 58c.; high mixed 50c.
Barley, scarce; No. 2 Canada nominally at 80c. to 82c.; No. 1, 85c. to 86c.

CHEESE MARKET.

NOVEMBER, 13th.
At Utica cheese market yesterday 10,000 boxes were offered and 8,000 boxes sold direct; 700 boxes went forward on commission; 800 September cheese brought 12c.; extremes for October 11c. to 12c.; leading factories 12c.; average 12c.

NOTICE.

ALL accounts due the EXPRESS Office for newspaper subscription, Job Work, advertising etc., up to Nov. 1st 1877, must be paid in at the Office at once to enable us to settle up our books. All accounts against the Office to the same date to be sent to J. B. Benson Brighton.

Photograph Albums,

Any Size, and at any Price.

The Easel Album,

A new and very handsome article, various sizes and prices.

Books Only 10c. Each,

Christie Johnston, by Charles Reade.
Katerfelto, by With-Melville.
The Best of Husbands, by James Payne.
Guy Livingstone, by George Lawrence.
Silas Warner, by George Eliot.
The Black Ladies, by Jules Verne.
The English at the North Pole, do.
Michael Strogoff, by Jules Verne.
In Silk Attire, by William Black.
A Simpleton, by Charles Reade.
The Queen of Hearts, by Wilkie Collins.
The Last Days of Pompeii, by Lord Lytton.

Books at 20c. Each.

Eugene Aram, by Lord Lytton.
After Dark, by Wilkie Collins.
Toilers of the Sea, by Victor Hugo.
The Heritage of Langdale, by Mrs. Alexander.
Barbaras History, by Amelia B. Edwards.
Under Two Flags, by "Ouida."
The Tower of London, by Harrison Ainsworth.
Old Curiosity Shop, by Charles Dickens.
A Princess of Truth, by William Black.
White Lies, by Charles Reade.
It is never Too Late to Mend, by Charles Reade.
Lady Audley's Secret, by Miss Braddon.
Birds of Prey, by Miss Braddon.

Any of the above Books, and lots of others at the same price, at

HENDERSON'S BOOKSTORE,
Dundas St.

Napanee, Nov. 14th, 1877.

FARM FOR SALE.

About 75 acres of the

BEST LAND

—IN—

PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY,

5 1/2 miles from Picton, and 3 1/2 miles from Demorestville.

This is a rare chance to get a Choice Farm. It is well watered and nicely situated.

A Special Price to a purchaser before the 1st December.

Apply to

R. McDOWALL,
Demorestville, 29.

Or at this Office.

1823. SEND FOR 1878

New York Observer

The Best Religious and Secular Family Newspaper. \$3.15 a Year, post-paid. Established 1823.

37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.
22. SAMPLE COPIES FREE.

GRACE'S SALVE.

A Vegetable Preparation, invented in the 17th century by Dr. Wm. Grace, Surgeon in King James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of the most serious sores and wounds, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor. 25c. a box, by mail 30c. For sale by druggists generally.

AGENTS WANTED.

Address BETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston Mass.



CUSTOMS' DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, Oct. 12th, 1877.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice 3 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner.

WINE IS A

STRONG DRI

Whosoever is Deceive

Therefore be not deceived by parties telling your old friend BOYLE'S. My Stoves old iron, as asserted by others in the ter, because they are heavier and co and have given

Give Me a Call Before

No connection with any oth
But Manufactu

Tinware of

BY FIRST-CLASS M

JOB

Of all kinds in my line, and

COOKING, PARLOR, COOK, BOX & C

EXTRA CASTINGS FOR STO

PLOUGHS & PLOUGH-S

Yours tr

In Wm. Mille

Napanee, Nov. 14th, 1877.

"The Proof of the Pud

But it is only necessary f

COOKING STOVES, for Coa

PARLOR STOVE

BOX S

To see our Stock to ba Co

Best Stoves i

Our "ST. GEORGE" Cookin

And "SPLEN

Are not equalled by any Stoves in Cana

STOVE PIPES, EL
TEE PIPES, DUMB PIPES,
EXTRA STOVE C

Our Stock is very Large and Complet

Our Stock of Hardware is the Largest
EOT

Napanee, Nov. 14th, 1877.

PETITTS' EYE-SALVE.

Infallible Remedy for all Diseases of the Eye (acute or chronic), Granulation of the Lids, Ulceration of the Lacrymal Glands, Film, and Weakness of the Vision from any cause.

THE AMERICAN EYE-SALVE is presented to the public with the assurance of its efficacy as a curative of most diseases of the eye, acute or chronic inflammation, whether used by scrofulous origin or otherwise, blindness or defect of vision, diminished action of the optic nerve, or a diseased state of the tissues constituting that organ. Also, all persons whose vocation requires an incessant action of the eyes, the Salve will be a charm in restoring a uniform healthy action, where weakness, pain, and ery may have long threatened a fatal termination. It is the most simple, safe, and effectual remedy ever discovered. The formula of which it is made are pure, perfect, and costly, compounded with elaborate care, and exactness, safe in its application, used externally, and, of course, avoid the pain and danger which necessarily attend the introduction of caustic minerals into the eye-washes. RINGWORM and OLD SORES, of scrofulous origin, or arising from whatever cause, yield to the AMERICAN EYE-SALVE. IT IS USED SUCCESSFULLY FOR PILES. Its soothing effect is immediate, and a permanent cure affords but a few applications. The proprietors of "DR. J. PETTIT'S AMERICAN EYE-SALVE," while making new and improved machinery for making a more perfect box for the Eye-Salve, have changed the Trade Mark on the cover so as to correspond with the Cut on the Wrapper, Circulars, Advertisements, etc. We call attention to this, it might otherwise be regarded as counterfeiting.

* PETTIT & BARKER, Proprietors, Freedom, N. Y. RTHOP & LYMAN, Toronto, Agents for Canada. 19-y

New Books

—AT—

ENDERSON'S

BOOKSTORE,

Indas Street, - - Napanee.

ONLY 15 CTS. EACH,

That Husband of Mine,
That Wife of Mine
The New School Ma'am.
His Grandmother's
Tom's Wife.
That Married Girl.
That Lass O' Lowrie's.
Theo.
They all do it.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.
NEW YEARS CARDS.
BIRTHDAY CARDS.
CHRISTMAS
PERFUMED
SATCHELS.
SILK WORM BOOK-MARKS.
ALL SCRAP PICTURES FOR SCRAP BOOKS.

**IMPROVEMENT
FELT ROOFS.**

THE Subscriber would call the attention of the people of Napanee, to an improvement on Felt Roofs, invented by
Mr. Brokenshire, of the Atlantic Foundry, Kingston.

This Roofing Material is composed of Minerals which form a Cement, proof against either Fire or Water,

It will not crack in winter, or get soft and run in summer, and when dry it is as hard as Slate and more durable than Tin or Galvanized Iron, in fact nothing else is now used in Kingston on felt roofs.

References to a few who have the roof in use:—
Mr. C. F. Gildersleeve, Kingston;
Messrs. Wagner & McMillan, Albion Hotel;
Mr. McKee's Store, Princess Street, Kingston;
Mr. Parker's Drug Store, Kingston;
Mr. Thorburn's Hotel, Kingston;
Mr. Overend, Contractor, on his residence, do.;
Kingston Street Railway Buildings;
Rev. Mr. Gaffney, Kingston;
Atlantic Foundry, Kingston, and many others.

Any parties wanting New Roofs or Old Roofs repaired should see

NELSON GERMAN,
Agent, Napanee.
29

Napanee, Nov. 15th 1877.

MORTGAGE SALE

UNDER and by Virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage, (which will be produced at the time of Sale) dated the 28th day of December, A. D. 1872, and made by Sophia S. Madden, (now deceased) Sophia Madden his wife, (for bearing dower) to William Hamblay and Samuel Hamblay. Default having been made in the payment of the moneys thereby secured, there will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
—ON—
SATURDAY, the 24th day of Nov. 1877,

—AT THE—
TOWN HALL,
In the Town of Napanee, at Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, by James Allen, Auctioneer, All and singular, that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, being composed of Lot Number Seven, on the West side of Adelphi Street, and of Water Lot Number Seven on the South Side of Water Street, in the said Town of Napanee. On the said premises are two Frame and one Brick Dwelling Houses.

Terms and conditions made known at the Sale. For further particulars, apply to
REEVE & MORDEN,
28-3in. Vendor's Solicitors.

Business Change.

THE undersigned has sold out all his stock in trade to **THOMAS SEAWARD**, who will carry on the business in my old shop. All accounts due me must be paid forthwith.

ROBERT MOTT
Bath, Nov. 2nd, 1877. 28-3in.

**Mortgage Sale
OF VALUABLE
FARM PROPERTY.**

PURSUANT to the power of sale contained in a Mortgage, dated the 7th day of November, A.D. 1873, made by G. C. Bogart, (since deceased) to the Vendor, there will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
—AT THE—
Rooms of Robert McCoy, Auctioneer,

—IN THE—
TOWN HALL, NAPANEE,
On Saturday, the 17th day of Nov. 1877,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, NOON.

The following lands and premises, viz.: The West half of Lot No. Twenty-three, in the First Concession of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, containing 190 acres more or less, and also part of the East half of Lot No. Twenty-two, in the said First Concession of the Township of Camden, containing one acre more or less.

On this is erected a large Stone Grist-mill three stories high, with three run of stone, with suitable barn and sheds. There are also on the property three frame houses.

This is one of the most valuable mill properties in this section of the country.

The Vendor reserves to himself the right to bid. The Mortgage will be produced and conditions made known at the time of sale.

TERMS: 10 per cent cash, and 25 per cent additional within one month, with interest at 8 per

FARM FOR SALE.

FARM of 175 Acres, the most desirable property in the County of Northumberland, for Sale. Being all that portion of lot No. 34 in Concession A, of the Village and Township of Brighton, lying North of the old Kingston Road, and only quarter of a mile from the P. O. and the centre of the village. Upon the premises are good brick and wooden buildings; a large orchard of young and bearing trees; a beautiful grove of pine and hardwood timber; spring creeks, and other advantages which rendered it desirable. Also several other good Farms and Village Properties for sale.

I. O. PROCTOR.
7-tfd4 Brighton.

Land PLASTER

Now grinding and ready for use.

**Superior Fine Ground
Land Plaster,**

AT THE LOW RATE OF
\$5 per Ton, or 25 cts. per Hundred.
ALL orders left at the Mill, or at the Woolen Factory, for Williams' and Lasher's Water Lime, or Quick Lime, will be promptly attended to. Lime delivered when required. No Credit.

JAMES PERRY.
Napanee, March 5th, 1877. 46.

Important Notice.

**\$2,000 WORTH OF
New Bankrupt Stock,**
JUST ARRIVED AT
MEAGHER'S.

Come and See. We are determined to sell Cheaper than can be bought in a regular way. Our prices are far below the Wholesale Price.

**GREAT BARGAINS IN
COTTON AND WINCEY SHIRTINGS.
PRINTS AT 5c. A YARD,**

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.
Good Black Lustres at 15c. a yard.

Boots and Shoes, Ready-made Clothing, Remarkably Cheap.

**Mens' Long Boots, \$1.50,
Worth, \$2.50.**

Boys' Long Boots 70c. worth \$1.50.

200 OVERCOATS,
From \$5.00 to \$15.00,

Every Line of Goods to be sold below Cost.

Don't fail to call and inspect before making your purchases.
25-tf **MEAGHER BROS.**

UNION BAKERY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

I beg to call the attention of the public to the Union Bakery, where you will find always on hand an abundant stock of

Bread, Cake, Biscuit and Confectionery.

All orders promptly attended to. Wedding Cakes a speciality. Icing done in the neatest

JOB

Printing!

THE JOBBING DEPARTMENT

—OF THE—

NAPANEE EXPRESS

AS EXCELLED BY

No Office In The Dominion,

ITS OUTFIT INCLUDES A

LARGE STOCK

OF THE

Very Latest Styles Of New Type

And every Facility exists for turning out

JOB PRINTING

IN THE

-AT-

ENDERSON'S

BOOKSTORE,

Dundas Street, - - Napanee.

LY 15 CTS. EACH,

Husband of Mine.
 Hat Wife of Mine
 The New School Ma'am.
 His Grandmother's.
 Tom's Wife.
 That Married Girl.
 That Lass O' Lowrie's.
 Theo.
 They all do it.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.
 NEW YEARS CARDS.
 BIRTHDAY CARDS.
 CHRISTMAS
 PERFUMED
 SATCHELS.
 SILK WORM BOOK-MARKS.
 ALL SCRAP PICTURES FOR
 SCRAP BOOKS.

VERY LARGE STOCK OF

Photograph Albums,

Any Size, and at any Price.

ie Easel Album,

and very handsome article, various sizes and prices.

oks Only 10c. Each,

tie Johnston, by Charles Reade.
 rfello, by With-Melville.
 Best of Husbands, by James Payne.
 Livingstone, by George Lawrence.
 Warner, by George Eliot.
 Black Ladies, by Jules Verne.
 English at the North Pole, do.
 el Strogoff, by Jules Verne.
 k Attire, by William Black.
 pletton, by Charles Reade.
 Queen of Hearts, by Wilkie Collins.
 ast Days of Pompeii, by Lord
 tton.

oks at 20c. Each.

ng Aram, by Lord Lytton.
 Dark, by Wilkie Collins.
 s of the Sea, by Victor Hugo.
 Heritage of Langdale, by Mrs.
 xander.
 ras History, by Amelia E. Edwards.
 r Two Flags, by "Ouida."
 'ower of London, by Harrison Ams-
 th.
 'uriosity Shop, by Charles Dickens.
 ncess of Truth, by William Black.
 e Lies, by Charles Reade
 reat Too Late to Mend, by Charles
 ide.
 Audley's Secret, by Miss Braddon.
 of Frey, by Miss Braddon.

and Addition, and a Province of Ontario, being
 composed of Lot Number Seven, on the West
 ide of Adelphi Street, and of Water Lot Number
 Seven on the South Side of Napanee Street, in
 the said Town of Napanee. On the said
 premises are two frame and one brick dwelling
 houses.

Terms and conditions made known at the Sale.
 For further particulars, apply to

REEVE & MORDEN,
 Vendor's Solicitors.

28-3in.

Business Change.

THE undersigned has sold out all his stock in
 trade to **THOMAS SEAWARD**, who will
 carry on the business in my old shop. All ac-
 counts due me must be paid forthwith.

ROBERT MOTT

Bath, Nov. 2nd, 1877.

28-3in.

Mortgage Sale OF VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY.

PURSUANT to the power of sale contained in
 a Mortgage, dated the 7th day of November,
 A.D. 1873, made by G. C. Bogart, (since deceased)
 to the Vendor, there will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

-AT THE-

Rooms of Robert McCoy, Auctioneer,

-IN THE-

TOWN HALL, NAPANEE,

On Saturday, the 17th day of Nov. 1877,
 AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, NOON.

The following lands and premises, viz.: The
 West half of Lot No. Twenty-three, in the First
 Concession of the Township of Camden, in the
 County of Lennox and Addington, containing 100
 acres more or less, and also part of the East half
 of Lot No. Twenty-two, in the said First Con-
 cession of the Township of Camden, containing
 one acre more or less.

On this is erected a large Stone Grist-mill
 three stories high, with three run of stone, with
 suitable barn and sheds. There are also on the
 property three frame houses.

This is one of the most valuable mill prop-
 erties in this section of the country.

The Vendor reserves to himself the right to bid.
 The Mortgage will be produced and conditions
 made known at the time of sale.

TERMS: 10 per cent cash, and 25 per cent ad-
 ditional within one month, with interest at 8 per
 cent. Balance to be secured by Mortgage on the
 premises, payable in one and two years with in-
 terest at 8 per cent, half yearly.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs.
 Reeve & Morden, solicitors, Napanee, or to

BLAKE, KERR & BOYD,
 Solicitors for Vendor.

27-3in.



CUSTOMS' DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, Oct. 12th, 1877.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices
 until further notice 5 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
 Commissioner.

WINE IS A MOCKER.

STRONG DRINK RAGING!

Whosoever is Deceived thereby is not Wise,

Therefore be not deceived by parties telling you that their STOVES are better than
 your old friend BOYLE'S. My Stoves are made of the Best Material (not of
 old iron, as asserted by others in the trade), and are also as good, if not bet-
 ter, because they are heavier and consequently throw out more heat,
 and have given good satisfaction.

Give Me a Call Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

No connection with any other Establishment in Town,
 But Manufacture and Repair

Tinware of All Kinds,

BY FIRST-CLASS MECHANICS, AND DO

JOB WORK

Of all kinds in my line, and keep a Large Assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR, COOK, BOX & COAL HEATING & DOUBLE STOVES.

EXTRA CASTINGS FOR STOVES. STOVES REFITTED.

PLOUGHS & PLOUGH-SHARES OF ALL KINDS.

Yours truly.

MEAGHER'S.

Come and See. We are determined to sell
 Cheaper than can be bought in a regular way.
 Our prices are far below the Wholesale Price.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

COTTON AND WINCEY SHIRTINGS.

PRINTS AT 5c. A YARD,

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

Good Black Lustres at 15c. a yard.

Boots and Shoes, Ready-made Clothing,
 Remarkably Cheap.

Mens' Long Boots, \$1.50,
 Worth, \$2.50.

Boys' Long Boots 70c. worth \$1.50.

200 OVERCOATS,

From \$5.00 to \$15.00,

Every Line of Goods to be sold below
 Cost.

Don't fail to call and inspect before making
 your purchases.
 25-4 MEAGHER BROS.

UNION BAKERY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

I beg to call the attention of the public to the
 Union Bakery, where you will find always on
 hand an abundant stock of

Bread, Cake, Biscuit and Confec-
 tionery.

All orders promptly attended to. Wedding
 Cakes a speciality. Iceing done in the neatest
 manner.

In addition to my Bakery, will keep a gen-
 eral assortment of

Groceries on Hand,

SUCH AS

Tea, Sugar, Butter, Eggs,
 Syrups, Vinegar, & c.,

and the general wants of the public.

Remember the place, one door east, corner o
 Dundas and West streets, Napanee.

25-4 NEIL SHANNON.

No Office In The Dominion,

—o—

ITS OUTFIT INCLUDES A

LARGE STOCK

OF THE

Very Latest Styles Of New Type

And every Facility exists for turning out

JOB PRINTING

IN THE

BEST STYLE

OF THE ART.

LAW WORK A SPECIALITY

—o—

Assessment Blanks,
 Auction Bills,
 Articles of Agreement,
 Briefs,
 Bill Heads,
 Ball Programmes,
 Bills of Fare,
 Circulars,
 Chancery Bills,
 Cards,
 Catalogues,
 Debentures

Dodgers,
 Date Lines,
 Envelopes,
 Exhibition Bills,
 Funeral Circulars,
 Financial Reports,
 Headings,
 Horse Bills,
 Indentures,
 Invitations

Letter Headings,
 Law Forms,
 Lawyers' Briefs,
 Labels,
 Monthly Statements,
 Mourning Cards,
 Municipal Forms,

Photograph Albums,

Any Size, and at any Price.

the Easel Album,

and very handsome article, various sizes and prices.

Books Only 10c. Each,

Johnston, by Charles Reade.
 Tello, by With-Melville.
 est of Husbands, by James Payne.
 ivingstone, by George Lawrence.
 Varner, by George Eliot.
 lack Ladies, by Jules Verne.
 nglish at the North Pole, do.
 el Strogoff, by Jules Verne.
 Attire, by William Black.
 pleton, by Charles Reade.
 ceen of Hearts, by Wilkie Collins.
 ist Days of Pompeii, by Lord on.

Books at 20c. Each.

Ararn, by Lord Lytton.
 Dark, by Wilkie Collins.
 of the Sea, by Victor Hugo.
 Heritage of Langdale, by Mrs. ander.
 as History, by Amelia B. Edwards.
 Two Flags, by "Ouida."
 iver of London, by Harrison Ains- h.
 riosity Shop, by Charles Dickens.
 ecess of Truth, by William Black.
 Lies, by Charles Reade
 iver Too Late to Mend, by Charles le.
 Audley's Secret, by Miss Braddon.
 of Frey, by Miss Braddon.

of the above Books, and lots of at the same price, at

ENDERSON'S BOOKSTORE,
 Dundas St.
 ee, Nov. 14th, 1877.

ARM FOR SALE.

EST LAND

INCE EDWARD COUNTY,

as from Picton, and 3½ miles from Demorestville.
 is a rare chance to get a Choice Farm.
 well watered and nicely situated.
 ecial Price to a purchaser before the ember.

Apply to
 R. McDOWALL,
 Demorestville, 29.
 his Office.

SEND FOR 1878 THE New York Observer

st Religious and Secular Family News-
 paper. \$3.15 a Year, post-paid.
 Established 1823.
 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.
 SAMPLE COPIES FREE.

LACE'S SALVE.

getable Preparation, invented in the
 tury by Dr. Wm. Grace, Surgeon in King
 army. Through its agency he cured
 ds of the most serious sores and wounds,
 regarded by all who knew him as a pub-
 lic factor. 25c. a box, by mail 30c. For sale
 gists generally.

AGENTS WANTED.

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston



CUSTOMS' DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, Oct. 12th, 1877.
 Authorized Discount on American Invoices
 until further notice 3 per cent.
 J. JOHNSON,
 Commissioner.

WINE IS A MOCKER.

STRONG DRINK RAGING!

Whosoever is Deceived thereby is not Wise,

Therefore be not deceived by parties telling you that their STOVES are better than
 your old friend BOYLE'S. My Stoves are made of the Best Material (not of
 old iron, as asserted by others in the trade), and are also as good, if not bet-
 ter, because they are heavier and consequently throw out more heat,
 and have given good satisfaction.

Give Me a Call Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

No connection with any other Establishment in Town,
 But Manufacture and Repair

Tinware of All Kinds,

BY FIRST-CLASS MECHANICS, AND DO

JOB WORK

Of all kinds in my line, and keep a Large Assortment of
 COOKING, PARLOR, COOK, BOX & COAL HEATING & DOUBLE STOVES.
 EXTRA CASTINGS FOR STOVES. STOVES REFITTED.

PLOUGHS & PLOUGH-SHARES OF ALL KINDS.

Yours truly,

H. BOYLE, Agt.,

In Wm. Miller's Old Stand, Opposite Webster & Boyes.
 Napanee, Nov. 14th, 1877.

"The Proof of the Pudding is in the Eating."

But it is only necessary for parties wanting either

COOKING STOVES, for Coal or Wood,
 PARLOR STOVES, for Coal or Wood,
 BOX STOVES or HALL STOVES,

To see our Stock to be Convinced that we have, the

Best Stoves in the Market.

Our "ST. GEORGE" Cooking Stoves,
 And "SPLENDID" Hall and Parlor Stoves,

Are not equalled by any Stoves in Canada. Come and see, and be convinced.

ALWAYS ON HAND, A LARGE STOCK OF

STOVE PIPES, ELBOWS, DAMPER PIPES,
 TEE PIPES, DUMB PIPES, GALLOWS PIPES,
 EXTRA STOVE CASTINGS, &c., &c.

Our Stock is very Large and Complete, and Prices Lower than the Lowest.

Our Stock of Hardware is the Largest in the County, and our Prices ROCK
 BOTTOM.

WRIGHT & Co.

Napanee, Nov. 14th, 1877.

GROCERIES ON HAND,

SUCH AS

Tea, Sugar, Butter, Eggs,
 Syrups, Vinegar, & c.,

and the general wants of the public.

Remember the place, one door east, corner o
 Dundas and West streets, Napanee.

25 tf NEIL SHANNON.

LAW WORK A SPECIALITY

Assessment Blanks,
 Auction Bills,
 Articles of Agreement,
 Briefs,
 Bill Heads,
 Ball Programmes,
 Bills of Fare,
 Circulars,
 Chancery Bills,
 Cards,
 Catalogues,
 Debentures

Dodgers,
 Date Lines,
 Envelopes,
 Exhibition Bills,
 Funeral Circulars,
 Financial Reports,
 Headings,
 Horse Bills,
 Indentures,
 Invitations

Letter Headings,
 Law Forms,
 Lawyers' Briefs,
 Labels,
 Monthly Statements,
 Mourning Cards,
 Municipal Forms,
 Note Headings,
 Notarial Circulars

Pbituary Notices,
 Pamphlets,
 Posters,
 Programmes,
 Promissory Notes,
 Receipt Books,
 Shipping Tags,
 Statements,
 Sale Bills,
 Tickets,

Tax Collectors Rolls,
 Tax Receipts,
 Visiting Cards,
 Voters' Lists,
 Wheat Receipts,
 Wedding Cards.

ALL THE ABOVE

PRINTED WITH DESPATCH

AT THE

"EXPRESS" OFFICE.

ANY AMOUNT OF TARIFF POLICIES BUT NO DEFINITE ONE.

When Sir John Macdonald in his recent speech at Hamilton declined to tell Mr. Gurney what amount of Protection he was prepared to give to Canadian manufactures, he in one sense proved himself a political charlatan. He showed by his answer that in spite of all his protectionist speeches, in the face of the fact that he has or ought to have read the evidence given by manufacturers before committees of the House, and though he has been personally interviewed by manufacturers in all sections of Ontario and Quebec, he is at the present moment either so grossly ignorant of the condition and need of our industries that he cannot tell what tariff aid they require, or is so fully resolved not to pledge himself to anything definite that he will not make any specific promise to those whose support he clamors for. A man occupying his position who makes such a confession is guilty of gross ignorance or of unpardonable duplicity. But from one point of view what he then said was sound doctrine. It was in substance that different manufacturers and different employments required different methods of treatment. That is the principal we have all along contended for and called upon both the manufacturers and Sir John, as the leader of a political Protectionist movement, to say what Protection each industry needs, why it needs it and what the result will probably be to the capitalist, the workman, and the consumer, in case it is granted. The difference on this point between us is this: We insist that Sir John shall show definitely what he means by Protection, what industries he intends to specially protect, and to what extent, before he receives the confidence of those most closely interested in this question, while he contends that he must be placed in power first, without any definite declaration of his intentions in the matter, and the whole question left in trust to him. Who are they who are so unwise as to trust him, remembering, as they must, that it was he who reduced the tariff to 15 per cent.; that it was he who (when firmly in power) told a deputation of Western manufacturers, that if the existing tariff did not suit them they might go home and close their workshops for all he cared, and that it was he who after pledging himself to a Protective policy in 1872, and, securing his continuance in power by means of that and Sir Hugh Allan's money, went back to Ottawa and left the tariff just as it was. Is it one with a record like this who is to be entrusted with the fostering of Canadian industries, when all he had to say at Hamilton was, that after he is made Premier he will look into the matter and grant sufficient protection—that "sufficient" protection being just what will be sufficient to keep him in power, whether it be a 12½, a 15 or 20 per cent. tariff.

It is true Sir John is committed to the principle of protecting home industries. So far that matter is Mr. Mackenzie, only the latter gentleman thinks that with a 17½ per cent. incidentally protective tariff, the revival of trade caused by the splendid harvest of the year and the comparatively light taxation which the people of Canada have to bear, the Canadian manufacturer and the Canadian workmen have golden days before them, such as highly protected States will have long to wait for. And the facts that come to hand show Mr. Mackenzie's estimate to be proving true to some extent, at least. For instance the Hamilton correspondent of the *Globe* says to day of Hamilton—what in substance journals in all parts of the Dominion are saying of their several localities:

A visit to several of the leading manufacturing establishments of the city to-day enables me to corroborate my remarks made some time ago as to the revival of trade. Most of the manufacturers visited are running at full time, and with the full complement of hands. In more than one instance I was informed that the orders on hand exceed the current capacity of the works

proach to detail what industries he purposes dealing with and in what manner, before he is entrusted with office.

By the way, should Sir John reach power, Dr. Tupper—if the quarrel between them is not so serious—will be his Finance Minister. As Finance Minister it will be his special province to deal with tariff questions. How is it then that, amid the loud outcry of the Tory protectionists, the supposed prospective Finance Minister has never once dealt with the alleged faults of the present tariff—nor in a single instance declared in what particulars and in what direction he would amend it had he the power. Is he attempting to rival the Chieftain in mingled ignorance and duplicity? or is he quietly awaiting the hour when, on his return from the Mediterranean, he shall hoist the Free Trade banner in the Maritime Provinces, in revenge for those crazy Protectionist speeches through which the Chieftain has inflicted so heavy a blow on him in Nova Scotia.—*Times*.

Wreck of the Canadian Schooner "Magellan."

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Further news has been received to-day concerning the loss of the ill-fated schooner *Magellan*, of St. Catharines, which left this port for Toronto with a load of twenty thousand bushels of corn on Tuesday last. The vessel was damaged before leaving port by a collision with one of the city barges, and thus was in a measure less able to weather the terrific storms last week. She was seen in distress off Two Rivers, Michigan, and undoubtedly sank with all on board during the storm on Thursday last.

The beach near Manitowoc, Wisconsin, is covered for the space of five miles with corn, and four bodies have already been washed ashore. Papers found on the bodies bear the names of H. P. Larson, Glasgow; P. Tait, of Quebec; and a tinsmith of a lady with the name of Mrs. D. L. Marshall, Clayton, N. Y. Part of the body of a woman, supposed to be the female cook, has also been washed ashore, together with a portion of a woman's dress. The bodies when found were all frozen hard. A coroner's inquest is now taking evidence.

The *Magellan* was commanded by Captain John Belyea, of St. Catharines, and his brother. The rest of the crew were from Sarnia. The vessel was not insured. Her cargo was insured for \$11,000. The Canadian schooner *Mary Merritt*, that left at the same time as the *Magellan*, put back to port.

Anecdote of Lincoln.

"One day," said Mr. Lincoln, "when I first came here, I got into a fit of musing in my room, and stood resting my elbows on the bureau. Looking into the glass, it struck me what an awful ugly man I was. The fact grew on me; and I made up my mind that I must be the ugliest man in the world. It so maddened me that I resolved, should I ever see an uglier I would shoot him at sight. Not long after this Andy— (naming a lawyer present) 'came to town, and the first time I saw him I said to myself, 'There's the man' I went home, took down my gun, and prowled around the streets waiting for him. He soon came along. 'Halt Andy,' said I, pointing my gun at him. 'Say your prayers, for I'm going to shoot you.'"

"Why, Mr. Lincoln, what's the matter? what have I done?"

"Well, I made an oath that if I ever saw a man uglier than I am, I'd shoot him on the spot. You are uglier, sure; so make ready to die."

"Mr. Lincoln, do you really think I'm uglier than you?"

"Yes."

"Well, Mr. Lincoln," replied Andy, deliberately, and looking me squarely in the face, if I am any uglier, fire away!"

"Among American Reviews the INTERNATIONAL is always conspicuous."—*ACADEMY, New York*.

"Will not suffer by comparison with the best foreign quarterlies."—*CHURCHMAN, New York*.

"Not equalled by any of its contemporaries, home or foreign, in spirit, style, or ability."—*INTERIOR, Chicago*.

"This is the leading Magazine of America."—*ELGIN COURANT, England*.

1878 THE 1878

International Review.

Between the Quarterlies and the Monthlies SIX TIMES A YEAR.

I. The chief object of this Review is to supply the demand for a non-partisan and international literature. In politics and religion the Review will subvert the interest of no sect or party. The Review will aim to discuss, in a vigorous, interesting and impartial manner, both sides of many of the important literary, scientific, social, political and religious questions of the day.

II. It brings to its pages the best talent of Europe and America, and seeks to be a medium of communication between representative thinkers of every nation.

III. The interests and union of the many foreign elements that constitute American society are a very important part of the work assumed by the INTERNATIONAL REVIEW.

IV. Like the Quarterlies, it addresses scholars, and like the Monthlies, aims to be of value to practical men in business and the professions, and of interest to the members of the family.

V. Each number contains fresh and reliable notices of important new American and European books.

VI. The Art Department will be conducted by Mr. Phillip Gilbert Hamerton.

VII. Editorial comments upon the course of events at home and abroad, having special reference to the interests of the United States, are given in, and add strength and timeliness to every issue.

VIII. The success of the INTERNATIONAL REVIEW is made to depend upon a comprehensive plan, solid merit, and adaption in style and subject to the age in which we live.

ALL ARTICLES ARE ORIGINAL.

SOME OF THE CONTRIBUTORS:

WM. CULLEN BRYANT, U. States of America.
Hon. C. F. ADAMS, Sr. "
Ex-Pres. TH. D. WOOLSEY, "
Pres. NAH P. DUBOISE, "
Pres. JAMES MCCOSH, "
Prof. A. P. PEARBODY, "
Mr. JUSTICE STRONG, "
Prof. J. E. HILGARD, "
E. P. WHITTIER, "
Dr. FRANCIS WHARTON, "
THEODORE DWIGHT, "
Hon. JOHN BIGELOW, "
H. H. BOYSEN, "
E. A. WASHBURN, "
BAYARD RUSTEN, "
DAVID A. WELLS, "
Hon. T. M. COOLEY, "
Hon. A. H. STEVENS, "
Gen. F. A. WALKER, "
Hon. JOHN JAY, "
Hon. CARL SCHURZ, "
Principal J. W. DAWSON, Canada.
WALTER BESANT, England.
CHAS. TENNYSON TURNER, England.
DEAN SMITH, of Canterbury, England.
DEAN STANLEY, of Westminster, England.
Professor WM. B. CARPENTER, England.
Professor E. H. PALMER, England.
PHILIP GILBERT HAMERTON, England.
EDWARD A. FREEMAN, England.
Prof. W. S. JEVONS, England.
THOMAS HUGHES, M. P., England.
WILKIE COLLINS, England.
JAMES H. RIGG, England.
Professor EDWARD LABOULAYE, France.
M. ERNEST NAVILLE, France.
M. SPULLER, Do. France.
Pasteur EUGENE BERTIER, France.
Professor ERNEST CURTIUS, Germany.
Dr. CARL ABEL, Germany.
Baron F. VON HOLTZENDORF, Germany.
Professor AUGUST VOGEL, Germany.
Professor J. E. DORNER, Germany.
Professor R. BONGHI, Italy.
Professor A. DEGUERNATI, Italy.
Princess DORA D'ISTRIA, Italy.
Madame VILLARI, Italy.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

Price, \$5.00 Per Annum.

New York: A. S. BARNES & Co.,
111 & 113 William Street.
London: TRUBNER & Co.,
57 & 59 Ludgate Hill.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

UNION BAKER

SPECIAL NOTICE

I beg to call the attention of the public Union Bakery, where you will find always on hand an abundant stock of

Bread, Cake, Biscuit and Confectionery.

All orders promptly attended to. We make a speciality. Icing done in the most manner.

In addition to my Bakery, will keep a large assortment of

Groceries on Hand

SUCH AS

Tea, Sugar, Butter, & Syrup, Vinegar, &c.

and the general wants of the public. Remember the place, one door east, on Dundas and West streets, Napanee.

25 tf NEIL SHANNON

Important Notice

\$2,000 WORTH OF New Bankrupt Stock

JUST ARRIVED AT

MEAGHER'S

Come and See. We are determined. Cheaper than can be bought in a regular Wholesale.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

COTTON AND WINCEY SHIRT

PRINTS AT 5c. A YARD

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS

Good Black Lustres at 15c. a yard

Boots and Shoes, Ready-made Clothing. Remarkably Cheap.

Mens' Long Boots, \$3 Worth, \$2.50.

Boys' Long Boots 70c. worth

200 OVERCOATS

From \$5.00 to \$15.00.

Every Line of Goods to be sold at Cost.

Don't fail to call and inspect before you purchase. 25-tf MEAGHER BROS.

Land PLASTER

Now grinding and ready for

Superior Fine Ground

Land Plaster

AT THE LOW RATE OF

\$5 per Ton, or 25 cts. per Hundred. ALL orders left at the Mill, or at the Woolen Factory, for William Lasher's Water Lime, or Quick Lime, be promptly attended to. Lime delivered when required. No Credit.

JAMES PERRIN
Napanee, March 5th, 1877.

was new to them when they were in power, and a deputation of Western manufacturers, that if the existing tariff did not suit them they might go home and close their workshops for all he cared, and that it was he who after pledging himself to a Protective policy in 1872, and securing his continuance in power by means of that and Sir Hugh Allan's money, went back to Ottawa and left the tariff just as it was. Is it one with a record like this who is to be entrusted with the fostering of Canadian industries, when all he had to say at Hamilton was, that after he is made Premier he will look into the matter and grant sufficient protection—that "sufficient" protection being just what will be sufficient to keep him in power, whether it be a 12½, a 15 or 20 per cent. tariff.

It is true Sir John is committed to the principle of protecting home industries. So for that matter is Mr. Mackenzie, only the latter gentleman thinks that with a 17½ per cent. incidentally protective tariff, the revival of trade caused by the splendid harvest of the year and the comparatively light taxation which the people of Canada have to bear, the Canadian manufacturer and the Canadian workmen have golden days before them, such as highly protected States will have long to wait for. And the facts that come to hand show Mr. Mackenzie's estimate to be proving true to some extent, at least. For instance the Hamilton correspondent of the *Globe* says to day of Hamilton—what in substance journals in all parts of the Dominion are saying of their several localities:

A visit to several of the leading manufacturing establishments of the city, to-day enables me to corroborate my remarks made some time ago as to the revival of trade. Most of the manufacturing concerns are running on full time, and with the full complement of hands. In more than one instance I was informed that the orders on hand exceeded the capacity of the works by several weeks, and that in all probability the ordinary working hours would have soon to be increased to twelve or even fifteen in order to meet the pressure. The stove trade is at present exceptionally brisk, and judging from the immense truck loads seen passing most continuously along the streets, the traffic in this particular branch must be very great.

It may be said that this comes from a prejudiced source. If this is contended, our columns are open to any Hamilton manufacturer who, over his own signature will say that his business is suffering from causes which the Government can remove. Such an one's cause we shall readily advocate. On the other hand, we clip the following from the Boston *Journal* of a few days ago. Under the head of "Hard Times for American Shoe Operators" the *Journal* says:—

Never before in the history of Lynn, as a shoe manufacturing city, has the business been so dull as at present. The period following the 4th of July until the 1st of October has always been considered the busiest for shoe operatives; but the present year is an exception, and unless business picks up there will be much suffering during the ensuing winter. The majority of shoe manufacturers have already filled their orders, and have commenced to discharge employees. Over 300 men have been discharged during the past week, some manufacturers discharging as many as 40 at one time.

Compare the two statements, and then say whether the moderate protection we enjoy in Canada has worked on our operatives such evil as has the extravagant protectionism of the United States (which Sir John desires to imitate) brought on the workingman of that country.

But, to return to Sir John's adoption of the "principle" of protection, about which so much has been said. It appears to have even disturbed the balance of mind of shrewd and sensible business men. One of them in this city, a leading manufacturer, recently said that the existing tariff was quite high enough for him, but that he would favor Sir John because he wanted the tariff based on the protective "principle." If this be the general feeling, then should Sir John attain power his task will be a wonderfully easy one. It will simply be to pass an Act declaring that "whereas the existing 17½ tariff is considered to be and is called a revenue one and only incidentally protective, therefore Her Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada enacts that the said 17½ per cent. tariff be continued, but that it shall henceforth be denominated by all Her Majesty's subjects a 'Protective tariff,' and not a revenue one." What a splendid statement!

dress. The bodies when found were all frozen hard. A coroner's inquest is now taking evidence.

The *Magellan* was commanded by Captain John Belyea, of St. Catharines, and his brother. The rest of the crew were from Sarnia. The vessel was not insured. Her cargo was insured for \$11,000. The Canadian schooner *Mary Merritt*, that left at the same time as the *Magellan*, put back to port.

Anecdote of Lincoln.

"One day," said Mr. Lincoln, "when I first came here, I got into a fit of musing in my room, and stood resting my elbows on the bureau. Looking into the glass, it struck me what an awful ugly man I was. The fact grew on me; and I made up my mind that I must be the ugliest man in the world. It so saddened me that I resolved, should I ever see an uglier I would shoot him at sight. Not long after this Andy— (naming a lawyer present) 'came to town, and the first time I saw him I said to myself, 'There's the man' I went home, took down my gun, and prowled around the streets waiting for him. He soon came along. 'Halt Andy,' said I, pointing my gun at him. 'Say your prayers, for I'm going to shoot you.'"

"Why, Mr. Lincoln, what's the matter? what have I done?"

"Well, I made an oath that if I ever saw a man uglier than I am, I'd shoot him on the spot. You are uglier, sure; so make ready to die."

"Mr. Lincoln, do you really think I'm uglier than you?"

"Yes."

"Well, Mr. Lincoln," replied Andy, deliberately, and looking me squarely in the face, if I am any uglier, fire away!"

—EDITOR'S DRAWER, in *Harper's Magazine* for December.

Atlantic Cable.

The bill introduced by Loring aiding the establishment of additional telegraphic communication between the United States and Europe proposes to give the American Cable Company, in consideration of the free transmission of Government messages, their preference in point of time, and for a reduction of two-thirds on the present tolls the exclusive right to land ocean cables on the Atlantic coast for eight years after the cables have been working between the city of New York and England and France. The rates are to be reduced to 20 cents a word. At the expiration of eight years to 17c, in twelve years to 15c, and after fifteen years to 10c.

Cut This Out!—Croup can be cured in one minute, and the remedy is simply alum and sugar. The way to accomplish the deed is to take a knife or grater, and shave off in particles about a teaspoonful of alum; then mix it with twice its quantity of sugar, to make it palatable, and administer it as quickly as possible. Almost instantaneous relief will follow.

MONEY ORDER SYSTEM.—An additional agreement between the Postal Department of Canada and the United States, is published, bearing date the 22nd Oct., and providing that: "To facilitate the exchange of money orders between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, it is agreed that all money orders mailed at the Exchange Offices in the United States and addressed to payees in the Dominion of Canada shall be transmissible in the mails between the two countries free of postage."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets

SIZE OF PELLETS.

Or Sugar-Coated, Concentrated, Root and Herbal Juice, Anti-Bilious Granules. THE "LITTLE GIANT" CATHARTIC, or Miltum in Parvo

E. F. WHIPPLE, " "
Dr. FRANCIS WHARTON, " "
THEODORE DWIGHT, " "
Hon. JOHN BIGLOW, " "
H. J. BOYSEN, " "
E. A. WASHBURN, " "
BAYARD TAYLOR, " "
DAVID A. WELLS, " "
Hon. T. M. COOLEY, " "
Hon. A. H. STEVENS, " "
Gen. F. A. WALKER, " "
Hon. JOHN JAY, " "
Hon. CARL SCHURZ, " "
Principal J. W. DAWSON, Canada. "
WALTER BESANT, England. "
CHAS. TENNYSON TURNER, England. "
DEAN SMITH, of Canterbury, England. "
DEAN STANLEY, of Westminster, England. "
Professor WM. B. CARPENTER, England. "
Professor E. H. PALMER, England. "
PHILIP GILBERT HAMPTON, England. "
EDWARD A. FREEMAN, England. "
Prof. W. S. JEVONS, England. "
THOMAS HUGHES, England. "
THOMAS BRASSE, M. P., England. "
WILKIE COLLINGS, England. "
JAMES H. RIGG, England. "
Professor EDWARD LABOULAYE, France. "
M. ERNEST NAVILLE, France. "
M. SPULLER, Dep. France. "
Pastour EUGENE BERLIER, France. "
Professor ERNST CULIY'S, Germany. "
Dr. CARL ABEL, Germany. "
Baron F. VON HOLTZENDORF, Germany. "
Professor AUGUST VOGEL, Germany. "
Professor J. E. DORNER, Germany. "
Professor R. BUNGLI, Italy. "
Professor A. DUGIBERNATIS, Italy. "
Princess DORA D'ISTRIA, Italy. "
Madame VILLARI, Italy. "

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

Price, \$5.00 Per Annum.

New York: A. S. BARNES & Co., 111 & 113 William Street.

London: TRUBNER & Co., 57 & 59 Ludgate Hill.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the world."

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The veteran *Magazine*, which long ago outgrew its original title of the *New Monthly Magazine*, has not in the least abated the popularity it won at the outset, but has added to it in many ways, and has kept fairly abreast of the times, thanks to the enterprise of the publishers and the tact and wisdom of its editors. For whatever is best and most readable in the literature of travel, discovery, and fiction, the average reader of to-day looks to *Harper's Magazine*, just as expectantly as did the reader of a quarter of a century ago; there is the same admirable variety of contents and the same freshness and suggestiveness in its editorial departments now as then. —*Boston Journal*.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year.....\$4.00

\$4.00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAAR, to one address for one year, \$4.00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, \$7.00; postage free.

An Extra Copy of the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at \$4.00 each, paid for by one remittance; or, Six Copies one year, without extra charge, for \$20.00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Volumes of the *Magazine* commence with the Number for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 55 Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for \$2.25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, \$3.00. Cloth cases, for binding, 5c each, by mail, postpaid.

A Complete Analytical Index to the first Fifty Volumes of HARPER'S MAGAZINE has been published, rendering available for reference the vast and varied wealth of information which constitutes this periodical a perfect illustrated literary encyclopedia. 8vo, Cloth, \$3.00; half-Cloth, \$2.25. Sent postage prepaid.

Subscriptions received for Harper's Periodicals only.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOOD

Good Black Lustres at 15c. a yard

Boots and Shoes, Ready-made Clothi Remarkably Cheap.

Mens' Long Boots, \$1.5 Worth, \$2.50.

Boys' Long Boots 70c. worth \$1.

200 OVERCOATS,

From \$5.00 to \$15.00.

Every Line of Goods to be sold be Cost.

Don't fail to call and inspect before making your purchases. 25-1f MEAGHER BROS

Land PLASTER

Now grinding and ready for use.

Superior Fine Ground Land Plaster,

AT THE LOW RATE OF

\$5 per Ton, or 25 cts. per Hundred

ALL orders left at the Mill, or at A Woolen Factory, for Williams' Lasher's Water Lime, or Quick Lime, be promptly attended to—Lime delivered when required. No Credit.

JAMES PERRY.

Napanee, March 5th, 1877.

1823. SEND FOR 18

THE

New York Observer

The Best Religious and Secular Family Newspaper. \$3 15 a Year, post-paid. Established 1823.

37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

22. SAMPLE COPIES FREE.

GRACE'S SALV.

A Vegetable Preparation, invented in 17th century by Dr. Wm. Grace, Surgeon in James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of the most serious sores and wounds and was regarded by all who knew him as a beneficent. 25c. a box, by mail 30c. For by druggists generally.

AGENTS WANTED

Address BETHW. FOWLE & SONS, Boston, Mass.

PULMON.

is beyond comparison the best remedy for cure of CONSUMPTION (EVEN IN ITS ADVANCED STAGES), Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and derangements of the NERVOUS SYSTEM. Circular containing PARTICULARS OF MANY SUCCESSFUL TREATMENTS, full advice for the treatment of the diseases above mentioned, and certificates of actual cures, will be sent free by mail to all applicants. Address OSCAR MOSES, Sole Proprietor, 18 Cortlandt St New York.

FARM FOR SALE.

FARM of 175 Acres, the most desirable property in the County of Northumberland, for Sale. Being all that portion of lot No. 34 in Concession A, of Village and Township of Brighton, 1 North of the old Kingston Road, and quarter of a mile from the P. O. and centre of the village. Upon the premises are good brick and wooden buildings, large orchard of young and bearing fruit, a beautiful grove of pine and hardy timber; spring creeks, and other advantages which rendered it desirable. Several other good Farms and Villages Properties for sale.

I. O. PROCTOR.

7-1fd4 Brighto

F. LEZOS

RESTAURANT

(Opposite the Tichborne House.)

DR. C. STEVENS,
Box 66, Brockville, Ont.

"Among American Reviews the INTERNATIONAL is always conspicuous."—ACADEMY, New York.

"Will not suffer by comparison with the best foreign quarterlies."—CHURCHMAN, New York.

"Not equalled by any of its contemporaries, home or foreign, in spirit, style, or ability."—LITERATOR, Chicago.

"This is the leading Magazine of America."—ELGIN COURANT, England.

1878 THE 1878 International Review.

Between the Quarterlies and the Monthlies
SIX TIMES A YEAR.

I. The chief object of this Review is to supply the demand for a non-partisan and international literature. In politics and religion the Review will subserve the interest of no sect or party. The Review will aim to discuss, in a vigorous, interesting and impartial manner, both sides of many of the important literary, scientific, social, political and religious questions of the day.

II. It brings to its pages the best talent of Europe and America, and seeks to be a medium of communication between representative thinkers of every nation.

III. The interests and union of the many foreign elements that constitute American society are a very important part of the work assumed by the INTERNATIONAL REVIEW.

IV. Like the Quarterlies, it addresses scholars, and like the Monthlies, aims to be of value to practical men in business and the professions, and of interest to the members of the family.

V. Each number contains fresh and reliable notices of important new American and European books.

VI. The Art Department will be conducted by Mr. Philip Gilbert Hamerton.

VII. Editorial comments upon the course of events at home and abroad, having special reference to the interests of the United States, are given in, and add strength and timeliness to every issue.

VIII. The success of the INTERNATIONAL REVIEW is made to depend upon a comprehensive plan, solid merit, and adaption in style and subject to the age in which we live.

ALL ARTICLES ARE ORIGINAL.

SOME OF THE CONTRIBUTORS :

WM. CULLEN DRYANT, U. States of America.
Hon. C. F. ADAMS, Sr. " "
Ex-Pres. TH. D. WOOLSEY, " "
Pres. NOAH PORTER, " "
Pres. JAMES MCCOSH, " "
Prof. A. P. PEABODY, " "
Mr. JUSTICE, " "
Prof. J. E. HILGARD, " "
E. P. WHIPPLE, " "
Dr. FRANCIS WHARTON, " "
THEODORE DWIGHT, " "
Hon. JOHN BIGLOW, " "
H. H. BOYSEN, " "
E. A. WASHBURN, " "
BAYARD TAYLOR, " "
DAVID A. WELLS, " "
Hon. T. M. COVLEY, " "
Hon. A. H. STEVENS, " "
Gen. F. A. WALKER, " "
Hon. JOHN JAY, " "
Hon. CARL SCHURZ, " "
Principal J. W. DAWSON, Canada.
WALTER DEAN, England.
CHAS. TENNYSON TURNER, England.
DEAN SMITH, of Canterbury, England.
DEAN STANLEY, of Westminster, England.
Professor WM. B. CARPENTER, England.
Professor E. H. PALMER, England.
PHILIP GILBERT HAMERTON, England.
EDWARD A. FREEMAN, England.
Prof. W. S. JEVONS, England.
THOMAS HUGHES, England.
THOMAS BRASSEY, M. P., England.
WILKIE COLLINS, England.
JAMES H. RICE, England.
Professor EDWARD LABOULAYE, France.
M. ERNEST NAVILLE, France.
M. SPULLER, Dep. France.
Pasteur EUGENE BEKLER, France.
Professor ERNST CURTIUS, Germany.
Dr. CARL ABEL, Germany.
Baron F. VON HOLTZENDORF, Germany.
Professor AUGUST VOGEL, Germany.
Professor J. E. DORNER, Germany.
Professor R. BONGHI, Italy.
Professor A. DEGUENATIS, Italy.
Princess DORA D'ISTRI, Italy.
Madame VILLARI, Italy.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

Price, \$5.00 Per Annum.

New York: A. S. BARNES & Co.,
111 & 113 William Street.
London: TRUBNER & Co.
57 & 59 Ludgate Hill.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

Harper's Magazine.
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

UNION BAKERY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

I beg to call the attention of the public to the Union Bakery, where you will find always on hand an abundant stock of

Bread, Cake, Biscuit and Confectionery.

All orders promptly attended to. Wedding Cakes a speciality. Icing done in the neatest manner.

In addition to my Bakery, will keep a general assortment of

Groceries on Hand,

SUCH AS

Tea, Sugar, Butter, Eggs, Syrups, Vinegar, & c.,

and the general wants of the public.

Remember the place, one door east, corner of Dundas and West streets, Napanee.

25 tf NEIL SHANNON.

Important Notice.

\$2,000 WORTH OF
New Bankrupt Stock,
JUST ARRIVED AT
MEAGHER'S.

Come and See. We are determined to sell Cheaper than can be bought in a regular way. Our prices are far below the Wholesale Price.

GREAT BARGAINS IN
COTTON AND WINCEY SHIRTINGS.
PRINTS AT 5c. A YARD.

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

Good Black Lustres at 15c. a yard.

Boots and Shoes, Ready-made Clothing, Remarkably Cheap.

Mens' Long Boots, \$1.50,
Worth, \$2.50.

Boys' Long Boots 70c. worth \$1.50.

200 OVERCOATS,

From \$5.00 to \$15.00.

Every Line of Goods to be sold below Cost.

Don't fail to call and inspect before making your purchases.
25-tf MEAGHER BROS.

Land PLASTER

Now grinding and ready for use.

Superior Fine Ground

Land Plaster,

AT THE LOW RATE OF

\$5 per Ton, or 25 cts. per Hundred. ALL orders left at the Mill, or at the Woollen Factory, for Williams' and Lasher's Water Lime, or Quick Lime, will be promptly attended to—Lime delivered when required. No Credit.

JAMES PERRY.
Napanee, March 5th, 1877. 46.

Crockery & Glassware

AT COST

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

Crockery & Glassware,

WILL BE SOLD AT

Cost and Under

FOR CASH,

As we intend going out of that line.

Call and Secure Bargains.

Cash Paid for Butter and Eggs.

SMITH & ANDERSON.

Mitchell's Belladonna Improved India Rubber Porous Plaster.

There never has been a time when the healing of so many different diseases has been caused by outward application as the present. It is an undisputed fact that over half of the entire population of the globe resort to the use of ordinary plasters.

The principal ingredients used in making these Plasters are Gum Olibanum—or better known as the Frankincense of the Bible—Rubber and Burgundy Pitch, which, when scientifically compounded, is full of electricity, and when combined with the pure medicinal gums, is found to be one of the greatest healing mediums ever brought before the human race.

They are acknowledged by all who have used them to act quicker than any other Plaster they ever before tried, and that one of these Plasters will do more real service than a hundred of the ordinary kind. All other plasters are slow of action, and require to be worn continually to effect a cure; but with these it is entirely different; the instant one's applied the patient will feel its effect.

They possess all the soothing, warming, supporting and strengthening qualities of all other Plasters. Many who have been relieved of RHEUMATISM, TIC DOLOREUX, and various other pains in the KIDNEYS, BREAST or SIDE, and believe it is solely due by the electrical qualities which the Porous Plasters contain, and which is imparted to the system, thus restoring them to a healthy condition.

They are very soft and pliable, still very adhesive, and a sure cure for WEAIR BACKS, PAINS IN THE SIDE AND BREAST; and are invaluable to those who have a COLD of long standing, and often prevents CONSUMPTION. Some even tell us they believe they were entirely cured by the use of them of a long-standing Consumption.

Prepared by GEO. E. MITCHELL, Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. 19-1v

Will Cure Consumption.

TO all suffering from the following diseases a ray of hope is offered through the kindness of an missionary friend who has sent me the formula of a pure vegetable medicine which has long been used by the native medicine men of Hindostan:—for the positive and radical cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Throat, and Lung difficulty, General Debility, Loss of Manhood and all Nervous Affections, its power has been tested in hundreds of cases without a failure. I now feel it my sacred duty as far as possible to relieve human misery and will send the recipe—FREE OF CHARGE—to any person who may desire it with directions for using. Sent by return mail by addressing with 2 stamps naming this paper, Dr. O. R. Brigham, Drawer 28, Utica, N. Y. 19-1v.

GLOBE

Life Assurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

Assets, - - - \$5,000,000

Premium Reserve, \$3,600,000

Income for Year 1876, \$857,000

This company only accepts first-class risks, and is noted for the promptness with which claims are paid.

It offers insurance on the ordinary life as well as the endowment plans, besides those also known as the ten, fifteen and twenty year reserve dividend plan, by which the reserves as well as all other accumulation may be withdrawn at the time specified thereby affording a system of endowment under ordinary life rates.

See prospectus in hands of local agent

H. L. COOK,
General Agent for On
THOS. A. HUFFMAN,
Ag't. for Napanee
Napanee, 15th June, 1877. 8-t

WESTERN
ASSURANCE COMPANY

Incorporated 1851.

CAPITAL, - - - - - \$800,000

With power to increase to \$1,000,000.

FIRE AND MARINE.

HEAD OFFICE: Toronto, Ont.

President,
HON. JOHN MC MURRICH.

CHARLES MAGRATH.

Directors.

JAS. MICHIE, Esq. NOAH BARNHART, Esq.
JOHN FISKE, Esq. ROBT. KEATY, Esq.
A. M. SMITH, Esq. WM. GOODERHAM, Esq.

BARNARD HILDAN, Managing Director
FRED'K G. C. LOVELACE, Secretary.
Wm. BLIGHT, Fire Inspector.
JAMES PRINGLE, General Agent.

Marine Inspector.

Insurance effected at the lowest current rates on Buildings, Merchandise, and other property, against loss or damage by fire.

On Hull Cargo, and Freight against the perils of Inland Navigation.

On Cargo Risks with the Maritime Provinces by sea or steam.

On Ca'goes by steamers to British Ports.
W. V. DETLOF,
Agent for Napanee

Tailoring

HAVING commenced business in the above line on my own account, directly over

Coxall & Paisley's Store,

Where I will be ready to attend to the wants of all who may favor me with a call.

Nice Samples to Select from, and Good Fit Guaranteed.

Cutting Boys' Cloths, & Ladies Jackets

A SPECIALITY.

JAS. BLAIR.

Napanee, Aug. 23th, 1877. 18-

GOOD
ADVERTISING

\$3,250.40 worth of space in various newspapers distributed through thirty states, will be sold at \$700 cash. Accurate insertions guaranteed.

WM. B. CARPENTER, England.
 professor E. H. PALMER, England.
 HILIP GILBERT HAMERTON, England.
 EDWARD A. FREEMAN, England.
 ROF. W. S. JEVONS, England.
 HOMAS HUGHES, England.
 HOMAS BRASSEY, M. P., England.
 ILLIE COLLINS, England.
 AMES H. RIGG, England.
 professor EDWARD LABULAYE, France.
 J. SPULLER, Dep. France.
 asteur EUGENE BERLIER, France.
 professor ERNST CURTIUS, Germany.
 R. CARL ABEL, Germany.
 professor EDWARD L. HOFER, Germany.
 professor AUGUST VOGEL, Germany.
 professor J. E. DORNER, Germany.
 professor R. BONGHIL, Italy.
 professor A. DE GUBERNATIS, Italy.
 princess DORA D'ISTRIA, Italy.
 adame VILLARI, Italy.

OW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

Price, \$5.00 Per Annum.

New York: A. S. BARNES & Co.,
 111 & 113 William Street.
 London: TRUBNER & Co.,
 57 & 59 Ludgate Hill.

Unquestionably the best sustained
 work of the kind in the World."

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The veteran Magazine, which long ago out-
 grew its original title of the *New Monthly Maga-*
zine, has not in the least abated the popularity it
 on at the outset, but has added to it in many
 ways, and has kept fairly abreast of the times,
 thanks to the enterprise of the publishers and
 the tact and wisdom of its editors. For what-
 ever is best and most readable in the literature
 of travel, discovery, and fiction, the average
 reader of to-day looks to *Harper's Magazine*, just
 as expectantly as did the reader of a quarter of a
 century ago; there is the same admirable variety
 of contents and the same freshness and sugges-
 tiveness in its editorial departments now as then.
-Boston Journal.

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United
 States.
 HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year.....\$4.00
 \$4.00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the
 publishers.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY,
 and BAZAR, to one address for one year, \$4.00;
 or two of HARPER'S Periodical, to one address
 for one year, \$7.00; postage free.

An Extra Copy of the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY,
 and BAZAR, will be supplied gratis for every Club of
 FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at \$4.00 each, paid for by one
 emittance; or, Six Copies one year, without ex-
 tra copy, for \$20.00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Volumes of the Magazine commence with
 the Numbers for June and December of each
 year. When no time is specified, it will be un-
 derstood that the subscriber wishes to begin
 with the current Number.

A Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now
 comprising 55 Volumes, in neat cloth binding,
 will be sent by express, freight at expense of
 purchaser, for \$225 per volume. Single volumes,
 by mail, postpaid, \$3.00. Cloth cases, for bind-
 ing, 38 cents, by mail, postpaid.

A Complete Analytical Index to the first Fifty
 volumes of HARPER'S MAGAZINE has been pub-
 lished, rendering available for reference the vast
 and varied wealth of information which consti-
 tutes this periodical a perfect illustrated literary
 yclopedia. 8vo, Cloth, \$3.00; half, \$2.25.
 sent postage prepaid.

Subscriptions received for Harper's Periodi-
 cals only.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement
 without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

WOMAN.

By an immense practice, extending through a
 period of years, having within that time treated
 many thousand cases of those diseases peculiar
 to woman, I have been enabled to perfect a
 most potent and agreeable medicine that meets
 the indications presented by that class of dis-
 eases with positive certainty and exactness.

To designate this natural specific compound,
 I have named it

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

The term, however, is but a feeble expression
 of my high appreciation of its value, based upon
 my own personal observation. As a close ob-
 server, I have, while witnessing its positive re-
 sults in the few special diseases incident to the
 female organism of woman, singled it out as
 the climacteric growing germ of my
 medical career. On its merits, as a posi-
 tive, safe, and effectual remedy for this class
 of diseases, and one that will, at all times and
 under all circumstances, act kindly and in har-
 mony with the laws which govern the female
 system, I am willing to stake my reputation as a
 physician. Nay, even more, so confident am I
 that it will not disappoint the most sanguine
 expectations of a single invalid lady who uses it
 for any of the ailments for which I recommend it
 that I offer and sell it under A POSITIVE
 GUARANTEE. If a beneficial effect is not

200 OVERCOATS,

From \$5.00 to \$15.00.

Every Line of Goods to be sold below
 Cost.

Don't fail to call and inspect before making
 your purchases.
 25-2f MEAGHER BROS.

Land PLASTER

Now grinding and ready for use.

Superior Fine Ground
 Land Plaster,

AT THE LOW RATE OF

\$5 per Ton, or 25 cts. per Hundred.
 ALL orders left at the Mill, or at the
 Woollen Factory, for Williams' and
 Lasher's Water Lime, or Quick Lime, will
 be promptly attended to - Lime delivered
 when required. No Credit.

JAMES PERRY.
 Napanee, March 5th, 1877. 46.

1823. SEND FOR 1878

THE
 New York Observer

The Best Religious and Secular Family News-
 paper. \$3.15 a Year, post-paid.
 Established 1823.

37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.
 22. SAMPLE COPIES FREE.

GRACE'S SALVE.

A Vegetable Preparation, invented in the
 17th century by Dr. Wm. Grace, Surgeon in King
 James' army. Through its agency he cured
 thousands of the most serious sores and wounds,
 and was regarded by all who knew him as a pub-
 lic benefactor of the human race. For sale
 by druggists generally.

AGENTS WANTED.

Address BETH-W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston
 Mass. 22

PULMONA

is beyond comparison the best remedy for the
 cure of CONSUMPTION (EVEN IN ITS ADVANCED
 STAGES), Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and all
 derangements of the NERVOUS SYSTEM. A
 circular containing PARTICULARS of many CASES
 SUCCESSFULLY TREATED, full advice for the treat-
 ment of the diseases above mentioned, and cer-
 tificates of actual cures, will be sent free by
 mail to all applicants. Address OSWALD G.
 MOSES, Sole Proprietor, 18 Cortlandt Street,
 New York. 22.

FARM FOR SALE.

FARM of 175 Acres, the most desirable
 property in the County of Northum-
 berland, for Sale. Being all that portion
 of lot No. 34 in Concession A, of the
 Village and Township of Brighton, lying
 North of the old Kingston Road, and only
 quarter of a mile from the P. O. and the
 centre of the village. Upon the premises
 are good brick and wooden buildings; a
 large orchard of young and bearing trees;
 a beautiful grove of pine and hardwood
 timber; spring creeks, and other advan-
 tages which rendered it desirable. Also
 several other good Farms and Village
 Properties for sale.

L. O. PROCTOR.
 7-464 Brighton.

F. BEZO'S

RESTAURANT,
 (Opposite the Tichborne House.)

Meals or lunch can be obtained on most reason-
 able terms. Board by the day or week.

FRUIT OR GROCERIES

Toys and Fancy Goods, and
 D. D. MALLORY, CELEBRATED OYSTERS,
 Best in the Market.

25-2f F. BEZO.

CATARRH

ion, and require to be worn continually to effect
 a cure; but with these it is entirely different; the
 instant one is applied the patient will feel its ef-
 fect.

They possess all the soothing, warming, sup-
 porting and strengthening qualities of all other
 Plasters. Many who have been relieved of
 RHEUMATISM, TIC DOLOREUX, and various
 other pains in the KIDNEYS, BREAST, or SIDE,
 and believe it is solely done by a COLD of long
 standing, and often prevents CONSUMPTION.
 Some even tell us they believe they were entire-
 ly cured by the use of them of a long-
 seated Consumption.

They are very soft and pliable, still very ad-
 hesive, and a sure cure for WEAK BACKS,
 PAINS IN THE SIDE AND BREAST; and are
 invaluable to those who have a COLD of long
 standing, and often prevents CONSUMPTION.

Some even tell us they believe they were entire-
 ly cured by the use of them of a long-
 seated Consumption.

Prepared by GEO. E. MITCHELL, Lowell,
 Mass. Sold by all Druggists. 19-1

Will Cure Consumption.

TO all suffering from the following diseases a
 ray of hope is offered through the kindness
 of a missionary friend who has sent me the for-
 mula of a pure vegetable medicine which has
 long been used by the native medicine men of
 Hindostan—for the positive and radical cure of
 Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Dys-
 pnoea, Throat and Lung difficulty, General De-
 bility, Loss of Manhood and all Nervous Affec-
 tions. The power has been seen in hundreds of
 cases without a failure. I now feel it my sacred
 duty as far as possible to relieve human misery
 and will send the recipe—FREE OF CHARGE—to
 any person who may desire it with directions for
 using. Sent by return mail by addressing with 2
 stamps naming this paper, Dr. O. R. Brigham,
 Drawer 28, Utica, N. Y. 19-1

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

WE have recently published a new edition of
 Dr. Culvertwell's Celebrated Es-
 say on the radical and permanent cure (with-
 out medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and
 Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage,
 etc., resulting from excesses.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or
 two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, of this admirable Es-
 say clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' suc-
 cessful practice, that alarming consequence
 may be radically cured without the dangerous
 use of internal medicine or the application of
 the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once
 simple, certain and effectual; by means of which
 every sufferer, no matter what his condition may
 be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and rad-
 ically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of
 every youth and every man in the land.

Address
 THE CULVERTWELL MEDICAL CO.,
 41 Ann St., New York.
 Office Box 4586 45-1y.

\$777

It is not easily earned in these
 times, but it can be made in
 three months by anyone
 of either sex, in any part of
 the country who is willing
 to work steadily at the em-
 ployment that we furnish, \$36 per week in
 your own town. You need not be away from
 home over night. You can give your whole time
 to the work or only your spare moments. We
 have agents who are making over \$20 per day.
 All who engage at once can make money fast.
 At the present time money cannot be made so
 easily and rapidly at any other business. It
 costs nothing to try the business. Terms and
 full particulars free. Address at once, H. HALLETT &
 Co., Portland, Maine. 22.

On Hull Cargo, and Freight against the perils
 of Inland Navigation.

On Cargo Risks with the Maritime Provinces
 by sail or steam.

On Cargo goes by steamers to British Ports.
 W. V. DETLOR,
 Agent for Napanee

Tailoring!

HAVING commenced business in the above
 line on my own account, directly over

Coxall & Paisley's Store,

Where I will be ready to attend to the wants of
 all who may favor me with a call.

Nice Samples to Select from, and Good
 Fit Guaranteed.

Cutting Boys' Cloths, & Ladies Jackets

A SPECIALITY.

JAS. BLAIR.

Napanee, Aug. 20th, 1877. 18-6m

GOOD ADVERTISING

\$3,250,40 worth of space in various newspapers
 distributed through thirty states, will be sold for
 \$700 cash. Accurate insertions guaranteed. A
 list of papers giving daily and weekly circulation
 and printed schedule of rates, sent free on ap-
 plication to GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., News-
 paper Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park W, New
 York. 31-1y.



NOTICE is hereby given, that on and after the
 1st day of July next, Shippers or Exporters
 of goods by Vessel, Railway, or any other con-
 veyance to any country or place, outside of the
 Dominion of Canada, must make export entries
 verified by oath at the Custom House, with par-
 ticulars of quantity and value, under a penal-
 ty not exceeding \$200, and no clearance will be
 granted to any vessel until the said entries are
 made and verified.

J. BENSON, Collector.

Custom House, Napanee June 25th, 1877.

PHOSFOZOE,



For Stomach Complaints, General Weakness and
 Pulmonary Affections.

Messrs. Evans, Mercer & Co.:—DEAR SIRS,—I
 can confidently recommend PHOSFOZONE, and
 find my customers speak very highly of its merits.

J. A. HARTE, Chemist.

Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Splendid! Splendid!!

BUY THE BEST!

"SPLENDID" COAL STOVE

Is beyond all question the most Perfect and the

FINEST PARLOR STOVE

EVER INVENTED.

It is the Most Powerful Heater.

It is the Most Economical in Fuel.

It is the Only Stove having a Suspend Sectional FIRE
 POT.

It is the only Stove that does not have to be dismantled
 to put in a new Fire Pot.

any; any to the same admirability variety
ontents and the same freshness and sugges-
ions in its editorial departments now as then.
oston Journal.

TERMS:

face free to all Subscribers in the United
States.
HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year, \$4.00
00 includes payment of U. S. postage by the
lishers.
scriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY,
BAZAAR, to one address for one year, \$4.00;
wo of Harper's Periodical, to one address
one year, \$7.00; postage free.
a Extra Copy of the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, OR
AAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of
SUSCRIBERS at \$4.00 each, paid for by one
itance; or, Six Copies one year, without ex-
copy, for \$20.00.
ack Numbers can be supplied at any time.

to Volumes of the Magazine commence with
Numbers for June and December of each
r. When no time is specified, it will be un-
dstood that the subscriber wishes to begin
the current Number.

Complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now
prising 55 Volumes, in neat cloth binding,
to sent by express, freight at expense of
huyer, for \$2.25 per volume. Single volumes,
nail, postpaid, \$3.00. Cloth cases, for bind-
55 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Complete Analytical Index to the first Fifty
umes of HARPER'S MAGAZINE has been pub-
lished, rendering available for reference the vast
wealth of information which consti-
utes this periodical a perfect illustrated literary
opelium. 8vo, Cloth, \$3.00; half, \$2.50.
t postage prepaid.

criptions received for Harper's Periodi-
only.

ewspapers are not to copy this advertisement
ut the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

dress HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

WOMAN.

ly an immense practice, extending through a
od of years, having within that time treated
ny thousand cases of those diseases peculiar
woman, I have been enabled to perfect a
t potent and agreeable medicine that meets
indications presented by that class of dis-
ases with positive certainty and exactness.
o designate this natural specific compound,
ave named it

Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

he term, however, is but a feeble expression
ny high appreciation of its value, based upon
own personal observation. As a close ob-
er, I have, while witnessing its positive re-
sults in the few special diseases incident to the
arate organism of woman, singled it out as
e climax or crowning gem of my
edical career. On its merits, as a posi-
e, safe, and effective remedy for this class
diseases, and one that will, at all times and
er all circumstances, act kindly and in har-
ny with the laws which govern the female
tem, I am willing to stake my reputation as a
eician. Nay, excessive more, so confident am I
t it will not disappoint the most sanguine
pectations of a single invalid lady who uses it
y of the ailments for which I recommend it,
t I offer and sell it under A POSITIVE
IARANTEE. If a beneficial effect is not
erience by the time two-thirds of the con-
ts of the bottle are used, I will, on return of
ottle, two-thirds of the medicine having
n taken according to directions, and the case
e one for which I recommend it, promptly
und the money paid for it. Had I not the
t perfect confidence in its virtues, I could not
t it as I do under these conditions; but hav-
witnessed its truly miraculous cures in thou-
ds of cases, I feel warranted and
rectly satisfied in risking both my
putation and my money on its
its.

he following are among those diseases in
ch my Favorite Prescription has
ked cures, as if by magic, and with a cer-
ty never before attained by any medicine:
corrhoea, Excessive Flowing, Painful
atly Periods, Suppressions when from un-
ural causes, Irregularities, Weak Back, Pro-
nus, or falling of the Uterus, Anteversion and
version, Bearing Down Sensations, Inter-
ment, Nervous Depression, Debility, De-
endency, Threatened Miscarriage, Chron-
gestion, Inflammation and Ulceration of the
rus, Impotency, Barrenness, or Sterility, Fe-
e Weakness, and very many other chronic
ases incident to woman not mentioned here.
all affections of this nature, my Favorite
scription works cures—the marvel of
world. This medicine I do not extol as a
-all, but it admirably fulfills a single-
e of purpose, being a most perfect
e in all chronic diseases of the sexual sys-
tem of woman. It will not disappoint, nor will
o harm, in any state or condition.

ose who desire further information on
e subjects can obtain it in THE PEOPLE'S
MOX SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER, a book
ver 500 pages, sent, post-paid, on receipt
1.50. It treats minutely of those diseases
lar to Females, and gives much valuable
e in regard to the management of those
tions.

**AVORITE PRESCRIPTION SOLD
ALL DRUGGISTS.**

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.
22. SAMPLE COPIES FREE.

GRACE'S SALVE.

A Vegetable Preparation, invented in the
17th century by Dr. Win. Grace, Surgeon in King
James' army. Through the agency he cured
thousands of the most serious sores and wounds,
and was regarded by all who knew him as a public
benefactor. 25c. a box, by mail 30c. For sale
by druggists generally.

AGENTS WANTED.

Address BETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston
Mass.

PULMONA

is beyond comparison the best remedy for the
cure of CONSUMPTION (EVEN IN ITS ADVANCED
STAGES), Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and all
derangements of the NERVOUS SYSTEM. A
circular containing PARTICULARS of MANY CASES
succesfully treated, full advice for the treat-
ment of the diseases above mentioned, and cer-
tificates of actual cures, will be sent free by
mail to all applicants. Address OSCAR G.
MOSES, Sole Proprietor, 18 Cortlandt Street,
New York.

FARM FOR SALE.

FARM of 175 Acres, the most desirable
property in the County of Northum-
berland, for Sale. Being all that portion
of lot No. 34 in Concession A, of the
Village and Township of Brighton, lying
North of the old Kingston Road, and only
quarter of a mile from the P. O. and the
centre of the village. Upon the premises
are good brick and wooden buildings; a
large orchard of young and bearing trees;
a beautiful grove of pine and hardwood
timber; spring creeks, and other advan-
tages which rendered it desirable. Also
several other good Farms and Village
Properties for sale.

I. O. PROCTOR.
7-ft-4d Brighton.

**F. BEZO'S
RESTAURANT,**

(Opposite the Tiebhorne House.)

Meals or lunch can be obtained on most reason-
able terms. Board by the day or week.

FRUIT OR GROCERIES

Toys and Fancy Goods, and
D. D. MALLORY'S CELEBRATED OYSTERS,
Best in the Market.

25-ft. F. BEZO.

CATARRH
CANNOT be cured by Snuffs, Washes,
or Local Applications. Thousands of
cases, some of forty years standing,
have been entirely cured by COVERT'S
TUBULAR CATARRH REMEDY. For sale
in all druggists. Send stamp for Tre-
ctise on Catarrh to
T. J. B. HARDING, BROOKVILLE, OHIO.

Five Years' Sickmess Cured by Four Bottles of Constitutional
Catarrh Remedy. Pain in Shoulders, Back and Lungs,
and Droppings in Throat Disappear.

Mr. T. J. B. HARDING.
Dear Sir,—Being desirous that others may know some-
thing of the merits of your Constitutional Catarrh Remedy,
I wish to inform you what it has done for me. I am 55
years old, had been out of health for about five years. I
had employed three or four different doctors, and tried
various medicines, without receiving any permanent benefit,
but continued rather to grow worse, until last fall, when I
had become so bad as to be unable to do an hour's work at
a time. Had severe soreness and pain under the shoulder
blades and through the shoulders, with very lame back, and
a feeling in my right lung as though there was a weight
resting down, with continual droppings in the throat, and
down upon the lungs. Such was my condition when I com-
menced to take your Catarrh Remedy one bottle of which
I at once found relieved my throat, and gave me an improved appetite, and
after taking four bottles I was restored to health, so as to be
able to secure hard and continued labor, such as chop-
ping and clearing land, at which I have been engaged the
past season. My recovery I attribute solely to your Catarrh
Remedy. I feel sure that your Catarrh Remedy, yours truly,
T. J. B. HARDING. Price \$1 per bottle. HIKED SMILES
ASK FOR MR. BEZO'S CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH
REMEDY AND TAKE NO OTHER.

Consumption Cured.

AN OLD PHYSICIAN, retired from active practice, hav-
ing had placed in his hands by an East India Missionary
the formula of a Vegetable Remedy for the speedy and per-
manent cure of

CONSUMPTION ASTHMA BRONCHITIS CATARRH
and all Throat and Lung Affections; also a Positive and
Reliable Cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Com-
plaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative
powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it
known to his suffering fellow. Actuated by this motive,
and a conscientious desire to relieve human suffering, he
will send a LITTLE OF CHARGE, to all who desire it, this
Remedy, with full directions for preparing and successfully ap-
plying. Sent by return mail at addressing with stamp, name-
ing this paper.

DR. C. STEVENS,
Box 65, Brookville, Ont.

two postage stamps.
The celebrated author, of this admirable Es-
say clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' suc-
cessful practice, that alarming consequence
may be radically cured without the dangerous
use of internal medicine or the application of
the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once
simple, certain and effectual; by means of which
every sufferer, no matter what his condition may
be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radi-
cally.

This Lecture should be in the hands of
every youth and every man in the land.

THE CULVERTWELL MEDICAL CO.,

Office Box 4586 11 Ann St., New York 45-ly.

\$777 is not easily earned in these
times, but it can be made
in three months by any one
of either sex, in any part of
the country who is willing
to work steadily at the em-
ployment that we furnish. \$8 per week in
your own town. You need not be away from
home over night. You can give your whole time
to the work or only your spare moments. We
have agents who are making over \$20 per day.
All who engage at once can make money fast.
At the present time money cannot be made so
easily and rapidly at any other business. It
costs nothing to try the business. Terms and
55 Outfit free. Address at once, H. HALLET &
Co., Portland, Maine.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on and after the
1st day of July next, Shippers or Exporters
of goods, by Vessel, Railway, or any other con-
veyance to any country or place, outside of the
Dominion of Canada, must make export entries
verified by oath at the Custom House, with par-
ticulars of quantity and value, under a penalti-
not exceeding \$200, and no clearance will be
granted to any vessel until the said entries are
made and verified.

J. BENSON, Collector.
Custom House, Napanee June 25th, 1877.

PHOSFOZOE,



For Stomach Complaints, General Weakness and
Pulmonary Affections.

Messrs. Evans, Mercer & Co.—DEAR SIRS,—I
can confidently recommend PHOSFOZONE, and
find my customers speak very highly of its merits.
J. A. HARTE, Chemist.
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Splendid! Splendid!!

BUY THE BEST!

"SPLENDID" COAL STOVE

Is beyond all question the best Perfect and the

FINEST PARLOR STOVE

EVEN INVENTED.

It is the Most Powerful Heater.
It is the Most Economical in Fuel.
It is the Only Stove having a Suspend Sectional FIRE
POT.

It is the only Stove that does not have to be dismounted
to put in a new Fire Pot.

It is the only stove having a Portable Oven, enabling
any party to have an oven put on or taken off at any time
without alteration to the stove.

The "SPLENDID" has many other points of excellence
not possessed by any other Stove, which cannot be given in a
short advertisement.

We hope every person wanting a new Stove will call and
see the "SPLENDID" before purchasing.

WRIGHT & Co.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have received instructions from England, to Lend a large amount of Money,

AT LOWER RATES THAN HAS YET BEEN OFFERED.

CALL IN AND EXAMINE RATES.

NO COMMISSION CHARGED.

WILLIAMS & HOOPER.

IV. 16. 1877.

ery & Glassware

AT COST

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

ery & Glassware,

WILL BE SOLD AT

t and Under

R CASH,

Intend going out of that line.

and Secure Bargains.

Paid for Butter and Eggs.

SMITH & ANDERSON.

Belladonna Improved India Rubber Porous Plaster.

er has been a time when the healing different diseases has been caused by plication as the present. It is an un- st that over half of the entire popula globe resort to the use of ordinary

ing ingredients used in making these Gum Olibanum—or better known as cense of the Bible—Rubber and Bur- h, which, when scientifically com- full of electricity, and when combin- medicinal gums, is found to be entest healing medium ever brought human race.

acknowledged by all who have used quicker than any other Plaster they tried, and that one of these Plasters real service than a hundred of the id. All other plasters are slow of ac- ure to be worn continually to effect with these it is entirely different; the is applied the patient will feel its ef-

ess all the soothing, warming, sup- strengthening qualities of all other. Many who have been relieved of ISM TICDOLOREUX, and various in the KIDNEYS, BREAST or SIDE, it is solely done by the electrical rich the Porous Plasters contain, and parted to the system, thus restoring ealthy condition.

very soft and pliable, still very ad- a sure cure for WEAK BACKS, THE SIDE AND BREAST; and are to those who have a COLD of long id often prevents CONSUMPTION. tell us they believe they were entire- the use of them of them of a long- sumption.

by GEO. E. MITCHELL, Lowell, 11 Druggists. 19-v1

Cure Consumption.

tering from the following diseases a hope is offered through the kindness ary friend who has sent me the for- ure vegetable medicine which has sed by the native medicine men of —for the positive and radical cure of on, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Dys- out and Lung difficulty, General De- of Manhood and all Nervous Affec- over has been tested in hundreds of out a failure. I now feel it my sacred as possible to relieve human misery ad the recipe. FREE OF CHARGE to who may desire it with directions for it by return mail by addressing with 2 aining this paper, Dr. O. R. Brigham, Utica, N. Y. 19-1y.

HEAT CAUSE OF HUMAN

GLOBE

Life Assurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

Assets, - - - \$5,000,000
Premium Reserve, \$3,600,000
Income for Year 1876, \$857,000

This company only accepts first-class risks, and is noted for the promptness with which claims are paid.

It offers insurance on the ordinary life as well as the endowment plans, besides those also known as the ten, fifteen and twenty-year reserve dividend plan, by which the reserves as well as all other accumulations may be withdrawn at the time specified, thereby affording a system of endowment under ordinary life rates.

See prospectus in hands of local agents.

H. L. COOK,
General Agent for Ont.
THOS. A. HUFFMAN,
Agt. for Napanee
Napanee, 15th June, 1877. 8-1f.

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY

Incorporated 1851.

CAPITAL, - - - - - \$800,000
With power to increase to \$1,000,000.

FIRE AND MARINE.

HEAD OFFICE: Toronto, Ont.

P. sidnt.
HON. JOHN McMURRICH.
V. J. J. J.
CHARLES MAGRATH.

Directors.

JAS. MICHIE, Esq. NOAH BARNHART, Esq.
JOHN FISKIN, Esq. ROBT. KEATY, Esq.
A. M. SMITH, Esq. WM. GOODERHAM, Esq.

BARNARD HILDAN, Managing Director
FRED'K G. C. LOVELACE, Secretary.
WM. BLIGHT, Fire Inspector.
JAMES PRINGLE, General Agent.

Insurance effected at the lowest current rates on Buildings, Merchandise, and other property, against loss or damage by fire.

On Hull Cargo, and Freight against the perils of Inland Navigation.

On Cargo Risks with the Maritime Provinces by sail or steam.

On Cargoes by steamers to British Ports.
W. V. DETLOR,
Agent for Napanee

Tailoring

HAVING commenced business in the above line on my own account, directly over

Coxall & Paisley's Store,

Where I will be ready to attend to the wants of all who may favor me with a call.

Nice Samples to Select from, and Good Fit Guaranteed.

Cutting Boys' Cloths, & Ladies Jackets

A SPECIALITY.

JAS. BLAIR.

Napanee, Aug. 20th, 1877. 18-6m

GOOD ADVERTISING

\$3,250.40 worth of space in various newspapers distributed through thirty states, will be sold for \$700 cash. Accurate insertions guaranteed. A list of papers giving daily and weekly circulation and printed schedule of rates, sent free on application to GEO. P. ROWELL & Co. News.

JUST ARRIVED,

—AT—

ROSE & FRALICK'S,

IN THE PERRY BLOCK,

100 CASES of NEW BOOTS & SHOES,

THE BSST AND CHEAPEST IN TOWN.

Come and See Them, as We will not be Undersold.

—o—

ALSO A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

New Hats, Caps, Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, &c.

—o—

BOOTS MADE TO ORDER

ROSE & FRALICK.

21-y1.

A SPECULATION!

—o—

During the dull summer months, the undersigned will sell Furniture, Chairs, &c., at greatly reduced Prices, for Cash or Good Notes.

J. GIBBARD & SON.

alladonna Improved India
er Porous Plaster.

as been a time when the healing
rent diseases has been caused by
tion as the present. It is an un-
at over half of the entire popula-
e resort to the use of ordinary

ingredients used in making these
in Oilbanum—or better known as
se of the Bible—Rubber and Bur-
zhich, when scientifically com-
of electricity, and when combin-
medicinal gums, is found to be
est healing medium ever brought
an race.

nowledged by all who have used
cker than any other Plaster they
d, and that one of these Plasters
d service than a hundred of the
All other plasters are slow of act-
to be worn continually to effect
these it is entirely different; the
plied the patient will feel its ef-

all the soothing, warming, sup-
pmenting qualities of all other
y who have been relieved of
C. TIC DOLOREUX, and various
be KIDNEYS, BREAST or SIDE,
s solely done by the electrical
the Porous Plasters contain, and
ted to the system, thus restoring
by condition.

ys soft and pliable, still very ad-
sure cure for WEAK BACKS,
SIDE AND BREAST; and are
lose who have a COLD of long
ften prevents CONSUMPTION.
us they believe they were entire-
use of them of them of a long-
ption.

GEO. E. MITCHELL, Lowell,
uggists. 19-11

are Consumption.

ng from the following diseases a
is offered through the kindness
friend who has sent me the for-
vegetable medicine which has
by the native medicine men of
or the positive and radical cure of
Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Dys-
and Lung difficulty. General De-
bilitated and all Nervous Affec-
has been tested in hundreds of
failure. I now feel it my sacred
possible to relieve human misery
he recipe. PRICE OF CHANGE—to
o may desire it with directions for
return mail by addressing with 2
g this paper, Dr. O. R. Brigham,
a, N. Y. 19-11.

CAUSE OF HUMAN ERY.

cently published a new edition
Ivertwell's Celebrated Es-
tical and permanent cure (with-
of Nervous Debility, Mental and
acety, Impediments to Marriage,
roun excesses.

a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or
amps.
d author, of this admirable Es-
onstrates, from thirty years' ex-
e, that alarming consequence
ly cured without the dangerous
medicine or the application of
ting out a mode of cure at once
and effectual; by means of which
no matter what his condition may
inself cheaply, privately and radi-

ture should be in the hands of
d every man in the land.

ERTWELL MEDICAL CO.,
11 Ann St., New York.
586 45-11.

is not easily earned in these
times, but it can be made
in three months by any one
of either sex, in any part of
the country who is willing
to work steadily at the en-
we furnish. \$50 per week in
c. You need not be away from
it. You can give your whole time
only your spare moments. We
are making over \$20 per day
at once can make money fast.
time money cannot be made so
lily at any other business. It
o try the business. Terms and
Address at once, H. HALLETT &
Maupe 42.

endid! Splendid!!

BUY THE BEST!

THE
PLENDID" COAL STOVE

Is beyond a question the best Perfect and the

HEAD OFFICE: Toronto, Ont.

P sident.
HON. JOHN McMURRICH.

CHARLES MAGRATH.

Directors.

JAS. MICHIE, Esq. NOAH BARNHART, Esq.
JOHN FISKIN, Esq. ROBT. BEATY, Esq.
A. M. SMITH, Esq. WM. GOODERHAM, Esq.

BARNARD HILDAN, Managing Director
FRED'K G. C. LOVELACE, Secretary.
WM. BLIGHT, Fire Inspector.
JAMES PRINGLE, General Agent.
Marine Inspector.

Insurance effected at the lowest current
rates on Buildings, Merchandise, and other prop-
erty, against loss or damage by fire.

On Hull Cargo, and Freight against the perils
of Inland Navigation.

On Cargo Risks with the Maritime Provinces
by sail or steam.

On Cargoes by steamers to British Ports.
W. V. DETLOR,
Agent for Napanee

Tailoring!

HAVING commenced business in the above
line on my own account, directly over

Coxall & Paisley's Store,

Where I will be ready to attend to the wants of
all who may favor me with a call.

Nice Samples to Select from, and Good
Fit Guaranteed.

Cutting Boys' Cloths, & Ladies Jackets

A SPECIALITY.

JAS. BLAIR.

Napanee, Aug. 29th, 1877. 18-6m

GOOD ADVERTISING

\$3,250.40 worth of space in various newspapers
distributed through thirty states, will be sold for
\$700 cash. Accurate insertions guaranteed. A
set of papers giving daily and weekly circulation
and printed schedule of rates, sent free on ap-
plication to GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., New-
paper Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park w, New
York. 31-11.



NOTICE is hereby given, that on and after the
1st day of July next, Shippers or Exporters
of goods, by Vessel, Railway, or any other con-
veyance to any country or place, outside of the
Dominion of Canada, must make export entries
verified by oath at the Custom House, with par-
ticulars of quantity and value, under a penalty
not exceeding \$200, and no clearance will be
granted to any vessel until the said entries are
made and verified.

J. BENSON, Collector.

Custom House, Napanee June 25th, 1877.

PHOSFOZOE,



For Stomach Complaints, General Weakness and
Pulmonary Affections.

Messrs. Evans, Mercer & Co.—DEAR SIRS,—I
can confidently recommend PHOSFOZONE, and
find my customers speak very highly of its merits.
J. A. HARTE, Chemist.
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A SPECULATION!

During the dull summer
months, the undersigned
will sell Furniture, Chairs,
&c., at greatly reduced
Prices, for Cash or Good
Notes.

J. GIBBARD & SON.



S. G. BEATTY & Co.,

BELLEVILLE, - - Ontario.

S. G. BEATTY. W. R. ROBINSON. J. W. JOHNSON.

Ontario Business College,

Which has been in existence for 10 years, and, during which time

Has Trained Hundreds of Young Men

For Business Life, who are now filling important positions in the community, offers advantages
for obtaining a

COMMERCIAL EDUCATION,

Equal to any Institution in Canada, or the United States. Its several departments are conducted
by thoroughly competent men who teach that which they have learned by actual business experi-
ence, and therefore practically understand.

THE PUBLICATIONS OF THE COLLEGE:

The "Canadian Accountant," "Joint Stock Company Book Keeping," "Beatty's Guide to Elegant
Writing, etc., have obtained a National reputation, and are the productions of the principals of the
College, who are daily engaged, together with their staff of teachers, in the Class and Lecture
Rooms, College Bank, and Merchants Emporium with the Students.

THE COURSE IS SHORT,

because the teaching is thorough and practical, and no pains are spared to give to each student
individually, as well as to the various classes, the personal attention of the teachers.

GOOD BOARD

can be obtained in Belleville at a lower rate than in any other place having a Business College in
Canada or the United States.

For The College Journal, containing full information respecting terms, nature of course, etc.,
and specimens of penmanship, sent free on application.

Address, S. G. BEATTY & Co.,
BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO.

Belleville, September 1877.

19-6m.

ured without the dangerous
 decline or the application of
 outa mode of cure at once
 effected by means of which
 after what this condition may
 be cheaply, privately and radi-
 should be in the hands of
 very man in the land.

TWELF MEDICAL CO.,
 11 Ann St., New York.
 45-ly.

is not easily carried in these
 times, but it can be made
 in three months by any one
 of either sex, in any part of
 the country who is willing
 to work steadily at the en-
 furnish. \$85 per week in
 on need not be away from
 You can give your whole time
 your spare moments. We
 making over \$20 per day.
 once can make money fast.
 money cannot be made so
 at any other business. It
 y the business. Terms and
 dress at once, H. HALLETT &
 45.

of goods, by vessel, railway, or any other con-
 voyance to any country or place, outside of the
 Dominion of Canada, must make export entries
 verified by oath at the Custom House, with par-
 ticulars of quantity and value, under a penalty
 not exceeding \$200, and no clearance will be
 granted to any vessel until the said entries are
 made and verified.

J. BENSON, Collector.
 Custom House, Napanee June 25th, 1877.

PHOSFOZOE,



For Stomach Complaints, General Weakness and
 Pulmonary Affections.

Messrs. Evans, Mercer & Co.:—DEAR SIRS,—I
 can confidently recommend PHOSFOZONE, and
 find my customers speak very highly of its merits.
 J. A. HARTE, Chemist.
 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



S. G. BEATTY & Co.,

BELLEVILLE, - - Ontario.

S. G. BEATTY. W. R. ROBINSON. J. W. JOHNSON.

Ontario Business College,

Which has been in existence for 10 years, and, during which time

Has Trained Hundreds of Young Men

For Business Life, who are now filling important positions in the community, offers advantages
 for obtaining a

COMMERCIAL EDUCATION,

Equal to any Institution in Canada, or the United States. Its several departments are conducted
 by thoroughly competent men who teach that which they have learned by actual business experi-
 ence, and therefore practically understand.

THE PUBLICATIONS OF THE COLLEGE :

The "Canadian Accountant," "Joint Stock Company Book Keeping," "Beatty's Guide to Elegant
 Writing, etc., have obtained a National reputation, and are the productions of the principals of the
 College, who are daily engaged, together with their staff of teachers, in the Class and Lecture
 Rooms, College Bank, and Merchants Emporium with the Students.

THE COURSE IS SHORT,

because the teaching is thorough and practical, and no pains are spared to give to each student
 individually, as well as to the various classes, the personal attention of the teachers.

GOOD BOARD

can be obtained in Belleville at a lower rate than in any other place having a Business College in
 Canada or the United States.

1. The College Journal, containing full information respecting terms, nature of course, etc.,
 and specimens of penmanship, sent free on application.

Address. S. G. BEATTY & Co.,
BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO.

Belleville, September 1877.

19-6m.

ndid ! Splendid !!

UY THE BEST !

**THE
 LENDID" COAL STOVE**

Is beyond all question the cost Perfect and the

INEST PARLOR STOVE

EVER INVENTED.

the Most Powerful Heater.
 the Most Economical in Fuel.
 the Only Stove having a Suspend Sectional FIRE

the only Stove that does not have to be dismantled
 new Fire Pot.

the only stove having a Portable Oven, enabling
 to have an oven put on or taken off at any time
 relation to the stove.

"SPLENDID" has many other points of excellence
 ed by any other Stove, which cannot be given in a
 tisement.

pe every person wanting a new Stove will call and
 "PLENDID" before purchasing.

WRIGHT & Co.

MONEY TO LOAN.

received instructions from England, to Lend a large amount of Money,

R RATES THAN HAS YET BEEN OFFERED.

CALL IN AND EXAMINE RATES.

COMMISSION CHARGED.

WILLIAMS & HOOPER.

SPECIAL NOTICE !

THE SUBSCRIBER IS NOW PREPARED TO

Manufacture and Furnish

AT SHORT NOTICE,

EAVETROUGHING AND PIPING,

AND

All kinds of Ware in my Line

ALSO REPAIRING ALL KINDS OF COPPER AND TINWARE.

HAVE IN STOCK A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

Cooking Stoves, Sinks, Cistern Pumps,

LEAD PIPE AND ZINC.

PLOWS AND PLOW-SHEARS A SPECIALITY.

Give me a Call before purchasing elsewhere, as you will get good value for
 your money.

H. BOYLE, Agt.

Napanee, July 5th,

Wm. Miller's Old Stand.